

PERFUMES.

All the Best Odors. Come
in for a spray of

Phylitis.

LAWRASON & CO.

Wilson U M 20 jan 07

THE NAPAN

Vol. XLV] No 45 -E. J. POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor.

NAPANEE, ONT., CANAD

Proprietors :

J. L. MADILL.

Madill Bros

Proprietors :

J. S. MADILL.

THANKSGIVING DAY, OCTOBER 18th---This store will be closed all day.

ODESSA FAIR.

The fair at Odessa, on Friday brought a great aggregation of people. The streets were "a sight," as this event is the popular thing of the year in the populous township. The exhibits were fine not only of the smaller things of growth, taste, or manufacture in the drill shed, but of fine animals on the grounds. The hotels could not accommodate more than a fraction of the crowd for dinner, so the villagers had the "meals at all hours" system in operation in a number of shops and houses. There was again a rendezvous of militia transport outfit, twenty-seven teams in all and Lieut. Col. Young, with Lieut. Col. Clyde, acting A. D. C., made inspection. Owners were paid the \$3 parade fee. Lieut. Col. Mabey offered two prizes for the best equipped outfits. The winners of these prizes were Messrs Clancy, of Thorpe, and Snider, of Ernest-town.

PRIZE LIST.

CLASS 1—DRAUGHT HORSES

Judges—C A Anderson, L H Stover
Stallion, moved last season or owned in the township—Geo D Simpkins, N O'Neill
Span Horses—Bert Scoutin, C W Neville
3-year-old Gelding or Mare—Ed Johnston

2 year-old Colt—N O'Neill, Thos Prest
1-year-old Colt—P E R Miller, R W Aylesworth

CLASS 2—GENERAL PURPOSE HORSES

Span Horses—Daly Boyce, P E R Miller
3-year-old—Ed Johnston, N O'Neill
2-year-old—D Boyce, Wm Clark
Yearling—D Boyce, P E R Miller
Foal of 1906—R W Aylesworth, J B Smith

CLASS 4—HORSES—ROADSTERS TROTTER OR PACING

Roadster Stallion moved or owned in the Township last season to be shown in harness—Robt Smith, J A Carroll
Single Roadster Horse—Ed Johnston, Harry Jones
3-year-old Gelding or Mare—R W Aylesworth

2-year-old Roadster Colt—J Valentine
1-year-old Roaster Colt—J Valentine J Valentine

CLASS III—CARRIAGE HORSES.

Stallion moved or owned in the Township last season—O. Snider, J B. Smith.
Span carriage horses—J Valentine, A W Snider

Single carriage horse—J A Carroll, John Hagerman
3-year-old gelding or mare—G W Lucas, S G Hogle
2 year-old carriage colt—N O'Neill, S G Hogle

1-year-old carriage colt—N O'Neill
Foal of 1906—J A Carroll

CLASS VI—AYRSHIRE CATTLE.

Judge—G. M. Perry.
Milk cow—C W Neville, 1st and 2nd
Heifer under 2 years—C W Neville, 1st and 2nd

CLASS VII—HOLSTEIN CATTLE.

Bull any age—J Valentine, 1st and 2nd
Cow—J Valentine
Heifer 2 years and under—J Valentine

CLASS VIII—GRADE CATTLE.

Cow—Harry Jones, G W Lucas.
2-year-old heifer—Jas Dawson
Yearling calf—C W Neville, J Valentine

CLASS IX—SWINE.

Judge—Joshua Knight.
Boar, large breed—S G Hogle, C W Neville
Boar, small breed—S G Hogle

LINENS FOR THANKSGIVING !

Never has the Linen Department been in a better position to show all lovers of high class tablewear than this autumn and festive season 1906. We buy direct from the leading manufacturers of Belfast and Glasgow—we save you a middleman's profit by doing so. We carry one of the most select stocks of Table Linens, etc., in Central Ontario, and our prices will convince you as such. Prepare now for Thanksgiving, you may want a new Table Cloth or Napkins, D'Oylies, Centrepieces, Tray Cloths, Carving Cloths, or you may want a Drawn Work Table Cover, Shams, Side Board Scarf, Towels or Towelling, visit this section, if it were only to see the variety.

See the Special Window Display Monday and Following Days.

Stylish Dress Goods....

This season's importations. Again we draw your attention to the advisability of seeing the newest Dress Fabrics. We are proud of the collection, which is of the most exclusive nature. If you are seeking information in regard to styles, materials etc., ask at the Dress Goods section—we are always pleased to inform you, whether you buy or not.

The newest styles in novelty blacks. The newest weaves, plain and fancy blacks. The newest Sheer weaves in silk and wool blacks.

The new Waistings are here. Fancy Cashmere, fancy Albatross and fancy Mohairs, in exclusive patterns.

A beautiful collection of Scotch, French, English and German Tweeds and Novelty Suitings, in plain effects, nobby cheeks and overchecks, shadow plaids, herring bone and fancy weaves, in weights adapted for any purpose, perfect shadings and color blendings.

SATURDAY SPECIALS:

8 doz, only Leather Hand Bags (lined) with neat, small coin purse, in colors of brown, black, green and blue, warranted all leather and regular 75c quality. Special Saturday at 9.30 a.m.

5 doz. Children's and Misses' Camels' Hair 'Tams, just the thing for school girls, in colors of pale blue, brown, myrtle, grey, white, navy and red, sold in the regular way at 50c each. Saturday at 9.30 25c each.



one, warranted in leather and regular 10c quality. Special Saturday at 9.30 a.m.
 5 doz. Children's and Misses' Camels' Hair 'Tams, just the thing for school girls, in colors of pale blue, brown, myrtle, grey, white, navy and red, sold in the regular way at 50c each. Saturday at 9.30 25c each.

Staple Needs for Fall and Winter

The cool fall atmosphere has already been felt, heavier wearing apparel is now in demand. We have already made preparations for it, something extra and out of the ordinary, Cotton Shirts, Union Shirts, Grey, Navy and Stripe Wool Shirts, Military Shirts, and Druggist Shirts, Cottonades and Moleskins, Iso Canton Flannels. Tickings which are guaranteed featherproof.

FURS OF QUALITY.

In the gowning of women, the method of development in so far as concerns the individual, is in truth secondary to the selection of Furs. Therefore the restige of this Fur Store, unquestionably the foremost, is something of which we may well be proud. Nothing worth having, either of Style or quality has escaped us, and we may say with assurance that this great display represents the last word of fashion as regards Furs, for this Fall and Winter. See them, enjoy them, save from them.

READY-TO-WEARS.

TWEED COATS—for wearing now. The popularity of the long Tweed coats is assured—no wonder—most any woman looks well in one, and they're not only becoming but decidedly useful too. Our collection of Tweed Coats has been roundly admired, and the prices seem so low, not only in connection with value, but chiefly because the style is always so rich, distinctive, and elegant—Also the few Norfolk Gofers for Ladis in white, a complete range of sizes.

Ladies', Misses', and Children's Underwear, the noted Watson Unshrinkable brand, all sizes and prices.

Linoleums and Oil Cloths.

House-cleaning time now in vogue, you may need a new floor covering for the dining room or kitchen of Linoleum or Oilcloth. This season's importations are very desirable, exclusive designs and patterns in all widths, especially 8/4, 12/4, and 16/4. New Crotones for lounge and chair coverings. New Draperies, Madras Muslins, Frilled Point-de-Sprit, Etc. Come to-day get our prices.

MADILL BROS.



Gettin' Wisdom

a comparatively easy task if you start it while you are young. Don't allow your children's eyes to be ruined for all time because "they look too 'ded' with glasses on."

We'll tell you the truth as to whether they need glasses or not, and charge you nothing for the telling.

Headaches in children are suspicious. We are also the best people to guarantee the quality of our frames, it being part of our Jewelry business to acquire that ability and knowledge.

F. CHINNECK'S

THE STORE OF QUALITY,
 near Royal Hotel, Napanee.

The boundary line on Lake Erie is being marked by buoys.

I.C.E.

Ice season is here. First comer first served.

S. CASEY DENISON,

No Better Time

to enter College than the present term. Let no opportunity to secure a modern business education escape you. The

Frontenac Business College

Kingston, Ont.

prepares students for those positions paying the highest salaries. Rates very moderate, and all graduates placed in good situations.

The best equipped commercial school in Eastern Ontario.
 Write for Catalogue.

T. N. STOCKDALE, Principal.

Several people were injured at Ottawa by the wall of the old Gilmour Hotel being blown down and falling on a street car.

THE - DOMINION - BANK

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED AND PAID UP \$3,000,000

RESERVE FUND AND UNDIVIDED

PROFITS - - - - - \$3,839,000

TOTAL ASSETS OVER - - - \$42,000,000

Savings Department

Interest paid on deposits of One Dollar and upwards, and compounded half yearly.
 Interest allowed on

Cheese Factory Accounts
 Advances made on Farmers' Sale Notes. Drafts and Letters of Credit issued upon all parts of the world.

DUDLEY L. HILL,

Acting Manager, Napanee Branch.

ALBERT COLLEGE,

Belleville, Ont.

545 students enrolled during college years 1903-6. - 168 young ladies and 175 young men, attendance increased two and one half times in 15 years.

Conservatory and University examination in all departments of Music; graduating courses under full staff of specialists in,—Book-Keeping, Shorthand, Telegraphy, Elocution, Physical Culture, Fine Arts and Domestic Science.

Special attention given to Matriculation and Teachers' Courses: New Pipe Organ and Art Gallery recently added: Gymnasium and large Athletic Grounds. Buildings heated with steam and lighted by Electricity.

Will re-open Tuesday, Sept. 11th, 1906. For calendar or room, address,

PRINCIPAL DYER, D. D:
 Belleville, Ont.

7-year-old heifer—Jas Dawson
 Yearling calf—C W Neville, J Valentine
CLASS IX—SWINE,
 Judge—Joshua Knight.
 Boar, large breed—S G Hogle, C W Neville
 Boar, small breed—S G Hogle
 Brood sow, large breed—S G Hogle, P E R Miller
 Brood sow, small breed—P E R Miller
 Boar pig, 1906, large breed, 3 months or over—S G Hogle
 Boar pig, 1906, small breed 3 months or over—P E R Miller
 Sow 1906, large breed, 3 months or over—S G Hogle, P E R Miller
 Sow, 1906, small breed, 3 months or over—P E R Miller

CLASS X—SHEEP.

Leicester, Cotswold or Dorset Horn,
 Long-wool ram—C W Neville, 1st and 2nd
 Long-wool ram of 1906—C W Neville, J Valentine.

Ewes, long-wool—C W Neville, J Valentine.

Shearling ewes—J Valentine, C W Neville

2 Ewes of 1906—C W Neville, J Valentine.

Shearling ram—J Valentine, 1st and 2nd

CLASS 12—SHEEP—SHROPSHIRE OR OXFORD DOWNS

Judge—J Knight

Ram—Jas Dawson, C W Neville

Ram Lamb—Jas Dawson, C W Neville

Ewes—Jas Dawson, C W Neville

Ewe Lambs of 1906—C W Neville, Jas Dawson

Shearling Ewes—C W Neville, Jas Dawson

Shearling Ram—S G Hogle, Jas Dawson

CLASS XIII—POULTRY

Buff Orpingtons—J C Johnston, D Boyce

Plymouth Rocks—P E R Miller, D Boyce

Fair White Leghorns—P E R Miller, S Denyes

Pair Ducks—D Boyce, S Denyes

Pair Geese—D Boyce 1 and 2

Collection 3 Hens and 1 Rooster, Breeding pen shown in above—D Boyce, J C Johnston

Pair Brown Leghorns—P E R Miller, Jas Dawson

Pair Wyandottes—Daly Boyce J Valentine

Collection of 6 pigeons—S Denyes, S D Hartman

CLASS XIV—GRAIN SEED

Bushel fall wheat—J Valentine, C W Neville

Bushel barley—P E R Miller, Daly Boyce.

Bushel peas—J Valentine, P E B Miller

Bushel oats, white—P E R Miller, L Hartman

Bushel buckwheat—P E R Miller, L Hartman

Half-bushel Clover seed—C W Neville, P E R Miller

Bushel Timothy seed 1906—P E R Miller, Daly Boyce

Peck beans—D Boyce, Wm Clark

Pick corn, even 1 doz ears—R W Aylsworth, J Hagerman

1 doz Evergreen corn—L Hartman

CLASS XV—DAIRY PRODUCTS.

Cheese, not less than 10 pounds—P E R Miller

5 pounds honey in comb—L Hartman

Exhibit honey, extracted—R W Aylsworth L Hartman

Quart, or over Maple syrup, in glass jar—S Denyes, J C Johnston

5 lbs Maple sugar—P E R Miller, D Boyce

Half dozen hen's eggs, by weight—P E R Miller, D Boyce

Butter, not less than 3-lb roll—R W Aylsworth, Harry Jones

Leaf bread—S Denyes, J C Johnston

Continued on page 5

Rapid Travelling

One of the rays of light emitted from Radium is said to travel 40,000 times faster than a bullet. You get the greatest amount of light and the least smoke from our special grade of American Coal Oil. Try one gallon. The Medical Hall, FRED L. HOOPER,

Flowers for Napanee.

The famous Dale Estate florists, the largest on the American continent, will continue their agency at The Medical Hall. Hyacinth bulbs of the choicest variety, field grown Carnations, Roses, Floral designs &c. delivered on shortest notice.

F. L. HOOPER.

THE EXPRESS.

Butter Scotch p'k'g. .05
Rock Candy, lb. 10
Chocolate Chips, lb. 33
Toblers Swiss, p'k'g. .04
Liquorice, 1 lb. Sticks. .15
Chocolate Almonds, pkg. 10

LAWRASON & CO.

\$1 per Year in advance: \$1.50 if not so paid.

DA—FRIDAY, OCTOBER 12th, 1906

NAPANEE MODEL SCHOOL

Honor Roll for September.

Entrance—M. Blewitt, Allie Wheeler, M. Stark, C. Lucas, H. Gordon, C. Fitzpatrick, A. Brown, R. Craig, V. Hambly, G. Dickenson, F. Savage, H. Hardy, O. Mastib, L. Loucks, E. Gleeson, L. VanVolkenburgh, F. Blair, E. Wagar, E. Woodcock.

JR. IV—J. Soby, M. Loucks, M. Hurst, R. Stark, W. Trumper, M. Baughan, E. Richardson, A. Reid, St. Johnston, K. Wilson, N. Dinner, K. Greer, H. Schermerhorn, L. Giroux, C. Duncan, H. Monck, K. Hunter, D. Ham.

SR. III—M. Chalmers, M. Edwards, K. Ham, U. Edwards, N. Root, A. Moore, L. Clancy, G. Metzler, H. Taylor, M. Hart, G. Walker, G. Wilson, G. Bartlett, A. Dickens, A. Anderson, W. Briggs, A. Bland, N. Morden, F. Leonard, E. VanLoven, C. Mills.

JR. III—(a) H. Shannon, K. Greene, H. Frizzell, R. Gordon, H. Daly, I. Wager, D. Miller, B. Wilson, M. McNeill, E. Fralick, C. Mills, G. Mills, G. Miller, L. Vanalstine, S. Herrington, H. Herrington, O. Harshaw, M. Gleeson.

(b) B. Parker, J. Daly, G. Rogers, B. Peterson, G. Eakins, K. Daly, L. Harshaw, F. Cliff, F. Fairbairn, I. Solmes.

II—R. Johnston, H. Chalmers, T. Donoghue, A. Scott, I. Evans, R. Huffman, F. Whitmarsh, R. Bowen, G. Wilson, B. B. Ocher, J. Manion, J. Stevens, A. Castaldi, V. Conway, L. Marchesello, M. Martin.

SR. PT. II—R. Bartlett, H. Evans, E. Cambridge, V. Hall, C. VanVolkenburgh, J. Asselstine, F. Hart, H. Baker, H. Wilson, E. Mitchell, L. Wartman.

JR. PT. II—K. Hill, W. Axford, W. Roy, D. Robinson, G. Frizzell, D. Pizzarello, R. Graham, R. Huffman, M. Lindsay, A. Fralick, M. Hearn, F. VanDusen, PT. I (a) III—I. Bojady, C. Campbell, L. Vanalstine, F. Johnston, G. Greer, F. Miller.

II—G. Weese, J. Woodcock, L. VanVolkenburgh, M. O'Neill, G. Wilson, A. Herrington, W. Carr.

I—C. Scott, E. Foster, L. Madill, A. Dinner, M. Hawley, M. Hurst.

(b)—W. Fralick, M. Root, H. Collier, A. Vanalstine, S. Cronk, M. Wolfe, R. Kelly, E. Kelly.

EAST WARD.

JR. III—F. Pendell, R. Vanalstine, R. Lasher, D. Smith, E. King, H. Bruton, B. Murdoch, O. Knight, E. McMillan, J. Warner, R. Loucks, E. Loucks.

SR. II—H. Baker, M. Mills, G. Warner, V. Perry, M. Laird, A. Bland, J. Simpson, N. Root, N. Giroux, W. Duncan, J. Irving, JR. II—W. Dibb, K. Martin, A. Kelly, L. Trumper, E. Kelly, R. Vanalstine, C. Clarke, W. Kelly, J. Beck, M. Mills, A. Vance, F. Graham, D. Baker, D. Smith, B. Cornwall, L. Pendell.

SR. PT. II—C. Peocord, M. McCabe, R. Kelly, G. No ris.

Grade I—W. Cronin, J. Dibb, D. Hooper, F. Wagar, J. C. Trumppour, A. Morden, A. Wagar, H. Miller, S. Metzger, G. Root, M. Band, E. Couger, G. Wagar, G. Thompson, H. Ward, B. Cowan, W. Mowbray.

LAPUMS WEST.

We are having a gentle foretaste of Winter this week, also plenty of rain.

Last Friday, still another of our older residence was laid to rest, in the person of Smith Peters. He had been an inmate of Rockwood Asylum for a number of years. The cause of death is said to be Heart Failure, he was about 65 years of age. Services were conducted at the house by Rev. Wattam, after which the remains were

F. W. SMITH,
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.
Strictly Private and Confidential.
Smith's Jewellery Store,
Napanee.

30-3-m

FRED CHINNECK
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Chinneck's Jewellery Store
Near Royal Hotel
Napanee
Strictly Private and Confidential. 30

HOUSE TO LET—Frame house, on corner of Robert and Graham streets, hard and soft water, furnace, waterworks, nine rooms. Apply to DR. EDWARDS, Centre Street.

Fredericksburgh Crist Mills.

Owing to lack of water this mill will be run by steam Thursdays, Fridays and Saturdays, until further notice, when all kinds of grinding will be promptly attended to.
I have for sale Manitoba Best Flour, also Bran and Shorts, and Feed.
43-ly WILLIAM WOODRUFF, Prop.

LOCAL SALESMAN WANTED at once for Napanee and surrounding districts,
High Class Specialties

in Fruit and Ornamental stock grown and for sale by

CANADA'S GREATEST NURSERIES.

A permanent situation for the right party. Liberal inducements. Pay weekly. Handsome free outfit; write for terms and catalogue, and send 25c in stamps for our POCKET MAGNIFYING GLASS or 50c for our HANDY METAL HACK SAW.

STONE & WELLINGTON,

Fonthill Nurseries (over 800 acres)
Toronto, Ontario.

Otter Creek Drainage Works.

The undersigned will let the contract for the necessary repairs and work on the above named ditch by Auction on

WEDNESDAY,

OCTOBER 17th, 1906
at one o'clock,

AT THE RESIDENCE OF WM. O'HARE
or such other place as may be there designated.

Specifications may be seen at my office, in the Town of Napanee.

45a

F. F. MILLER, Engineer.

IN THE SURROGATE COURT OF
THE COUNTY OF LENNOX AND AD-
DINGTON. IN THE ESTATE OF
CHARLIE WRIGHT SNIDER.—Deceased

NOTICE is hereby given pursuant to R. S. O. 1897, Chapter 129, section 38, that all creditors and others having claims against the estate of Charlie Wright Snider, late of the Township of Ernestown in the County of Lennox and Addington, Farmer, deceased, are required on or before the

1st DAY OF DECEMBER,
A. D. 1906.

to send by post prepaid or to deliver to Herrington, Warner & Grange, solicitors for the Executrix of the said Charlie Wright Snider, their names and addresses and a full statement and particulars of their claims and nature of the securities, if any, held by them.

And further take notice that after the said 1st Day of December, A. D. 1906, the said Executrix will proceed to distribute the assets

DOXSEE & CO.

DISTINCTIVE and
ATTRACTIVE STYLES.

Millinery Opening!

Saturday, September 22nd

and following days.

We cordially invite the public.

The = Leading = Millinery = House

DRY MILLWOOD FOR SALE

Also Lumber, Lath, Shingles, Salt and
Portland Cement.

COAL FOR Stoves, Furnaces and Grates, Steam
Purposes and Blacksmiths' use.

The Rathbun Co. R. B. SHIPMAN, Agent.

MERCHANTS' BANK OF CANADA.

ESTABLISHED 1864.

PAID UP CAPITAL \$6,000,000.

RESERVE \$3,600,000

UNDOUBTED SECURITY FOR DEPOSITORS

SIR. H. MONTAGU ALLAN, Pres.

E. F. HEBDEN, General Manager.

Savings Bank Department.

Deposits of \$1.00 and upwards received and interest at best current rate paid on same.
Farmers' Business Solicited and General Banking Business transacted.

Napanee Branch, W. A. BELLHOUSE, Mgr.

Yarker Branch, E. R. CHECKLEY, Mgr.

WANTED, by Chicago wholesale house, special representative (man or woman) for each province, Canada. Salary \$24.00 and expenses paid weekly. Expense money advanced. Business successful; position permanent. No investment required. Previous experience not essential to engaging.
Address Manager, 132 Lake Street,
Chicago, Ill., U.S.A.

FINE FARM FOR SALE—John M. Hawley offers for sale, his farm of 200 acres, situated at Hawley, 2nd concession, South Fredericksburgh. This is one of the very best farms in the county, well drained and fenced, and free from foul seed. 100 acres under good cultivation. 10 acres woodland, 50 acres new land ready to stump. Good orchard, 4 splendid wells. Fine brick residence, lawn and shade trees. 2 large barns, tenant house, new poultry house, hog house, etc. Very convenient to church, school, post office and blacksmith shop. 3 miles from Napanee, 4 miles from Bath, and 3 miles from station. For further particulars enquire of
30-1m JOHN M. HAWLEY.

FOR SALE.

That desirable farm known as the Blanchard Farm, situated about one mile south of Napanee containing 210 acres more or less. Will be sold as a whole or in two parts: (1) The north part with the buildings containing 140 acres more or less, and (2) the south part containing 100 acres more or less; on which there is a good barn.
For terms and further information apply to M. C. BOGART, Real Estate Agent, Napanee, Ont.
42-3-m

FARM FOR SALE—The south part of Lots Nos. one and Two in the Fourth Concession of the Township of Ernestown, containing one hundred and ten acres, more or less. This farm is situated one mile from

PICTON
Business College
and School of Finance

HIGH CLASS INSTITUTION.

number of years. The cause of death is said to be Heart Failure, he was about 65 years of age. Services were conducted at the house by Rev. Warriner, after which the remains were placed in Wilton Vault.

Everyone seems to wear that contented smile after attending the fair at Odessa.

Mrs. Levi Brown returned home from Chicago on Tuesday, after spending about three weeks visiting friends. Her friend, Miss Florence Brown accompanied her home for a few weeks here and elsewhere.

Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Bush, and Mrs. W. Gibbons, of Watertown, N. Y., were visiting C. D. Bush's Camden East, on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. R. S. Ham, and Miss W. Vandalstein, Napanee, were visiting his mother, Mrs. Ham, on Sunday.

At Wallace's Red Cross Drug Store—Baby's Own Soap 25c Box; 3 packages Dyla or any other dye 25c; 3 tins Gillets Lye 25c; 3 lbs Washing Soda 5c; 12 lbs. Ordinary Sulphur 25c; 6 lbs. Pure Linseed Meal containing all the oil 25c; Herbapain 50c bag; 2 ozs. Bland's Improved Iron tonic pills 25c; Peruna 85c Bottle (advanced); 3 Bottles Medicamentum 25c. All Medicines advertised in the Express fresh and good at Wallace's.

LETTER TO THE EDITOR.
Bath, Oct 4th, 1906.

Editor of the Napanee Express.
Dear Sir—It is often a difficult problem how to meet and dissipate intangible and vexing rumors, but I believe you can, and would be willing to help, by publishing this letter. With regard to one of our patrons, about whom there were reports that he was watering his milk, it seemed to me, on a mature and critical review of all the situation, that some other or modified explanation would be found. So, at an opportune time, on engaging the patron in conversation on our general business of dairying, while he at that time did not know of the reports hanging over him, or that I had a special object in my talking, I found that he, on account of his milk-stand being in a very warm situation, had devised a unique mode of getting and making the milk cold, as it had previously become sour. He drenched the milk-can inside and out with cold water from the well, and then pouring out the water, and when the warm milk was put in, he pumped a creamer full of cold water, and set it in the milk to cool it. These acts, to onlookers who might not be close by, might naturally tend to arouse, or even seem to warrant, the suspicion that water was being put into the milk. However, at our factory here, where there is every mechanical apparatus for testing the milk, and where the highest quality of cheese is made always right along, as is evidenced by the unflinching test of the high rate of sales that are made, Mr. Wood, our cheesemaker here, tells me that the milk has not been watered either in the case of the above-mentioned patron, or in the case of three others, whom some large imagination implicated with the first-mentioned one, presumably for the sake of making a big sensational tale, this latter fiction being made completely out of whole cloth. It is true that some of these laugh at the preposterousness of the idea of themselves being implicated in this, while others of them feel very deeply indeed in the matter. So that I regard it as no more than fair that this public elucidation of it should be made. And I might also say that the high reputation and standard of our Canadian cheese in our markets abroad is due to our rigid and careful Government supervision and inspection of it, and that everyone of us cannot be too cautious, so that we send our milk to the factory in its best purity, quality and strength.

(Signed) M. R. Rowse,
Secretary Bath Cheese Factory.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the
Signature of *Dr. J. C. Watson*

tion, Warner & Grange, solicitors for the Executrix, of the said Charlie Wright Snider, their names and addresses and a full statement and particulars of their claims and nature of the securities, if any, held by them.
And further take notice that after the said 1st day of December, A. D., 1906, the said Executrix will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which she shall then have notice, and that the said executrix will not be liable for the said assets or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claims notice shall not have been received at the time of said distribution.

HERRINGTON, WARNER & GRANGE,
Solicitors for the Executrix.
Dated at Napanee, this 27th Day of September A. D., 1906. 43c

IN THE SURROGATE COURT OF THE COUNTY OF LENNOX AND ADDINGTON,—IN THE ESTATE OF HERBERT DENISON, LATE OF THE TOWN OF NAPANEE, IN THE COUNTY OF LENNOX AND ADDINGTON, MERCHANT.—Deceased,

NOTICE is hereby given pursuant to the Revised Statutes of Ontario 1897, Chapter 23, Section 38 and Amending Acts, that all persons having any claims against the estate of the said Robert Denison, deceased, who died on or about the Twenty-second day of September, A. D., 1905, are required to send by post prepaid or to deliver to John English, Solicitors for the Executors, on or before the

9th DAY OF NOVEMBER,
A. D., 1906.

their names, addresses and the full particulars of their claim or claims and the nature of the security, if any, held by them, duly certified. And notice is hereby given that after the said Ninth day of November, A. D., 1906, the said Executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate among the persons entitled thereto having regard only to those claims of which they shall then have had notice, and the Executors will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claims they shall not then have had notice.

JOHN ENGLISH,
Solicitor for the Executors.
Dated at Napanee this 9th day of October, A. D., 1906. 45d

The Best Window Glass.
There is a great difference in window glass. Pilkington's English is free from flaws, uniform thickness and clear color. Sold at The Medical Hall —**FRED L. HOOPER.**

A Chinaman at London, Ont., was fined \$20 and costs for kissing a little white girl.

President Roosevelt will withdraw all coal lands in the United States not already taken up for entry.

HYACINTH BULBS.
Leave your order at "WALLACE'S RED CROSS DRUG STORE," for Hyacinth Bulbs, single or double, any color.

This year 955 Barnardo children have been sent to Canada, and since the work begun 18,420. Ninety-eight per cent are doing well.

The Bank of British North America offer a reward of \$500 for information leading to the apprehension of James S. Cather, the defaulting Montreal teller.

ITCH, Mange, Prairie Scrotchies and every form of contagious Itch on human or animals cured in 30 minutes by Wolford's Sanitary Lotion. It never fails. Sold by **F. L. HOOPER.**

It is reported that there is a likelihood of a settlement in the action of Messrs. A. A. Lefurgey, M. P., W. H. Bennett, M. P., and Arthur C. Peuchen while the defendants are the Great West Land Company, Limited, and Messrs Rufus Pope and George W. Fowler.

A Stove Talk.
The stove season is nearly here again and you are beginning to plan for that new up-to-date Range and thinking of the comforts, which it will bring to you. We wish to announce to you that we find ourselves in a much better position than formerly to accommodate this growing trade. Increased floor space and light enables us to make a much larger exhibit of this class of goods. Imperial Oxford Ranges still lead, but we have several other good and up-to-date lines. Sizes and prices to suit everyone. Be sure and inspect our stock before you purchase. It will be a pleasure for us to show you the goods.
MADOLE & WILSON

BUSINESS COLLEGE and School of Finance

HIGH CLASS INSTITUTION.
17 ex-Public School Teachers and 22 Graduates of other Colleges, helped to compose our class.
SALARIES
of graduates direct from College ranged this year very high.
\$1,200, \$980, \$900, \$800, \$730, etc.
Scores of young ladies, \$900.
Price of board very moderate.
Bookkeeping, Shorthand and Type-writing. Telegraphy.
Every graduate in a position.
JNO. R. SAYERS, Picton, Ont.,
Principal and Proprietor.

FURS

Furs made and remodelled in First-Class Style. Prices Reasonable and Work Guaranteed

Ladies' and Gents' Coats
MADE TO ORDER.

All kinds of Furs, Pelts, Heads, Tails and Trimmings for sale.

MRS. GEO. F. ROBINSON,
Corner of Richard and Mill Streets.
414 mp

APPLES WANTED!

Evaporating Apples
Wanted at
COLLIER BROS.' EVAPORATOR
(Formerly Old Soap Works.)
Next Reindeer Dock.

Highest Price Paid.
Apples may be delivered at any of the docks along the bay and will be called for by Str. Reindeer.

COLLIER BROS.
40

THE CROWN BANK OF CANADA

Head Office, Toronto.
Authorized Capital \$2,000,000.
President, Edward Gurney; General Manager, G. de C. O'Grady.
To accommodate the people of Napanee and district, The Crown Bank of Canada will be open **SATURDAY EVENINGS** from 7 to 9.

INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS 4 TIMES A YEAR AND CALCULATED FROM DATE OF DEPOSIT.

Farmer's notes discounted — farmers' sales notes collected.

A general Banking business transacted.

Your Account is Solicited.
R. G. H. TRAVERS, Manager.
Napanee Branch.

FARM FOR SALE—The south part of Lots Nos. One and Two in the Fourth Concession of the Township of Ernestown, containing one hundred and ten acres, more or less. This farm is situated one mile from Morven post office, is well fenced and in a good state of cultivation. On the property are erected, good frame house and large frame barn, tool sheds, hen house, hog pens, creek with two springs convenient to house and barns, one mile from two churches and school, half a mile from Fredericksburgh Station and forty rods from cheese factory. Apply to **GEO. CLAPPEL**, on the farm. 44 d p

AUCTION SALE

—OF—
VALUABLE FARM PROPERTY, HORSES, CATTLE, HOUSEHOLD GOODS, ETC.

—ON—
Monday, October 15th, 1906

Subject to a reserve bid to be fixed by the official guardian there will be sold by Public Auction upon the premises, hereinafter described, on Monday, October 15th, 1906, at 1.30 p.m., all and singular the south easterly part of Lot Number Fifteen, in the Fourth Concession of the Township of Ernestown, in the County of Lennox and Addington, containing seventy-five acres more or less, and being the farm owned and occupied at the time of his death, by the late Charlie Wright Snider, deceased.

This farm is on the York Road, about four miles from Odessa. It is well watered and convenient to school house and church.

TERMS OF SALE—10 per cent of the purchase money at the time of the sale, the balance in thirty days. For further particulars apply upon the premises at the office of the undersigned.

There will be sold at the same time and place, six head of horses, ten head of cattle, one mow, one binder, twenty colonies of bees, and a quantity of farm implements and household goods and furniture. Terms of sale for chattel property.—Cash.

HERRINGTON, WARNER & GRANGE,
Napanee, Ontario.
43c
Vendors Solicitors.

APPLES WANTED!

—at—
SYMINGTON'S EVAPORATOR
Foot of West Street.
Prices will range from
25c. to 50c. per cwt.

ALSO WOOD AT EVAPORATOR
and **ALSIKE CLOVER** at store on Dundas street.

THOS. SYMINGTON
Proprietor. 41

FEAR AND FAITH

The Soul of Man Never Has Ceased to Cry Out for the Living God.

"Now, faith is the assurance of things hoped for, the conviction of things not seen."—Hebrews xi., 1.

To many faith simply means denying the reason and relying on emotion. They have what is called saving faith and are able to feel that the Almighty forgives their wrong doings, ceasing to be angry with them; their faith being perfect when it takes away fear of punishment. To these faith is that which they pay in the form of credence to whatever is ecclesiastically asserted in exchange for the complaisance of deity.

Those who deny all religion assert that it is founded on fear. There is enough in that assertion to give it the color of truth. Yet fear of the unseen is but the survival of savagery. Faith founded on fear becomes servile, debasing, superstitious.

What is there in God to fear? Is the Lord of life also the foe of our lives? Is the author of a world so fair and lovely, inviting us to joy and inspiring with feelings of pleasure, the foe of happiness? Has he made the world a paradise and planted in man's breast the seeds of kindness, gentleness and sweet thoughts only to glower over this world in hatred and to damn it with dread of himself?

All things that can be known argue the goodness of the unknown. As soon as a man learns to live with nature he loses his fear of forest, beast, and sea. Familiarity breeds confidence.

AFFECTION AND REVERENCE.

Only the remote and unfamiliar fill us with dread. The city bred tremble in the woods at night, where the native feels himself amongst well loved friends.

In the same manner the fear or the divine, born of unfamiliarity, instead of being an evidence of reverence or of religion, becomes the mark of ignorance and cowardice. Rectitude of conduct resulting wholly from regulating oneself as under an all-seeing critical eye and in dread of a far-reaching devastating hand, cannot produce enrichment of character. Hatred never gave birth to holiness.

The souls that in all ages have lived nearest to things spiritual, that have most enriched the world with thoughts, whose inner visions pierced our outer clouds, seeing something of the glory of

the infinite, brought back no pictures of a face austere, of a cruel despot, or of aught for love or truth to fear.

True faith, instead of being a compromise to allay our fears of unknown tils and calamities, ever has been the fearless, reverent search for the face of the infinite. It does not say: "I believe that God will let me alone because I did those prescribed things"; rather it says: "I cannot be satisfied alone and apart from him, the source and sole satisfaction of all life."

Science with its passion for truth, art with its passion for beauty, ethics with its passion for rightness, are all but parts of true religion, the soul's passion for the infinite heart and mind in which all ideas of truth and beauty take their rise and find

THEIR FULL REALIZATION.

The soul of man never has ceased to cry out for the living God; the religion of fear has given it no satisfaction. Its followers have been too busy building themselves shelters from the heaven they dread, shelters that become as leaden shields shutting out the eternal tenderness and beneficence. No man ever found the celestial city or its glorious king so long as he regarded his religion as a cyclone cellar.

To those who, with eyes of reverence, seek to find the good in all things here, believing that love is better and mightier than hate, that whatever is good, kindly, tender, pure, and ennobling in us, is but the reflection from the glory of the infinite, traces in our dust by which we find our way to him who inhabits eternity, these, through eyes of faith, have found a presence beyond description or definition.

Fear sets afar off a mighty monarch; faith finds near at hand one whom it calls "Father." Fear shrinks from the impending wrath, love rests in the unchanging goodness. Fear imagines a throne and flaming sword; faith has confidence in a better day ever dawning, in the triumph at last of right, in the reality of an incomprehensible love that sings in its joy, soothes in its sorrow, strengthens in its discipline, a life and love nearer and more real than any of the other facts of living.

HENRY F. COPE.

THE S. S. LESSON

INTERNATIONAL LESSON,
OCT. 14.

Lesson II. The Ten Virgins. Golden Text: Matt. 25. 13.

THE LESSON WORD STUDIES.

Note.—The text of the Revised Version is used as a basis for these Word Studies.

A Longer Discourse.—Our lesson passage for to-day is part of a longer discourse of Jesus recorded in chapters 24 and 25 of Matthew's narrative. This discourse contains (1) a prediction of the fall of Jerusalem, (2) a prediction of the end of the world, (3) a group of parables related to these predictions and to each other. In the parable of the ten virgins the main point is the exhortation to Christian disciples to perpetual vigilance and watchfulness in view of the certainty of the end of the

ENGLISH TIPPING HABIT

EMPLOYEES OF HOTELS AND RAILWAYS ARE UNDERPAID.

American Tourist Writes a Scathing Indictment to a London Paper.

An impressive letter, in which the system of giving and receiving "tips" is criticised as debasing in its nature, has been written to the London Daily Mail by an American tourist, Mr. M. F. Steele, from Liverpool, on the eve of his return to the United States. He says:

The average American "tips," but he has a profound contempt for any grown and able-bodied man or woman who accepts a "tip," and he despises a condition of society and business which allows hotel proprietors and railway and other companies to count upon the "tips" of their patrons to supplement the wages of their underpaid servants

EXPERT CATTLE THIEVES

IN INDIA THE ART IS BROUGHT NEAR TO PERFECTION.

Various Paraphernalia Used to Assist Them in Carrying on Their Trade.

In the sparsely cultivated and practically barren tracts along the rivers Ravi and Sutlej, in the plains of the Punjab, are to be found perhaps the most expert cattle thieves in the world. There are several tribes in that neighborhood whose principal means of livelihood is cattle stealing. The male members are, in fact, brought up to it, and regard it as an honorable hereditary calling, while it is a rule among some of them not to allow a youngster to wear a pugri (turban) until he has shown himself to be a man by appropriating some one else's animal, be it camel, horse, bullock, cow, donkey, goat or sheep, writes Capt. C. H. Buck in Chamber's Magazine.

Cattle theft is more or less common throughout India, but it is brought to a fine art in the Punjab.

In the tract I have mentioned there are systems of depots and lines to which and along which animals are taken when stolen. The actual thief delivers an animal at one of the depots, and it is at once handed over to some one else, who passes it down the line, so that in a single night it can be taken away to a long distance. In exchange for one of these stolen animals the thief will later on receive another, which has been bagged perhaps a hundred and fifty miles away down the line.

The professional, among his other achievements, is able to track in quite a marvellous manner. He can read marks and signs on the ground as easily as an educated person can the words in a book, while he will recognize a person

BY HIS FOOTPRINTS

just as an ordinary person would recognize another by his face or general appearance. For this reason he often finds it profitable to track animals stolen by others than his friends. A good tracker can sometimes follow the tracks of a thief and a stolen bullock or camel as far as fifty or sixty miles in a day, provided that they have passed across the open jungle and the thief has not been too cunning.

Animals are generally stolen in the daytime, when they are grazing, and at night when they are in a hut or some kind of enclosure. In the former case the loss is generally not discovered until the evening, when the herd is collected and counted before being driven home; and on such occasions the thief gets a long start, for the herdsman has to drive his other beasts home before he can give the alarm, and then when a tracking party has been formed it can only proceed slowly, for the tracks have to be followed by lamp or torchlight. In the latter case the theft usually takes place in the small hours of the morning, and is discovered a short time afterwards, so that the owner is close behind the thief, and has the whole day before him to follow up the tracks. It is really remarkable how a bullock can be removed from a yard without any one being wakened up, though persons are sleeping all round it, and there are plenty of dogs about. An old hand, however, can make a hole in a mud wall large enough for a bullock to pass through without making any noise, and he knows exactly how to entice the animal out quietly, after muffling its bell and placing leather shoes on its feet.

A thief when operating by himself will sometimes take an animal he has stolen for about ten miles, and then leave it for several hours tied up to a tree

IN SOME SOLITARY SPOT.

If the tracking party arrives during

HOME.

SELECTED RECIPES.

Tough Onions Made Tender.—Cut large tough onions in 1/2-inch transverse slices and cook soft in salted water. They become tender and delicious. Then serve them with a cream sauce.

Try this method of mixing mustard. It will make delicious condiment: Slice an onion in a bowl, covering it with vinegar. Let this stand forty-eight hours, then pour off the vinegar into another bowl, add a little red pepper, salt, sugar and enough dry mustard to thicken to a cream. The proportions should be a teaspoonful of the pepper and salt and twice that of sugar, but tastes differ somewhat as to the quantity of sweet used.

Fried Green Peppers.—Cut open lengthwise, taking care not to let the seeds touch the sides. Take out the seeds, slice the peppers crosswise and lay in boiling water until it and they are cold. Drain and wipe the sliced peppers and fry in butter. Serve dry, as an accompaniment to fish.

Baked Apples.—One of the most wholesome dishes is a baked apple. It is delicious at breakfast as well as at supper. In fact, apples in almost any form are invaluable. For variety's sake try piling the apples before baking them. Peel and core them, fill the hollows with spice and sugar, and bake long enough to give them a thin crust. Sometimes a bit of butter is placed on top of each apple before putting it in the oven. Serve them cold with whipped cream.

An excellent salad can be made by cutting two Spanish onions in slices, putting them in a large bowl, and pouring boiling water over them, letting the onions remain in the water for just one minute. Drain and plunge into ice-cold water, letting them remain for several hours. Prepare four long, green cucumbers by paring and slicing, and letting them remain in cold water for the same length of time. Drain the onions and the cucumbers, and place them in a bowl, pouring over them a French dressing.

Calves' Liver a la Militaire.—Cut in thin slices three-quarters of a pound of calves' liver; mince a button mushroom—or two, if very small. Fry these in a little salad oil to a golden brown color, then add the liver, thinly sliced. Season with pepper and salt. Cook for eight minutes, then sprinkle over all some very finely-minced parsley. Toss the pan about for another five minutes, so that the juice of the liver permeates the ingredients. Slip on to a very hot dish, and encircle with poached eggs.

Florentine Fritters.—Put eight tablespoonfuls of sifted flour into a basin. Moisten with just sufficient water to form a thick paste. Season with salt, and, when well mixed, add, one by one, the yolks of three eggs, stirring round and round gently till well amalgamated. Then add a teaspoonful of grated lemon-rind and a tablespoonful of skinned, dry raisins passed through a sieve. Now form the mixture into any fancy shapes preferred. Place in a frying pan, and fry in the best oil to a light golden-brown, and serve.

Mushroom Toasts.—Pare some mushrooms, and put them in a basin of cold water, to which add a few drops of lemon juice. Remove them carefully, to avoid the sediment. Place on a napkin for a couple of minutes, then, roughly mince them, and cook in a little butter. Season with pepper and salt and sprinkle over with grated Parmesan cheese. Cook till the mushrooms are tender, serve on small rounds of toast, or, according to an Italian authority, in diminutive cheese-flavored tartlets, and serve immediately.

One way of Boiling Chicken.—The chicken is cut up. As little water as possible is used in boiling, barely enough to cover it, and no more added. The

the fall of Jerusalem, (2) a prediction of the end of the world, (3) a group of parables related to these predictions and to each other. In the parable of the ten virgins the main point is the exhortation to Christian disciples to perpetual vigilance and watchfulness in view of the certainty of the end of the world and the second coming of Christ, and the equal uncertainty of the time when these things shall occur. The interpretation of the details and lesser incidents of the parable must be kept subordinate to this main purpose.

Verse 1. Then—The last day, just referred to in the preceding verses. The kingdom of heaven—Here, the company of all those who hope for salvation through Christ, some of whom, as the parable teaches, may hope in vain. It is the condition of the citizens of the kingdom "in toto" which shall be likened unto the condition of ten virgins, the ten again being simply a convenient number, as we might say a dozen or a score.

Lamps—Shallow bowls containing oiled rope or cloth, and fastened on sticks, making a rather crude torch.

Went forth to meet the bridegroom—According to the Jewish custom the friends of the bridegroom conducted the bride to her husband's home, before the door of which the bridegroom himself met the procession and in person conducted the bride across the threshold. In earlier times (comp. Judg. 14, 10) it had been customary for the principal wedding feast and celebration to be held in the home of the bride. From the imagery of our parable it is not quite clear from which home the group of maidens "went forth to meet the bridegroom." Some commentators insist that we are to think of the home of the bride as the scene of festivities, while others speak with equal confidence of the home of the groom.

2. Five—The number is not intended to indicate anything as to the actual or exact proportion of foolish and wise virgins. We note that Jesus does not say bad and good, but simply points out that five were prudent and exercised forethought, while the other five were imprudent and thoughtless with regard to the future.

4. Took oil with their lamps—That is, in separate vessels for use in case of an emergency.

5. The bridegroom tarried—A statement reflecting the true Orientalism of the scene, punctuality not being an Oriental trait.

They all slumbered and slept—There is no converse attached to their sleeping in itself.

7. Trimmed their lamps—which meanwhile had burned low. The trimming consisted in refilling them with oil and cleaning the wicks.

9. peradventure—Perchance, perhaps; it may be.

Not enough for us and you—The bridal procession and feast were still to be held and for these the light of the torches would be needed.

The door was shut—While they went to purchase oil the procession arrived and the guests entered the house. The door was then closed in order to avoid the danger arising from violent men.

13. Watch, therefore—This is the important point and principal teaching of the whole parable.

We know not the day nor the hour—"The Lord of that servant shall come in a day when he expecteth not, and in an hour when he knoweth not" (Matt. 24, 30).

REMARKABLE RAILWAY.

An up-hill railway, perhaps the most remarkable in the world, is the Oroya, in Peru. It runs from Callao to the goldfields of Cerro de Pasco. From Callao it ascends the narrow valley of the Rimac, rising nearly 5,000ft., in the first fifty-six miles. Thence it goes through the intricate gorges of the Sierras till it tunnels the Andes at an altitude of 15,645ft., the highest point in the world where a piston rod is moved by steam. The wonder is increased by remembering that this elevation is reached in seventy-eight miles.

and able-bodied man, or woman who accepts a "tip," and he despises a condition of society and business which allows hotel proprietors and railway and other companies to count upon the "tips" of their patrons to supplement the wages of their underpaid servants to a living scale.

In America the only able-bodied men who are habitually "tipped" are the waiters in hotels and restaurants. The first are, without exception, negroes, and the second are either negroes or foreigners. A "tip" offered to a native-born white American railway or other employe for a simple performance of his duty or a mere act of courtesy would be refused with scorn.

PETTY BRIBES.

How different here; it has been remarked that everyone in England below the rank of a lord or a bishop will accept a tip. My short experience pretty nearly confirms the remark. I have handed a "tip" to every person who has done me the slightest service or answered an inquiry, and in not a single instance has my "tip" been declined or been unexpected.

It seems to me that the average Englishman carries his hand back down, cupped and in position to receive "tips," and I cannot believe that any person who can bring himself to accept a "tip" has any sense of pride or self-respect.

In America the "tip" is regarded both by the giver and the receiver as a petty bribe. In its most innocent aspect, it is a bribe for more or better attention than the servant is paid for by his employer; or for a special service not accorded to other patrons. Undoubtedly a large class of Americans, especially those of the nouveau riche order, is striving to introduce the despicable practice of general "tipping" into America; and already it is notorious that some New York restaurant keepers have taken advantage of the practice to reduce the wages of their waiters below the living scale.

DIVIDES CASTE.

If the practice ever becomes general in America it will fix the division of caste there as rigidly as it is fixed in England to-day, and it will no longer be possible for such men as Andrew Jackson, Andrew Johnson, Abraham Lincoln and Andrew Carnegie to rise from the lowest stratum to the highest positions in the land.

A man must first possess self-respect before he can command the respect of others; no man can possess his own respect who has accepted the petty bribery of a "tip."

Every American of breadth and education wants to come to England to see the wonders of the past age and life, of which we can never have a counterpart in our country. There are few modern things that an American wants to see in England—the best he finds are importations from America; he wants to see your old castles and your cathedrals, relics of an age of religious superstition and civil vassalage. Every American who can spare enough or save enough money for the journey comes to see these things; and he is willing to suffer considerable inconvenience and discomfort in order to come.

MEAT FOR ONE MAN.

Statisticians estimate that twenty-two acres of land are necessary to sustain one man on fresh meat. The same space of land, if devoted to wheat culture, would feed forty-two people; if to oats, eighty-eight; potatoes, Indian corn and rice, 176; and if to the plantain, or banana, over 6,000 people.

INDIA'S SACRED FIRES.

The sacred fires of India have not all been extinguished. The most ancient which still exists was consecrated twelve centuries ago, in commemoration of the voyage made by the Parsees when they emigrated from Persia to India. The fire is fed five times every twenty-four hours with sandal-wood and other fragrant material, combined with very dry fuel.

A tiger when operating by himself will sometimes take an animal he has stolen for about ten miles, and then leave it for several hours tied up to a tree.

IN SOME SOLITARY SPOT.

If the tracking party arrives during that time it is quite content to recover the animal, and never bothers to go on tracking the thief; while if no one comes to the spot the thief concludes that the owner has been unable to follow the tracks, and he accordingly takes it away peacefully to some distant market. Most men who have to deal with cattle are clever in taking them across rivers, and can do so even when they are in flood. Cattle thieves are always expert at this, and frequently swim down the large rivers for many miles with their stolen property.

Cattle thieves provide themselves with various paraphernalia to assist them in carrying on their trade, and among other articles I may mention the leather shoes which they place round the hoofs of animals and the grass shoes they themselves wear; these are employed both to deaden the sound and to hide the tracks. They often have in their possession a set of branding irons and instruments for snipping animals' ears; while particular kinds of dye are kept for coloring the hair of animals which have distinctive markings. Thus an old buffalo with a white tuft on its forehead, a white tip to its tail, and four white coronets, will have none of these shortly after it has come into the hands of its new possessor. The sarrai or hidebag, which can be inflated, is used for sitting or resting on when crossing a river, while every thief of any standing possesses a large iron jimmy for forcing open doors of sheds and making holes through walls. One of the most curious things I have ever seen in the possession of one of these men was a rough but

SERVICEABLE TELEPHONE.

It consisted of a piece of twine some two hundred yards in length, and two bits of bamboo hollowed out to form cylinders about six inches long and three in diameter; over one end of each cylinder a piece of bladder was pasted, the centre of which the twine was attached by being passed through and secured by means of a knot. The owner of this interesting instrument stated that it was used by the thieves at cattle fairs. Several men would go to a large fair with a few animals of their own, and get with them into the enclosure. At night the cord would be passed from one side of the inclosure to the other, and one man would watch the patrol and give preconcerted signals in the shape of coughs and groans to his friends at the other end. The latter would then walk off with the cattle while the patrol was engaged in con- doliing with the accomplice, who would pretend to be very ill and in great agony.

A man who had lost one of his sheep was at first rather puzzled on finding that its tracks disappeared altogether at a spot where the ground was quite soft and took good impressions. On carefully examining the ground he perceived the tracks of a camel and noticed that it had sat down just where the sheep's tracks had ceased. Putting two and two together, he, with some friends, tracked up the camel and recovered his sheep, which had been lifted off its feet on to the camel by one of the men, placed across the saddle, and so carried off.

On one occasion a party of thieves actually managed to seize as many as twenty-nine camels, which they took through two districts to a place over two hundred miles away. They were there exchanged for a number of stolen buffaloes and bullocks, which were brought back for disposal in the home district. The difficulty incurred by the police in the investigation of this case and in bringing the offenders to trial may be imagined.

Tramp—"Yes, madam, I've been a solicitor for nigh twenty years." Mrs. Farnyard—"A solicitor?" Tramp—"Yes'm, I solicits bread an' meat."

tender, serve on small rounds of toast, or, according to an Italian authority, in diminutive cheese-flavored tartlets, and serve immediately.

One way of Boiling Chicken.—The chicken is cut up. As little water as possible is used in boiling, barely enough to cover it, and no more added. The object in having the water boiling hot

at first is that it immediately closes up the pores and keeps the natural juices from escaping. Only a few minutes of this rapid boiling is necessary. The heat may then be reduced and for the rest of the time it may be boiled gently. An hour is sufficient time to allow, unless the bird is unusually tough. All meats if boiled too long are rendered tasteless. Unless a fowl is very free from pin feathers it is advisable to remove the skin, as it is beneath the skin that most of the fat is to be found which renders even a tender chicken indigestible to weak stomachs. Half a cupful of flour added to the liquor for thickening makes a delicious gravy. Serve the chicken in a deep covered dish with the gravy poured over it and it will be found to be equal to any fricasse ever tasted.

A SIMPLE KNACK WITH PICKLES.

A friend who is famed for her excellent pickles gives her mode of preparing them, which is so simple that I pass it on. I should have said that she has two methods. When pressed for time she puts 1 teaspoon salt into a quart jar, fills it with pickles and cold vinegar enough to cover them, and if handy, she throws in a handful of nasturtium seeds, which give the whole a spicy taste. Then she covers them tightly, and that is the last of them until they are opened in the winter.

Her other method is to soak the pickles over night in salted water. Then she boils a little vinegar with whole spices added long enough to extract the strength from them, strains or not, as the time allows, puts a little of this liquid in each bottle and fills up with cold water. If it is barberry time and a few bunches are handy, she drops them in, here and there, to give a bright look to the whole. She pickles everything, from string beans to watermelon rinds, and finds a use for them all before the season is over.

Both these recipes are extremely simple, yet my friend informed me that her pickles are famed far and near for their crispness and flavor, and she never has any difficulty in keeping them.

HINTS FOR THE HOME.

Spots of acid on clothing may be removed, and the color restored by rubbing with chloroform.

If bedsteads creak with every movement of the sleeper, the slats should be removed and the end of each wrapped in a piece of old newspaper.

Where moths are troublesome scatter powdered bitter apple under the papers in the drawers and at the back of the wardrobe where the drawers slide in.

Ebonized furniture can be wonderfully renovated by rubbing the spots the way of the grain of the wood with finely powdered pumice-stone and oil. Afterwards polish with a dry, soft cloth.

A Hint About Eggs.—When the whites of eggs have been used for jellies and other purposes and the yolks are not wanted till next day, beat them up with a little warm water and put away in a cool place.

Whitening a Ceiling.—A ceiling blackened by a lamp can be much improved by applying a layer of starch and water. When this dries it will brush off, taking the greater part of the lampblack with it.

A hand lotion which many housekeepers have found of benefit is made as follows: Take ½ pint bay rum, two ounces glycerine and the strained juice of two large lemons. Mix and bottle. Use after washing dishes and upon retiring. Soft, white hands will result.

Extracting a splinter with the aid of steam may be a new idea to some. Nearly fill a wide-mouthed bottle with very hot water, place the injured part over the mouth of the bottle and press it slightly. The suction thus produced

will draw the flesh down and in a minute splinter and inflammation together.

Canning Beets—When you have small beets, those an inch in diameter can be used, boil, slip the skins, have scalding vinegar and water, half and half, enough to cover, bring again to the boiling point and can. Use fruit jars, for they must be air-tight to keep.

POISON IN THE POT.

Some Nations Are Ruined By Nature's Bounty.

It is a most peculiar fact that the very food upon which a whole nation has come to subsist sometimes proves the bane and eventual destruction of that country. Look at Ireland and the potato! The Irish nation learnt to live upon the potato, growing the tubers in such enormous abundance that a very small acreage was sufficient to keep a whole family in food. Living, in fact, became too easy. Besides, the potato is not a complete food. It weakened the physique of the Irishman.

When the potato disease made its sudden appearance, and blackened and destroyed the crops of the whole island, the people had nothing else to fall back upon. The result was the ghastly famine which killed directly or indirectly nearly a million persons, and from which the Green Isle has never to this day recovered.

In much the same way the yam or sweet potato is destroying the negro race in the Southern States of America. The yam grows so easily that a half-acre patch, with a little fish and bacon, will feed a family for a year. Consequently, Sambo won't work, and after a time all ambition will disappear, and the colored man of the South will sink to a lower level than he has at present reached.

The banana has done much harm in Central America in exactly the same way. When a man has nothing to do, but scratch a few holes and plant slips of bananas which go on growing and bearing year after year, it is only natural that he takes life a great deal too easily for either his own or his country's good.

In Corfu the staple food of the islanders is maize, which they frequently gather before it is ripe, and which is carelessly stored in damp cellars. Consequently, the death-rate from that horrible disease, "pellagra," is terrible. Science has definitely proved that pellagra is due to eating damaged maize. The disease begins by a peculiar rash which appears in the spring, and which it is almost impossible to cure. With each successive spring it returns with increased virulence, until the patient's whole skin turns yellow, or even black. The nervous system is destroyed, and eventually the unhappy sufferer becomes delirious, mad, and eventually dies. At one time pellagra was the curse of Northern Italy, but great, and to some extent successful efforts have been made to stamp it out and teach the people not to live on maize only.

Sleeping sickness has for centuries ravaged Burmah and other hot countries where rice is the staple food. It is now definitely ascertained that this terrible disease is caused by feeding upon damaged rice. It was once epidemic in the Japanese army, but has been entirely got rid of by a change of diet.

In Northern India a sort of millet, which is the chief food of some millions of natives, has had the effect of steadily diminishing the population. There is some obscure poison in this grain which causes a peculiar disease. Professor Dunstan, of the Imperial Institute, has been conducting researches into the nature of this poison.

It is more than probable that future generations will truthfully declare that white bread has been the ruin of the English people. Our teeth are going rapidly, and it is more than suspected that the cause is the steel roller mill while flour which has been substituted for the good old-fashioned "seconds" of former days.

ON THE FARM

FROM PASTURE TO WINTER FEED.

There is a transition period each year that is trying to the milking cow. It begins when the frost kills the pasture grass and ends when there is no longer any hint of summer in the air. If the milker can be tided over this season she is safe for a good flow during the winter. If she falls off now it will be almost impossible to bring her back to normal later on.

As a result, the milk checks will dwindle just when they ought to swell. Winter milk at \$1.20 per hundred is worth more than summer milk under the best conditions. Therefore, keep the flow up. There are two ways of doing this, keep winter milkers or feed silage. If you can do both, that is better yet.

The cow that freshens in the fall, say in October or November, is ready to begin the winter in a robust condition. Her milking powers are not on the wane as is the case with spring milkers. She is ready to meet the natural setbacks of cold weather and dry feed with a good, strong constitution and a full flow of milk.

The old theory that silage fed milk is inferior milk is exploded. Systematic experiments have proved the contrary. The objections to the silo are scarce. It is not an expensive thing to build or operate and it fills many a want in the dairy world. Don't think that silage is a pure winter feed. It should be used whenever needed, winter, spring, summer and fall, especially in the fall.

This is the logical method of securing the best milk flow, furnish good pasture supplemented by silaging crops and silage and followed by silage and concentrates. But suppose that the silo is impossible. The only course left to the man who wishes to make a success of the dairy business with spring fresh cows is to depend upon silaging crops. Begin with good pasture, follow this by corn, sorghum, millet, or rye cut and fed green. It is well to begin the use of these feeds in August unless the year is either exceptionally dry or wet. In the first case, begin earlier, in the latter wait until the feed falls.

Use this green stuff until it is gone, and then begin on good bright clover hay. From the start these feeds may be accompanied by concentrates to good advantage; also bran, oats and corn ground together or corn and cob meal. The use of such feed will depend upon circumstances and the condition of the stock. Some dairymen advocate the use of pumpkins at this time. They are all right in their place, but their place is not the main part of a cow's ration.

Here is the main point in wintering milkers: Keep them so there are no poor periods. Avoid such by adjusting the feed and conditions. Furnish, as largely as possible, summer conditions all the year round. Grass is the natural food of the cow and if she can always have food of that nature she will keep at her best.

TEACHING THE HEIFER TO MILK.

Breaking the heifer is an operation much dreaded by some; shirked by the men and forced upon the women. Or, perhaps, it seems to require the combined efforts of the whole household. It is our experience that if properly managed there is no need of dreading it. It is easily and quietly accomplished. We have broken several Jerseys and have cows that apparently never know how to kick.

In the first place the heifer should be perfectly tame, should never have known fear of her owner and should be accustomed to going into the stable. We prefer the winter, as the heifer is more

ment it receives before it is two years of age.

This is the best period of the year for culling the poultry. Many farmers and poultrymen have more young stock than they desire to keep over, and while the flocks are full is the best time for selecting those for next season. The pullets that will be the best layers are those that were hatched early. They should be well feathered in appearance, active and full of life. Such pullets should be kept growing from now on to the approach of winter in order to advance them on the path of maturity as rapidly as possible. They should receive no check, and should be well housed and fed.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

Notes of Interest About Some of the World's Prominent People.

Mme. Patti possesses an old doll called "Henriette," which was given to her when she was seven years old for singing nicely.

M. Roussiere, the now famous operatic tenor, was once a poor French blacksmith. In New York he is said to have received the princely salary of \$1,000 a night.

First Lieutenant von Franck, the oldest officer in the German army, has celebrated his 100th birthday at Charlottenburg. He is in full possession of his faculties.

Sir Edward Clarke has a great knowledge of medicine, as well as of law, and is regarded as a special authority on poisons. His favorite hobbies are boating and piano-playing.

The Pope is one of the most frugal of men. He receives annually a sum equivalent to \$100,000 for the upkeep of his establishment and his own personal expenses, but so few are his wants, that he does not spend more than \$1,000 a year on himself.

Sir Redvers Buller was urged by his relatives when he was a youth to devote himself to politics, but he announced that he would rather be a private in the regiment than be Prime Minister. Sir Redvers is fond of reading historical novels.

Habibulla Khan, the Ameer of Afghanistan, has considerable architectural skill, and is said to design his own palaces. Stone and marble enter largely into their construction, and they contain many beautiful things specially manufactured in Europe for the Afghan Court, including electric lights, pianos, and the phonograph. The Ameer's gardens are on a gorgeous scale, and when he entertains at night the display of fireworks in his grounds is extraordinarily brilliant.

The Duke of Abruzzi, who has at last conquered Ruwenzori, the highest peak of the Mountains of the Moon, "never before touched by human foot," has always displayed a passion for mountaineering and exploration. Before he was eighteen the Duke started on a tour round the world in an Italian warship. His successful ascent of Mount Elias, in Alaska, in 1897 was a feat never before accomplished, and in 1899 he made his famous voyage in the Stella Polare, when he got eighteen nautical miles nearer the North Pole than Nansen had done.

Lord Curzon was a perfect enigma to his masters when he was at Eton. He was always apparently wasting his time, and seemed to pay no attention whatever to lessons; and yet whenever he was called upon suddenly for an answer he was as ready as any boy who had been listening to the master's remarks, and could frequently give an explanation of a difficult matter when no one else could. A master said recently that Curzon gave him more trouble than any other boy, owing to his fondness for playing pranks in class, yet it seemed impossible to score him off.

Giovanni Segantini, the artist, who recently died, was known as "the painter of the Alps" on account of his fondness for depicting mountain scenery. He was born at Arco, in the

AGING UNDER COST PRICE

BRITISH PEOPLE ARE NOT TAXED TO DEFRAY EXPENSES.

British Nation Have Best of the Bargain Made by King on His Accession.

Neither King Edward nor the princes or princesses of his house cost the English taxpayer a single cent, and Professor Masterman was perfectly justified in declaring the other day at Cambridge that "John Bull got his monarchy below cost, and even made a profit on it." The fact of the matter is that the British Sovereign possesses by right of inheritance an immense amount of very valuable property, known by the name of "the Crown lands," which belongs to him ex-officio as a species of life tenant, much in the same way that the territorial magnates in England hold their ancestral estates. That is to say, the "Crown lands" cannot be alienated by the Sovereign for any period beyond the length of his reign, just as the owner of an entailed country place cannot lease it or otherwise dispose of it for any term beyond that of his own life, save with the legal consent of his immediate heirs. Following the example of his mother, the late Queen Victoria, and of his grand-uncle, King William IV., England's present ruler on his accession to the throne made a statutory agreement with Parliament and with the national treasury, whereby, in return for his surrender to the State of the major portion of the Crown property for the duration of his life he received in an undertaking from the nation to furnish him with a civil list of nearly \$3,000,000 a year and to provide adequate allowances for the princes and princesses of

THE ROYAL HOUSE.

It was not the King and his family who made the best of this bargain, but the State. For, owing to the careful management and extraordinary development of the Crown property, coupled with the amazing growth in the value of building land during the last fifty years, the treasury is managing to net profits of as much as \$1,000,000 a year from the proceeds of the Crown property, after all the expenses of its management, the civil list of the King and Queen, and the allowances of the royal princes and princesses have been deducted. In fact, the calculation has been made that instead of Queen Victoria and her family having been a source of an expense to the national exchequer, they have since 1837 benefited the State to the extent of at least \$35,000,000—that is to say, they have relieved the taxpayer from the amount of fiscal burden, thanks to the bargain concluded by Queen Victoria near three-score and ten years ago, and renewed by King Edward at the time of his accession, in 1901. The agreement will come to an end at his death, as it is impossible for him to bind his successor. But there is every reason to believe that when the Prince of Wales becomes sovereign as George V. he will be led by motives of policy and expediency to agree to a similar arrangement. He will be perfectly justified, however, in exacting from the State as a quid pro quo for the Crown lands a considerably larger civil list than that now enjoyed by his father. For, large as are the revenues derived therefrom at the present moment, they are bound within the next few years to receive

A PHENOMENAL INCREASE

by the falling in of the leases of large tracts of land in London, including the whole of Regent Street, with all the buildings thereon—that is to say, one of the most important thoroughfares in the fashionable shopping district. From this it will be seen that the English people can, thanks to their enjoyment of the revenues of the ably administered

generations have truthfully declared that white bread has been the ruin of the English people. Our teeth are going rapidly, and it is more than suspected that the cause is the steel roller mill white flour which has been substituted for the good old-fashioned "seconds" of former days.

HOODOO NECKLACE.

All Its Owners Have Suffered From Misfortune.

A grim story of a fateful necklace lost on the eve of her death in the Summer Garden, St. Petersburg, by Mme. Andreef, who was cut down by her husband, is told by the Novoe Vremya.

It was an old piece of work by one of the best Parisian jewelers, and was sold first to the head of a French Court family, nearly all the members of which were guillotined during the Revolution. A few escaped to Brussels and were obliged to part with many fine jewels, among them the necklace in question. From that time they enjoyed good fortune.

The necklace, after changing hands about ten times, was sold for \$20,000 to a prince, who gave it to the ballerina, Tzukkii. For this act he was exiled from St. Petersburg. Tzukkii left the imperial ballet, and, finding her health failing, she went to her native countryside and abandoned the stage forever. Before doing so she sold the necklace.

A subsequent owner, the antiquary, Linivitch, died suddenly at Monte Carlo, and the next to gain possession of the jewelry was a gambler at Monte Carlo, who lost all his money. The sale of the necklace saved him from beggary.

Finally, it fell into the hands of Mr. Andreef, a broker on the bourse of St. Petersburg. He paid \$10,000 for it, and his wife was wearing it when, in a fit of anger, he killed her.

SENTENCE SERMONS.

Hard licks make good luck. Godliness is manliness made perfect. Only an insignificant temper is lost easily.

The common task makes the uncommon hero.

Grumbling does not help your growth in grace.

We find in the world what lies in our hearts.

Many a cross disposition is mistaken for a divine cross.

The way to find life's gloom is to seek only your own glory.

Some of the best sermons ever given have come in soup plates.

You cannot chase away this world's gloom with a cast-iron smile.

The bitter tongue sends most of its poison back into its own heart.

Many a soul has chosen real sin because chastised for imaginary ones.

If men treated their stomachs better their souls would worry them less.

No one knows any more about heaven than he finds out by making others happy.

It will be hard to cash your repentance in heaven unless it is endorsed by reformation.

When a man looks on his religion as a ticket, he is apt to find himself on the wrong train.

When you meet a truth that is afraid of any other truth you may know you have found a falsehood.

The saddest failure is when a man stops at a small success when he was called to a great one.

If you cannot find your neighbor, you certainly cannot find your own way on the heavenly road.

The call to watch and pray does not mean to watch your neighbor while you pray for your own needs.

The master who looks for fruit will not be satisfied with a life that has nothing better to offer than an innocence of weeds.

A little child may know more of the language of heaven than the man who has digested the whole dictionary of pious phraseology.

have broken several Jerseys and have cows that apparently never know how to kick.

In the first place the heifer should be perfectly tame, should never have known fear of her owner and should be accustomed to going into the stable. We prefer the winter, as the heifer is more accustomed to being in the stable at that time, however, she should be tame enough to go into it at any time without fear. We try to be with her at the time of calving, as it seems to take away, in a great measure, her fear and anxiety for the safety of the calf, whereas if she is alone she fears for the calf when we come around later on. We are very careful not to frighten her.

We never touch her udder before she is fresh. In nearly every case she will resent it by kicking, and once started to kicking she may keep it up. We condemn the advice to accustom the heifer to having her udder handled, before calving. It is contrary to nature for a heifer to allow her udder to be meddled with. The first time we touch her udder is when the calf sucks the first time. It is natural then for her to want to be milked. The calf is allowed to suck on one side and we milk on the other. In a day or so the mother and calf are separated, but when milked, the calf is put with her for a few times, until she becomes accustomed to being milked. She is then considered to be broken. If her teats have a tendency to become sore, we grease them to keep them soft. Her teats must be gently squeezed at first and not pulled. It is very seldom a heifer kicks unless she is hurt.

LIVE STOCK NOTES.

Give the hogs wood ashes, sulphur and salt; they will keep the digestive system toned.

Have at least a part of the cows to come in in the fall. This is better than to have them all have calves in the spring.

The concentrates for work horses can rarely consist wholly of oats, because of the cost. Rolled wheat and barley are excellent substitutes and preferably cornmeal, or corn and cornmeal may form one third to one half of the ration.

The best time to sell is when the market is ready and the fowls just right. Never wait for a chick to mature, and the largest profit is for the early ones. The earlier they are hatched, and of a size fit for market, the better, as the early chicks are luxuries.

It is the amount of milk a cow gives in a year that determines her value and not the quantity she gives in a month or two, while the grass is at its best; a good cow cannot give a uniformness of milk unless she is fed uniformly; her milk is made from the food and that must be of such quality as will produce the best flow of milk and keep up her condition.

Cross breeding in animals never has developed and never will develop anything reliable. It is true that where a Jersey bull is crossed on a shorthorn cow there may be a heifer produced that individually is a good dairy animal and also a fairly good beef animal, but when these cross breeds are crossed with each other, one never knows what he will get. Some will favor in appearance one breed and some the other, and rarely will one be produced that will be the equal of either parent. This has been the experience of those who have tried it. No man has ever yet lived long enough to establish a uniform breed of animals from cross-bred parents.

After ducks are three months old they grow but little, and it is probably better to sell them when young, as they will cost more in food than the difference in price.

If a horse breaks loose and eats his fill of grain, do not water him, but give him a dose of oil. If he is watered the grain will be washed into his intestines, there to ferment and give him trouble. The oil will clear him.

If you let the young stock stop growing you may not be able to figure up your loss in dollars and cents, but you may be sure it will not be a trivial matter to deal with. All the rest of an animal's life is determined by the treat-

ment any other boy, owing to his fondness for playing pranks in class, yet it seemed impossible to score him off.

Giovanni Segantini, the artist, who recently died, was known as "the painter of the Alps" on account of his fondness for depicting mountain scenery. He was born at Arco, in the Tyrol, on a slope of the Alps overlooking Italy. His parents were very poor, and at his mother's death, when he was only five years old, his father sent him to live with relatives at Milan. He stayed there for two years and then ran away, intending to tramp from Italy to Paris. One evening some farm people found the boy utterly overcome by fatigue and hunger, and, taking pity on him, gave him food, and then employed him in minding pigs. This not very savoury occupation greatly pleased young Segantini, and he amused himself by drawing portraits of his charges on stones and pieces of slate. Later on he went back to Milan, and there studied art.

Sir Thomas Henry Sanderson, who retired a few months ago, after having been for over eleven years British Permanent Under-Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, always declared that the essential qualifications for a young man entering upon a diplomatic career were "the ability to remember all he hears and the sense to keep it to himself." A standing joke among those intimate with the Under-Secretary was that he never answered the simplest remark without carefully turning it over in his mind and examining it in all its bearings. On one occasion he met a well-known politician in the corridor of the Foreign Office, who called out genially, "A very fine day, Sir Thomas." "Is that so?" responded Sir Thomas, deeply meditating; "I will have inquiries made and let you know about it!" The King years ago dubbed Sir Thomas Sanderson "the Keeper of the Nation's Secrets."

Mr. R. D. Rockefeller, the "Oil King," is not very extravagant as regards "tips," though he cheerfully pays for extra attention when he thinks the service is worth it. Some time ago he suffered very much from rheumatic gout, and every evening a masseur visited him for professional purposes. The first night he called the oil magnate gave him an additional dollar, saying that the extra was owing to the inclement state of the weather. "And," he added, "every time it is wet you shall have an extra greenback." The attendant was highly gratified, and for the time being fine weather had no further attractions for him. If it was in the slightest degree damp, he would, on receiving his fee, remark: "Very dirty weather to-night, Mr. Rockefeller." And the man of billions would go to the window, study the atmosphere, and calculate whether the state of the weather called for an extra dollar. More often than not his opinion ran counter to that of the masseur, who had to cheerfully accept his legitimate fee and depart.

tracts of land in London, including the whole of Regent Street, with all the buildings thereon—that is to say, one of the most important thoroughfares in the fashionable shopping district. From this it will be seen that the English people can, thanks to their enjoyment of the revenues of the ably administered Crown property, afford to pay considerably more than they do toward the maintenance of their reigning house without it costing the tax-payer a cent.

The expression crown lands covers a great variety of property. It comprises, as I just mentioned above, entire shopping and residential districts of London, salmon fishings in Scotland, over 100,000 acres of the finest agricultural land in England alone, huge forests—among them Windsor, Great Park and the New Forest—canals, mines of every description from those of gold in Wales to those of lead in the Isle of Man; salt works and an extraordinary number of feudal dues and rents, the very names of which are beyond the comprehension of even the Englishman of average education. Then there are quarries and royalties and forfeitures, treasure troves and a quantity of other sources of revenue, though the "deadand" was the forfeiture to the Crown of any chattel which had been the cause of the death, accidental, or otherwise, of a human being; and by way of illustration I may mention that if a carriage ran over a child and killed it, the carriage became

ESCHEATED TO THE CROWN.

All these revenues derived from the Crown lands are paid, along with the other revenues of the State, into what is known as the Consolidated Fund. The first charge upon the latter is the interest of the national debt, the second charge is the civil list of the Sovereign and it is only after these two obligations have been met in their entirety that the balance becomes available for the expenses in connection with the maintenance of the Government. This shows better than anything else that the reigning house of England is in the eyes of the law not a stipendiary of the State, but a preferred creditor of the national treasury.

In conclusion it may be mentioned that the existence of the Crown lands dates from the dawn of English history, and Doomsday Book, compiled by William the Conqueror in the year 1085 A. D., shows that even in those days they comprised, in addition to all sorts of other property, royalties and fees, no less than 1,422 manors in England. In almost every century that has elapsed since then laws have been enacted by Sovereign and Parliament to prevent the alienation of Crown lands. Their management is vested to-day in the State Department of Woods and Forests and in the State Department of the Board of Works, at the head of which is J. Pierpont Morgan's nephew through marriage, Lewis Harcourt, who thus rather appropriately finds himself intrusted with the direction of what is probably the oldest trust in existence, namely Great Britain's Crown lands.

UNIQUE LIGHTHOUSE.

The most extraordinary of all British lighthouses is to be found on Arnish Rock, Stornoway Bay, a rock which is separated from the Island of Lewis by a channel over 500ft. wide. On this rock a conical beacon is erected, and on its summit a lantern is fixed, from which, night after night, shines a light visible by the fishermen far and wide. The way in which this lighthouse is illuminated is this. On the Island of Lewis is a lighthouse, and from a window in the tower a stream of light is projected on to a mirror in the lantern on the summit of Arnish Rock.



Mrs. Flynn—There you go—lendin' O'Hagan foive dollars after always sayin' you'd never trust a mon wid black hair and a red mustache.
Mr. Flynn—Tis all right, darlint. Oi made him shave it off before Oi handed over the money.—Life.

Hawshaw Holmes: "I wish to be vaccinated." Dispensary Surgeon: "What's your business?" Hawshaw Holmes: "I'm a detective." Dispensary Surgeon: "Stand out of the line, please, and give somebody else a place. There's no danger of your ever catching anything."

ADVICE OVER THE 'PHONE

DOCTORS WHO VISIT THEIR PATIENTS IN THAT WAY.

Nervous People Call Up Their "Medical Adviser" on the Slightest Provocation.

The writer recently met a certain well-known and highly respected New York physician who does a large and increasing practice over the 'phone. He is an extremely clever man, and so never risks sending advice when he feels that a personal interview is necessary. He is a surgeon as well as a physician, and recently when performing an operation in one of the big hospitals he was called up on the 'phone by a nurse in a children's infirmary, some three miles distant, who informed him that he was wanted immediately to attend a child who had dislocated his shoulder.

He could not leave his work, but he told the nurse to bring the child to the 'phone, and when she answered that the boy was in her arms he gave her minute instructions whereby she was able to put the dislocated shoulder back in its place. The whole thing took less than three minutes, and as soon as he learned that everything was "in order" the surgeon returned to his operation and smiled at the expressed surprise of his assistants.

"The 'phone," said the doctor in question, "has been of the greatest benefit both to the medical profession and its clients, and I do not know to-day how I should get through my work were it not for its aid. Not a day passes that I do not send advice to

A DOZEN PATIENTS.

over the telephone, and in nine cases out of ten the results are as satisfactory as though I had seen them personally. Of course, where the complaint is a serious one, and much depends on personal observation, I do not risk sending advice over the 'phone, though even in such cases as these I know my patients so well when all the symptoms are wired to me by an intelligent nurse I am enabled to prescribe with perfect safety.

"Only last week I had a case which I treated almost entirely over the 'phone. The patient in this instance was a boy who had met with an accident whereby his right leg was fractured. After setting the limb and leaving him in the care of a capable nurse, I found it was quite unnecessary to see him for several days. The nurse telephoning me his symptoms each hour, so that I was able to follow the results of the accident just as carefully as though I were beside his bed. The medicines were made up in my own dispensary and forwarded by express messenger to the nurse with minute instructions, which were followed to the letter. The lad never had a relapse, and to-day he will be out of bed.

"Of course, in diseases which may have a sudden termination, sending advice over the 'phone is too risky, and no medical man, however well he might know his patient, would, in such a case, be justified in adopting anything but

A PERSONAL ATTENDANCE.

I could tell you of one instance in which advice sent over the 'phone resulted in the patient's death—simply because the disease was one which required the closest attention; and this cannot be given without the presence of the doctor.

"The case was one of acute pneumonia—a disease which will take a sudden turn for the worse or the better in the twinkling of an eye. The patient had been progressing favorably, and the doctor had left him apparently comfortable and on the road to recovery, when the nurse noticed a sudden and

WONDERFUL CREDULITY

WITCHCRAFT IN LONDON AS TOLD AT THE SESSIONS.

Woman Deserted by Husband Gives Up Money When Told He Would be Restored to Her.

The London Daily Graphic says:—An extraordinary story of witchcraft was told at the Clerkenwell Sessions on Saturday, when a Russian Jewess named Rachel Neuhans, aged forty, was indicted for having obtained £5 14s by false pretences from Mrs. Annie Samuels and £25 from Rosie Silberberg.

Annie Samuels, a charwoman, of Brunswick street, St. George's, giving her evidence in Yiddish, through the interpreter, said her husband deserted her twenty-one months ago. Recently the prisoner called on her and asked her if she would like her fortune told for threepence. She laid out some cards, and, apparently reading them, said:—"Your husband has deserted you. I have power to bring him back again. Give me 2s 6d. I can relieve you of all your troubles and restore your husband, so that you will have to work hard no longer." She believed that and paid the money. The next day the prisoner asked for 1s 6d for candles, which being burned

IN A PECULIAR WAY,

with pins stuck all round them, would attract the husband to his home again. On another occasion she made mysterious passes with her hands over the fire, on which she had carefully deposited a red brick. The husband did not return, and the prisoner explained: "I must have more money. The more you give me the quicker I shall bring him home." She paid £5 14s in all. Then the prisoner insisted on having a night dress, some sheets and pillow cases. She was going to prepare these with a secret process, so that one night the witness would wake up and find her husband by her side. He would be wearing the nightdress and the pillowcases, which had been treated with something which had the wonderful power of preventing her husband ever running away again. (Loud laughter.) Her husband did not come back.

In answer to Mr. W. H. Sands, defending, Mrs. Samuels said she believed the prisoner to be a good witch who could perform magic. The witness produced a capacious bag out of which she brought a medicine bottle containing a magic liquid for sprinkling about the room, a paper packet containing some clippings from the back of a black cat, and some pins which she had to sew into her chemise. All these things were supposed to be necessary to restore her husband. (Loud laughter.)

Mr. Chester Jones (laughing heartily):—"This is the funniest case I have ever had before me.

Fanny Samuels, the witness' daughter, said that the prisoner provided powders and uttered mysterious words

TO CALL HER FATHER BACK.

Mr. Chester Jones—A sort of incantation, I suppose?
Mr. Sands (cross-examining)—Did you see the performance with the black cat?

The witness—Yes, and she threw something into the fire. It came out with a squeak. I had a fright and I ran away. (Laughter.)

Did she put the cat in the fire? A— I can't say what she did with the cat. Something was put on the fire.

Did the black cat frighten you? A— The squeak did.

You thought the prisoner a good witch? A— Yes; she showed us such miracles that she made us believe her. She produced a lot of Russian gold—handfuls—from her bosom, and said:—"I don't want your money. See, I have plenty of my own. All will be return-

IN THE NORTHERN WILDS

FINE SUMMER SPORT IN NORTHERN ONTARIO.

Mingling of Civilized and Savage Customs on the Shores of Lake Temagami.

Far up in the north woods of Canada about 150 miles from Georgian Bay, beautiful Lake Temagami lies clear and deep in the heart of the pine forests with nearly 1,000 little wooded islands studding its limpid surface. Withdrawn from settlement by the Ontario Government, these islands have been constituted a perpetual wilderness resort for the sportsmen and a lasting delight to all lovers of primeval beauty.

The quaint old town of North Bay until this year marked practically the end of the civilized trail and of itself awakened scarcely more than a passing interest. To reach Lake Temagami it has always been necessary to make a tedious journey from North Bay partly by canoes and partly overland, but now the trip is completed on a little railroad train which drops the traveler at Temagami station and then goes puffing on its way through the pine woods up into the district where rich silver ore has recently been discovered and where even last summer prospectors were swarming over the rocks tapping with their little long-handled hammers.

At the station Lake Temagami unfolds itself to view and everything else is forgotten in the prospect of the royal sport it suggests. Covering an area of 100 miles and with nearly

3,000 MILES OF SHORE LINE

the section presents ample opportunity for getting back to Nature and knowing life in the primitive.

Directly across from the station about seventeen miles distant is Bear Island, the largest of the group and a little steamer plies busily from shore to shore.

With the unerring instinct of their race the Indians named the lake Temagami—deep water—and it verifies its cognomen with 400 feet or more of depths of crystal clearness. The Indians on Bear Island belong to one of the oldest of the Chippewa tribes and live by trading with the Hudson's Bay Company. Once a year they are paid a bounty from the government, the occasion is celebrated with a grand ball in the fire ranger's cabin and all the countryside turns out to assist, some of the Indians canoeing fifty miles to join in the merrymaking. In the rough little cabin a grizzled old chief sits solemnly scraping a fiddle or a chance visitor at the inn is pressed into service to furnish music for the dancers. The young braves and squaws caper about with stolid expressionless faces, while ranged around the walls on all sides the older squaws with bright, beady black eyes, watch the performance with unflinching interest, and the tiny round head of a little swarthy pappoose nods patiently from side to side, with dreams undisturbed by

THE ANTICS OF ITS ELDERS.

Altogether it is a picture for the pen of the word artist, vivid with life and color. The little cabin of rough hewn logs, the low ceiled room with its dim flaring lights, rank perfume hanging heavy in the air, and the dusky braves and squaws with their pathetic incongruity of attire, all the dignity of a once noble race departed, sacrificed to civilization, made pitifully lawdry and cheap. Outside, the soft summer night drenched with the mystery of stars and of silence, the majesty of age-old forests, black with impenetrable shadows, the vastness of unfathomable spaces, the great fascinating wilderness of the north where the call of the wild sounds with mysterious, compelling force.

The fire ranger's cabins are really

GENTLE ART OF TOUCHING

ABOUT THE WELL-DRESSED BEGGARS OF LONDON.

Methods of Living Without Working Practiced by Seedy Members of British Aristocracy.

Every day in every London police court one or more unfortunate persons are sentenced to terms of imprisonment for begging in the streets. They are rogues and vagabonds, generally very ill-fed and ill-clothed, without any occupation except that which is technically known as "pitching the tale," and thereby abstracting odd pennies from the benevolent, writes S. Piers in the London Mail.

But while the ill-dressed beggar is given the opportunity of considering the error of his ways in a stone cell on a Spartan diet, London, and especially the west end, abounds with well-dressed beggars equally without other occupation, equally dependent upon other people's money, but against whom the police have no power, and whom the officers of the Mendicity Society would probably greet with a respectful salute.

MERELY BORROW.

They do not exactly beg, they merely borrow. But borrowing is a euphemism. They pay back on the Greek kalends. Verbally they "want a sovereign until to-morrow," but, as every school child knows, to-morrow never comes. While the whining beggar of the streets is a nuisance the experienced Londoner regards the affable, well-dressed gentleman who asks him casually if he "happens to have a sovereign about him" as being an infinitely greater and more expensive plague.

The successful borrower must be a man of ferocious imagination, dogged persistence, unflinching tact, and iron impudence. It is well always to adopt the method of the east end trader, and ask a great deal more than you are prepared to take. One recalls in this connection the famous Mr. Montague Tigg, who, after ambitious requests, was prepared to accept from Mr. Pecksniff the ridiculous sum of eighteenpence, and this was reproduced not so many years ago by a well-known aristocrat who was chronically impecunious.

SLID DOWN.

He drove up one night to the country house of a relative and asked to see him on most important business. He explained that he wanted \$3,000 at once, and that ruin stared him in the face unless the sum was forthcoming. The relative was Scotch, and the borrower was a diplomat, and the result was that after half an hour's wrangling he left the house perfectly happy with £1 in gold and three shillings in silver.

One well-known character, who died a short while ago, lived quite comfortably for many years on borrowed money. On one occasion he explained that, after great self-sacrifice, he had accumulated £13 towards his rent, and that he wanted another £3 to make up the necessary sum; but if this £3 was not forthcoming his house would be sold up, and his wife and children turned into the streets, in addition to all his own self-sacrifice coming to nothing.

SENTIMENTAL TOUCH.

It was a pretty story, and, told with the right dramatic emphasis, was an admirable source of income for several weeks, the gentleman working from bar to bar, and Bohemian club to Bohemian club, until the £3 had been obtained from every person with a banking account with whom he had a nodding acquaintance.

On another occasion, with tears in

doctor had left him apparently comfortable and on the road to recovery, when the nurse noticed a sudden and alarming change. She at once telephoned to the doctor, who sent some advice over the wire and said he would be up as soon as possible. But he was called away to a very urgent case and it was two hours before he was able to fulfil his promise. When he arrived the patient was dead.

"Many parents are extremely fidgety and nervous regarding their children—especially if they are very young—and I have been at times driven almost crazy during the night by the ringing of my telephone bell and the questions sent over the wire by anxious parents. Only the other night I was wrung up by a lady patient at three in the morning, she declaring that her baby had croup and was dying. I asked her if the child was coughing at that moment, and she replied: 'Oh, yes, doctor, something terrible.' Then I told her to bring the baby to the telephone and let him cough there once or twice, and I would soon be able to tell whether her fears were well founded. She immediately did as I told her, and in a moment I was

SCRAMBLING INTO MY CLOTHES.

for I could hear the infant crouping its little life away, and I knew that speed on my part was the only thing that would save it.

"I reached the house in record time, and, after three hours' constant attention, dragged the child out of danger, and to-day he is well. This was a case in which advice over the wire would have been useless, though had it not been for the phone the child's life would undoubtedly have been sacrificed, for long before the messenger could have reached me and I had answered the summons the disease would have accomplished its purpose.

"I have many consumptive patients, and men and women who are victims of other slow-killing diseases, whom I treat perfectly satisfactorily over the telephone. They inform me of the progress of the complaint, and I prescribe for them just as I would were I seated beside them and with quite as much skill. Some patients, of course, will not take advice over the phone, being prejudiced against the growing custom, and I never press them to do so. The fact remains, however, that I have many patients whom I sometimes never see for weeks together, and yet whom I am constantly attending to and advising by this method."

THE "NEVER CLUB."

Members Never Work, Never Wash and Never Pay.

"It has a bigger membership than any other club in London; its members are thoroughbreds, in that they are in no way associated with trade, commerce or industry; indeed any such contamination that may take place immediately disqualifies a member, exposes him to tortuure of all rights and privileges and summary expulsion from the club."

Thus spoke a London detective the other evening in describing the organization—which has ramifications in every part of London—of the "Never Club," which has been brought into notice by the conviction of one of its members at the Clerkenwell Sessions.

"How did it get its name? Because the members never did work, never do work, and never will work; also, they never wash, never pay; they never eat unless the food is begged or stolen; they never sleep unless in prohibited premises or outside.

"They are the loafers, the hooligans, who don't want to do anything but sulk through life. They are the cause of more trouble to the police of London than all other causes combined. We call them 'the nevers'—it is a slang term that fits them well.

"That's the Never Club, and it is growing amazingly in membership."

She produced a lot of Russian gold—handfuls—from her bosom, and said: "I don't want your money. See, I have plenty of my own. All will be returned when I have finished my work, but if you do not give me what I want I have the power to stop your husband from ever coming back."

Detective Sergeant Leeson said that during the five months the prisoner had been in London she had accumulated a large sum of money by these practices.

She was sentenced to nine months' imprisonment and certified for deportation.

30,000 SLAVES RELEASED.

Striking Evidence of the Benefit of British Rule.

Major Coryndon, the Administrator of Barotseland, who has just reached England from northwestern Rhodesia, gives an interesting account of the changes which have recently taken place in that remote region.

Perhaps one of the most striking of recent events, the Major states, was the act of King Lewanika, who, during an imposing function, held at his capital a few weeks ago, formally abolished slavery throughout his kingdom, thus immediately releasing some thirty thousand serfs.

"Perhaps one of the most striking evidences of the rapid progress which is being made," said the Major, "will be found in the fact that on my journey home I travelled the whole-way from Broken Hill to Cape Town by train a distance of 2,100 miles. When I first went to Barotseland the journey northward from Bulawayo was made by bullock wagon, the expedition through the thirst land being a long and hazardous undertaking. In the space of a few years this has all been changed, and the trip is now accomplished in a few hours by train.

"When we came into the country there were 13 different tribes of different language all owing allegiance to Lewanika, whose representatives were stationed with each tribe. This main system had not been altered, and to-day every district commissioner in each district has with him a direct representative of Lewanika, who assists him in hearing native cases and advising on matters of purely native administration. There is not the least sign of disaffection among the Barotsi.

"So great is Lewanika's desire for development and progress that he has recently, by public proclamation, given the final deathblow to the ancient system of serfdom or domestic slavery, which is common in Barotseland as among other South African tribes, and he has freed every slave in his dominions.

"For this purpose he held a great function in July. It was a most imposing affair. Lewanika, in full uniform, took his place in the centre of the principal group, there being some 2,000 natives present. Around the chief were gathered the Government officials, all the white men in the neighborhood, including 25 missionaries, and the reading by the Prime Minister of Lewanika's decree was a never-to-be-forgotten conclusion.

"As a result, between 25,000 and 30,000 natives have obtained absolute freedom. Lewanika is also making a strong point in keeping guns, ammunition, and liquor out of his country, and the laws, which are very stringent, receive loyal support from him."

SHOT BY HIS OWN DOG.

A sportsman named Lecorbec was shot by his dog near Vannes, France, the other day, while out after sea-fowl. He stood in his boat holding the barrel of the gun, the stock of which rested on the bottom of the boat. As he was about to push off the dog sprang aboard and dashed against the trigger, discharging the gun and killing Lecorbec on the spot.

the great fascinating wilderness of the north where the call of the wild sounds with mysterious, compelling force.

The fire rangers' cabins are really milestones, marking the progress on the beat of these government patrolmen. The duty of the rangers is not only to patrol the country to guard against forest fires, but also to see that there are no infringements of the game laws among the sportsmen. These cabins or offices are located from 30 to 50 miles apart and each fire ranger makes the rounds from cabin to cabin on his beat, covering a given territory in a stated time, sometimes travelling nearly a week without the sight of a human face or the sound of a human voice.

THE SPORTSMAN'S PARADISE.

Temagami has been rightly named the Sportsman's Paradise, it is ideal in every sense of the word. Two men and a guide have an easy day's work landing from 25 to 30 black bass or pickerel at an average weight of three to five pounds. The law limits the salmon trout catch to four a day, a feat that is easily accomplished in from four to five hours, the speckled beauties often weighing over 25 pounds. The Sierrist party had a mighty tussle with one big gamy fellow who had no mind to be landed. With 400 feet of line out and the gaff hook left behind on shore it became a mere question of tact and diplomacy. An hour and a half of patient advance and retreat partially tired him out and a little more skillful manoeuvring towed him to shallow water, where E. R. Smith received him in a slippery embrace and hurriedly flopped him aboard.

Not the least of the pleasures of the sportsman's life at Temagami are the shore dinners, prepared by the guide and eaten with a relish which is never enjoyed at the most luxurious hotel in the country. Sitting cross-legged like a Turk on the softest of carpets of balsam boughs, delicious whiffs from the pines stinging the nostrils, the whirr of wings overhead and the swirl of rushing water murmuring over the rocks, the outside world with its cares and perplexities assumes an aspect of unreality, life is only a playday, adrift and adream.—Myrtle Tower Schnell, in the Buffalo Express.

RUIN MENACES ST. HELENA.

Will be the Effect of the Removal of British Troops.

Every white man resident on the island of St. Helena has signed a petition to the British Government protesting against the proposed withdrawal of the military garrison there, and a league has been organized in London to promote the action of the islanders.

"St. Helena has 4,000 inhabitants, of whom 200 are whites," said A. G. Wise, the secretary of the St. Helena League, the other day. "The garrison consists of 200 men, and if they go the sole defence of the islanders will consist of a police force of five natives.

"Moreover, the white inhabitants derive two-thirds of their livelihood from the garrison. The proposed abolition of the coaling station and the withdrawal of the garrison constitute a palpable injustice, in view of the fact that the white inhabitants, following a direct suggestion of the Government, imported a large number of expensive sheep and cattle from England.

"If the soldiers leave these animals will be useless to the inhabitants, who limit themselves almost exclusively to a fish diet. All who can afford to leave the island are planning to do so, and the rest will have nothing to live on.

"The result will be that the Government will be called on to support these poor people, and will have to pay for the development of the mineral resources, especially the manganese. The cable of the Eastern Telegraph Company passes through the island, and this makes it additionally important that the garrison, the cost of which is very small, should be maintained."

count with whom he had a nodding acquaintance.

On another occasion, with tears in his eyes, he explained that the next day was his wife's birthday. He had, ever since their marriage, given his wife a little present, but on this particular year times were so bad that he found himself without the means to do so. His poor wife would be terribly disappointed, and he himself felt, perhaps, more keenly than he had ever felt before, the bitterness of poverty.

This was also a most successful story, some men finding a sovereign, others half a sovereign, some even five shillings, the present which the husband desired to give depending upon his knowledge of the generosity and the income of the person to whom he "told the tale."

This particular man always spent his summers in small towns on the coast of France, where there was a casino, loans from successful gamblers making an appreciable addition to his income.

SUPPER SNATCHER.

Another man, some years ago, attained fame in the west end as the "champion supper snatcher." He would go into a restaurant soon after 11 o'clock, look round the room until he had found an acquaintance, whom he would go over to and effusively greet, standing and talking till the man, for very shame's sake, was obliged to say: "Won't you sit down and have something to eat?" This was practiced more recently by another individual who frequented one of the most expensive restaurants, and obtained lunches and dinners by the same method.

There are, of course, always, in a city like London, a number of happy-go-lucky, well-to-do individuals who are utterly unable to resist the cry of the impecunious.

TOOLS OF PARIS COINERS.

Forty Young Men and Women Students Under Arrest.

More than forty young men and women of good family, students from the Latin quarter, are lying in La Sante Prison, Paris, awaiting trial on a charge of uttering base coin.

They have as companions in jail six of the most notorious professional coiners of the Continent, whom the police were enabled to capture at the same time.

These wholesale arrests have created great perturbation in some of the most respectable families in France. One of the prisoners is the son of a deputy, and most of the others are sons or daughters of highly placed Government officials, magistrates, and legal luminaries.

The discovery of the far-reaching operations of the coiners was brought about by the frequent complaints of shopkeepers in the Latin Quarter. So many reports were received of the passing of spurious 20-franc and 10-franc pieces that a watch was kept, and suspicion fell on the students of the Law and Fine Arts School.

One of these were arrested, and from his story it appears that the students were enticed into the traffic by the gang of professional coiners.

It appears that a number of the students whose remittances had run out were one day discussing their financial difficulties in the garden of Luxemburg, when three well-dressed men, who were strolling near by, entered into conversation with them. These men appeared to be strangers to Paris, plied the students with questions about the city, and eventually invited them to drink at a neighboring cafe.

Afterwards there were continual meetings, apparently by chance, and eventually the three men made a proposal that four of the students should join them in circulating imitation gold pieces. These pieces were to be supplied to the students at a fourth of the face value.

ADVERTISING UP-TO-DATE FIGHTING THE SAVAGES WHEN CALENDARS BEGAN HOBBIES OF RICH MEN

AMUSING SAMPLES OF NOVEL AND STARTLING FORM.

Apparently the Limit to the Ingenuity of Advertisers Has Not Been Reached.

If there is any limit to the ingenuity of the advertiser it is quite clear that it has not been reached yet, for every week it takes some novel and startling form. A few weeks ago 100 fat porkers were driven through the streets of Chicago, each piggie bearing on his expansive side the legend: "—s pork sausages defy competition"; while last winter an enterprising shoe-dealer of Quebec, with every pair of shoes purchased at his shops, presented a pair of overshoes with an advertisement stamped in relief on the soles, so that, as each wearer progressed, every footprint he made left this legend in the snow: "—s rubber goods go to any length." More original still, perhaps, is the device of Mr. Pink, a Samoan hotel-keeper, who advertises his beer in white letters on the chests of dusky natives and on the soles of boys' feet, so that when they dive for coppers alongside the visiting mail-steamers, the conspicuous words, "Pink's Beer," are read.

ON THEIR VANISHING FEET;

or the method adopted by a firm of carriage manufacturers at Ottawa, who engaged three very bald men to attend meetings, theatres, and so on, and to sit in a prominent position with an advertisement painted on each hairless cranium.

A firm of whisky-sellers in Ceylon not long ago engaged an aeronaut to make a series of balloon ascents, and during his aerial journeys to drop sample bottles of whisky far and wide, attached to miniature parachutes; while an ingenious tailor of Boston, Lincolnshire, England, has placed in his window ten large tortoiseshells, on the back of each is painted one letter of his name, and he offers a money prize to anyone who chances to see the tortoiseshells so arranged that the letters on their backs spell his name.

That was a clever device, too, of the New York theatrical manager who distributed cheques with a lavish hand, together with this message: "Dear Sir.—Assuming that your income be \$15,000 a year, and that you appreciate the fact that 'time is money', we enclose our cheque for 4 cents in payment for two minutes of your time at that rate, to be employed in carefully reading a

BRIEF AND HONEST STATEMENT

of a few of the many original, new, novel, applause-winning features to be found in the new three-act musical farce to be produced for the first time in New York on Monday evening."

It was in New York streets that the following curious spectacle might be seen a short time ago. First there marched an enormous bottle labelled "Stagg's Columbia Relish," the motive power of which was a man concealed within the capacious interior, bearing aloft a banner with the words, "I lead the way." Behind followed a gigantic cruel-stand on wheels, with four bottles, one of which was empty; and the rear-guard of this singular procession consisted of two boys trotting in a couple of small bottles labelled, "Other people's sauce—we can't catch up."

The American tradesman is a genius for inventing what he calls "eye-startlers" to arrest the attention of passers-by; and thus, when you walk along a business street, you will read such notices as these: "Our kids are always good. One dollar and a half for twins" in a glove-shop window; "The silk-worms would die of grief if they knew that we were giving their produce away for next to nothing"; "These shirts ought to be next your heart."

SIR F. LUGARD DESCRIBES THE METHODS EMPLOYED.

Young Lieutenant With Fifty Native Soldiers Destroys a Village and Releases Captives.

The war methods still required to deal with truculent African tribes are set out, interestingly in a number of despatches from Sir F. Lugard, published in the London Gazette. Operations in Northern Nigeria were rendered necessary by the predatory and slave-raiding expeditions of the warlike Munshi tribes. Lieut. Woods, who was left in charge of a detachment at Abinsi, decided on his own responsibility to attack a murderous village chief, who had a number of captives, one of whom he had murdered in cold blood. He was at the time preparing poison for his arrows in order to fight. A messenger sent to order him to release his captives was told that if he returned again his ears would be cut off and he would be made to eat them. Sir F. Lugard reports that the messenger somewhat naturally declined to take a further message, and Lieut. Woods attacked the village with only 50 native soldiers.

CAPTIVES IN DANGER.

"The ju-ju in the village was covered with blood, and a human arm was found in a hut. The village was destroyed, and subsequently the captives were given up, after discussion by the Munshis as to whether or not they should kill them all. Seventy-two more captives were released, making a total of 118 out of 163, which was the number missing so far as known, in addition to 76 actually seen to be killed."

Incidentally, it is disclosed by these despatches that the disturbances which broke out at Sokoto while these operations were in progress "gave cause for very grave anxiety." Lieut. Col. Hasler was so advised by the High Commissioner, and, as it appeared quite possible that there would be a general religious rising throughout the protectorate, he called on his officers and men "for a special effort."

How splendidly that call was answered may be understood by the fact that No. 1 column marched 312 miles, the last 180 miles of which were over a very bad and rocky road, in 12½ days, while another column covered 83 miles in less than 48 hours.

BARBAROUS TRIBES.

Operations in Southern Nigeria were carried on in a country very thickly populated "by tribes more barbarous and less intelligent than any hitherto met with." This country was split up into innumerable independent towns or communities, the chiefs of which were nearly always decrepit old men possessing little authority or control over their tribe, the real power being vested in the young men. The large quantities of arms of precision subsequently surrendered showed how very completely armed the population was.

The operations were brought to a successful conclusion, but were marked by a "regrettable incident" in the shape of the surprise, defeat, and retreat of a small force in the Kwale district, when all the three European officers were wounded, and there were 21 casualties out of a total rank and file of 70.

AMONG THE SLAVE-TRADERS.

A special expedition was sent into the Fende-Ontsha Hinterland, a region in which slave trading and human sacrifices existed, and which was unknown country, closed to trade. The expedition covered 1,100 square miles of country, most of which had not been previously visited, and the most continued and obstinate resistance was met with, trenches and stockades being found ev-

THE EARLIEST DATE FIXED IN EGYPTIAN RECORDS.

Egyptologists Put It Back to Year 4241 B. C. — How He Fixes the Time.

Prof. James Henry Breasted, of the University of Chicago, who just returned from an expedition to the upper Nile, has set back the first authentic date in the world's history 1,000 years. He has satisfied himself and a number of his scholarly intimates that records were set down in Egypt in the year 4241 B. C.

Recent excavations in the Nile valley by the University of Chicago Egyptian expedition, of which Prof. Breasted was the head, are the basis for his claim.

Beginning with 4241 B.C., which Prof. Breasted believes marks the beginning of the recording of the years, he finds a calendar was kept, not unlike that followed to-day.

CONCLUSIONS OF SCIENTIST.

Prof. Breasted's opinions and proof which are labelled "The Oldest Fixed Date in History," in part are as follows:

"The Egyptians had early determined the length of the year as 365 days, not being aware of the additional quarter, or nearly a quarter, of a day. This convenient year they divorced from the phases of the moon, and divided it into twelve months of thirty days each, with an intercalary period of five days at the end of the year. This, the first practical calendar ever evolved by an ancient people, remained an achievement unparalleled in any other civilization.

TRACES BACK CALENDAR.

"Now we know from a statement in Censorinus that some time in the period from 140-141 to 143-144 A. D., the calendar coincided exactly with the seasons, and that in one of the years in that period the rising of the Sothis took place on the first day of the calendar year. An entire revolution was completed at that time.

"That revolution must have begun 1,460 years earlier—that is, in 1320 B. C. The next earlier revolution must have begun in 2780 B.C.—that is, at about the beginning of the age at which we are first able to observe contemporary indications of the shift.

"Now, it is impossible that this calendar was first introduced at late as the twenty-eighth century B.C., in the midst of the highest culture of the Old Kingdom. Moreover, the five intercalary days at the end of the year, proving the use of the shifting year of 365 days, are mentioned in the Pyramid Texts, which are far older than the Old Kingdom.

HOW HE FIXES IT.

"The calendar existed, therefore, before the Old Kingdom, but if this is true, we must seek its invention at a time when its sessions coincided roughly with those of nature, as they must have done at its introduction. This carries us 1,160 years back of their coincidence in the Old Kingdom; that is, the calendar was introduced in the middle of the forty-third century B.C. (4241 B.C.).

"This is the oldest fixed date in history. This fact demonstrates not only a remarkable degree of precise knowledge of nature in that remote age, but also stable political conditions, and a wide recognition of central authority, which could gradually introduce such an innovation."

"This confinement," said the long-faced prison visitor, "must distress you greatly." "Yes," replied the functionary.

MILLIONAIRES AS FARMERS AND ENGINE-DRIVERS.

Modern Cressuses Love to Spend Their Hours of Leisure Away From Money-Making.

The hobbies of millionaires, like those of their less-dowered fellows, cover a wide range; but certainly the most novel of them all is that of Mr. Alfred Milard, an American banking Cressus, who is reported to spend much of his time, as head of the Omaha Humane Society, in the exhilarating sport of dog-catching.

It is a curious and interesting fact that many of the richest men of the United States love to spend their hours of leisure in farming of one kind or another; in fact, it is said that at least thirty of them are prouder of the corn they grow, and of their cattle, horses, or pigs, than of the millions they have acquired.

Mr. Theodore A. Havener, who has made a colossal fortune in sugar, has for some years spent his spare time in superintending his dairy-farm of 3,000 acres in New Jersey, and so skillful and successful is he that he draws a yearly net revenue of about \$25,000 from it.

MR. JAMES J. HILL,

the millionaire railway magnate, practices his hobby on a much larger scale, for, in addition to his farm of 5,000 acres at North Oaks, in Minnesota, on which he has collected the best breeds of horses and cattle from all parts of the world, he has a grain-farm, in the same State, of 35,000 acres; and Mr. Edward Harriman, another railway king, has an enormous farm at Tuxedo, on which he breeds some of the finest cattle and horses in the world.

Mr. James R. Keene, one of the most daring and successful speculators in Wall Street, divides his interests, apart from his business, between his paintings and other works of art for his palatial house in New York. Mr. W. C. Whitney, the "traction magnate," finds his chief recreation in the Adirondacks where he has a

FOREST OF OVER 33,000 ACRES.

stocked with moose, elk, and buffalo pheasants, grouse, and partridges which afford him and his many friends rare sport; while he has a much more costly hobby in his Fifth Avenue palace, which is a wonderful museum of treasures collected from all parts of the earth. Its tapestries alone are said to have cost \$1,000,000.

Mr. J. D. Rockefeller, the "king of millionaires," is a man of the simplest tastes, who spends his happiest hours in the company of his beloved violin or in an occasional solitary walk or drive. Mr. Iselin is an enthusiastic yachtsman, who has been amongst the most successful defenders of the coveted America Cup; and another millionaire who cultivates the same hobby is Mr. James Gordon Bennett, proprietor of the New York Herald, who some years ago was the first owner to cross the Atlantic in a racing yacht.

Mr. J. Pierpont Morgan, too, is a keen yachtsman, who spends all the time he can spare from his absorbing work of million-making on the sea. He is also a great dog-lover, and has spent at least \$5,000,000 in collecting some of

THE RAREST ART TREASURES

in the world. Mr. C. B. Flint is among the most famous of big-game shooters, and spends many delightful weeks every year among the Rockies, on the Canadian hills, or amidst the broad plains of South America; while his sloop Gracie B has won more prizes than any other yacht in the United States.

Mr. William Rockefeller finds his chief pleasure in his billiard-room; Mr. George Gould, son of Mr. Jay Gould, is

notices as these: "Our kids are always good. One dollar and a half for twins" (in a glove-shop window); "The silk-worms would die of grief if they knew that we were giving their produce away for next to nothing"; "These shirts ought to be next your heart."

"HOW'S YOUR PULSE?"

announces one saloon-keeper. "Is your tongue dry? If so, look out my son, or you're a gone goose. —'s beer is what you want; insist on having it, and kick if you don't get it." But, perhaps, the most original of these "eye-startlers" is the following notice displayed in a saloon in Los Angeles, South California: "If your wife drives you to drink, this is the place to get it. Step right in."

The proprietor of a book-shop displays this hospitable notice: "All looks here. Come in and have a look. Come Early. Stay late. Make yourself at home." "Don't be afraid of of going trouble," pleads a hatter; "we have the hat to fill you if we know the exact shape of your head. Our young men are warranted not to get fixed. They want to give you a comfortable fit, so you come again"; while another announcement reads: "Jones's drygoods are mine. Everything that W. H. Jones had in his shop last week is in my shop to-day. I bought at rock-bottom and I will sell at sun-dollar prices."

As an amusing illustration of the rivalry of advertisers, not long ago visitors to the South Coast of England might have seen a large number of boards with this notice prominently displayed: "Try J——'s Blood Reviver"; while, by the side of each board was another, provided by a local undertaker, which continued the counsel thus: "And then wire R—— to take your funeral order."

GRIM LOVE LETTERS.

Russian Generals Receive Death Sentences in Scented Notes.

Insurance companies will soon be justified in refusing life risks of Russian generals, if their extermination is to continue at the present rate.

The latest advices from Warsaw are to the effect that the governor of the city, General Skalon, is a doomed man. The general is on terms of close intimacy with his chief of staff, Councillor Jatscheffski. Both gentlemen are ardent admirers of the fair sex. A day or two ago the general received a scented note in a lady's handwriting, requesting him to hand an enclosed letter to his chief of staff. The writer explained that she feared the note, if sent direct, might fall into the hands of some lady addressee's household. The general, suspecting a love intrigue, was much amused, and immediately sent for M. Jatscheffski, who, strange to say, reported having received an exactly similar letter with an enclosure for General Skalon. The two enclosures were then compared. They were identical, and announced that sentence of death had been pronounced upon them both by the revolutionary committee.

NICKELS FOR FRANCE.

Copper Coins to be Recalled After December Next.

France is going to do away with her coppers. From the beginning of next December copper money will gradually be withdrawn from circulation and be replaced by pennies and halfpennies in nickel.

The shape and size of the new coins have not yet been decided on, but the Minister of Finance is considering several types, and it is thought probable that the coins will be about the size of a shilling and a sixpence respectively. They will most likely be made with a hole through them, or with flat edges, so that they shall not be mistaken for francs by careless people.

pieces existed, and which was unknown country, closed to trade. The expedition covered 1,100 square miles of country, most of which had not been previously visited, and the most continued and obstinate resistance was met with, trenches and stockades being found everywhere.

Operations in the East African Protectorate were rendered necessary owing to the refusal of the Nandi tribe to move into the nerves allotted to them after previous fighting and the proclamation of an armistice.

The operations were carried on in high altitudes, and in cold and inclement weather, which caused 15 per cent. of the British officers to be invalided. The turbulent Nandis were taught a much-needed lesson, and other warlike tribes were properly impressed.

It is noteworthy that the Uganda railway was found of great use in connection with these operations.

And there are men who are willing to marry rather than go to work.

"This confinement," said the long-faced prison visitor, "must distress you greatly." "Yes," replied the facetious convict, "I find the prison bars grating." "Ah, life to you is a failure." "Yes. It's nothing but a cell."

To get the cream of railway humor you must go to Ireland. An Irish railway porter simply can't help being funny. Only the other day a zealous luggage smasher wrathfully pulled a gentleman out of a third-class carriage because he had a first-class ticket. "Cheating the company," he called it. It must have been a relative of his who walked down a platform, put his head into each carriage of a train, and asked, "Is there anyone there for here?" But even this genius was eclipsed by a brother on the line who, before the departure of an express, fiercely rang a bell and bellowed in gloomy warning: "This train stops nowhere at all."

quian mine, or among the green peaks of South America; while his sloop *Grade B* has won more prizes than any other yacht in the United States.

Mr. William Rocketteller finds his chief pleasure in his billiard-room; Mr. George Gould, son of Mr. Jay Gould, is a keen fisherman and spends delightful days with the trout in the Adirondacks or on his famous lake in the Catskills; Mr. Chauncey Depew, the millionaire lawyer and senator, finds his chief enjoyment in attending dinners and in long tramps; and Mr. Cornelius Vanderbilt is as proud of his horses and horsemanship as of his riches.

Mr. John Jacob Astor is one of the best amateur engine-drivers in the world, and, as he has proved, can repair a locomotive as skilfully as he can drive it; and among other millionaires who make a hobby of engine-driving are Mr. Edward Green, president of the Texas Midland Railway, and Mr. Charles E. Pratt, who, to qualify for his hobby, served many months of apprenticeship in machine-shops, drawing the wages of a mechanic.

INVESTORS

Are awakening to the possibilities of **profits** in the mining industry. **Watch the market now.**

We have been recommending the purchase of some of the mining stocks, among them being Consolidated Smelters, Can. Gold Fields Syndicate, Sullivan, North Star, Dominion Copper, Granby Smelters, Nipissing Mines and a number of other British Columbia and Cobalt stocks, and we have **consistently and persistently** recommended

White Bear Mine Shares

We want you to associate the name of **Fox & Ross** with **White Bear**, and remember we have said repeatedly we believe "**Fortunes will be made in White Bear shares by purchasers who get in NOW**" before permanent shipments commence.

We Have Buyers and Sellers for

California, White Bear, Cariboo McKinney, Sullivan, North Star, Grant, Novelty, Virginia, Monte Cristo, Rambler, Can.

Gold Fields Syndicate, Consolidated Smelter, Granby Smelters, Nipissing Amalgamated - Cobalt, Albert, University, Foster. Colonial Invest-

ment & Loan, Dom. Permanent, Trust & Guarantee, Sun Hastings. Write or wire us about ANY Mining or Industrial Security.

Do not fail to write or wire us TO-DAY.

WIRE ORDERS AT OUR EXPENSE.

FOX & ROSS

STOCK BROKERS

—Members Standard
—Stock Exchange.

Standard Stock Exchange Building

Cor. Scott and Colborne Streets, **TORONTO**

Main 2765—ESTABLISHED 1887.

My Hair Ran Away

Don't have a falling out with your hair. It might leave you! Then what? That would mean thin, scraggly, uneven, rough hair. Keep your hair at home! Fasten it tightly to your scalp! You can easily do it with Ayer's Hair Vigor. It is something more than a simple hair dressing. It is a hair medicine, a hair tonic, a hair food.

The best kind of a testimonial—
"Sold for over sixty years."

Made by J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.
Also manufacturers of
Ayer's
SARSAPARILLA.
PILLS.
CHERRY PECTORAL.

The Napanee Express

E. J. POLLARD.

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

All local reading notices or notices announcing entertainments at which a fee is charged for admission, will be charged 50 per line for each insertion, in ordinary type. In black type the price will be 10c per line each insertion.

E. & J. HARDY & CO.

Advertising Contractors and
News Correspondents.

Fleet Street, London, E. C., England.

A file of this paper can be seen free of charge by visitors to London, to whom advice gratis will be given, if required.

TO OUR SUBSCRIBERS.

CHANGE OF CLUB RATES.

On and after 1st December, 1905, the following will be the Club Rates:

THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Montreal Weekly Herald...	\$1.00
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Weekly Globe.....	\$1.50
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Family Herald and Weekly Star.....	\$1.65
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Semi-Weekly Whig.....	\$1.65
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Weekly Witness.....	\$1.50
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Weekly Sun.....	\$1.65
Any three of the above papers.....	\$2.40
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS and the Daily Toronto Star.....	\$2.25

SEASON OF 1906.

UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE THE

Str. REINDEER

WILL RUN AS FOLLOWS:

LEAVE—Prinyer's Cove at 5.30 a. m. for Napanee and all way places. Leave Pictou at 3 a. m., Deseronto at 9.30, arriving in Napanee at 10.30, connecting with G.T.R. noon train going East and West.

RETURNING—will leave Napanee at 7 p. m., connecting at Deseronto with Steamers "Varuna" for Belleville and Trenton. Leave Deseronto at 2.30 p. m., Pictou at 4.30 p. m. for down the bay.

INVESTIGATION OF HORSE INDUSTRY.

Messrs H. S. Arkell, B. S. A., O. A. C., Guelph, and J. Sinclair, V. S. Cannington, will hold public meetings in this district to investigate the horse industry as follows:—

COUNTY OF FRONTENAC—Public Meeting, Harrowsmith, Nov. 5, 7.30 p. m. South Frontenac Institute District, Nov. 1 and 2, starting at Kingston, Centre Frontenac Institute District, Nov. 3 to 5, starting at Parham station.

COUNTIES OF LENNOX AND ADDINGTON—Public Meeting, Napanee, Nov. 13, 7.30 p. m. Addington Institute District, Nov. 6 to 8, starting at Yarker, Lennox Institute District, Nov. 9 to 13, starting at Napanee.

WHAT OTHER PAPERS SAY

Toronto Globe.

The expansion of Canada is the greatest event in the British Empire. This should end the complaint that Canada is not doing her share in the British syndicate of nations.

Montreal Witness.

The nomination of Mr. Hearst for governor probably puts New York out of the running for the democratic presidential nomination. There seems to be still an opening for a good fight if the right man could be found to step into the gap. But this surrender of the ruling New York wing of the party at the shrine of mammon is a wound that cannot be entirely healed.

Campbellford Herald.

The precautions taken in the early spring to discourage farmers from feeding turnips seem to have borne fruit. At the Cheese Board on Tuesday the salesmen were asked as to whether turnips were fed in the various factories, and it was found that five factories out of twenty-five which board cheese here feed turnips. Several factories which have used turnips for feed have stopped the practice, and it is now generally understood that the buyers will cut prices where the turnip flavor prevails. It is, therefore, to the advantage of factorymen not to feed turnips, leaving out of consideration altogether the damage to our reputation as a dairy Province.

Toronto Telegram.

The ideals of R. L. Borden are not numerous or extreme, but these ideals are right and firmly held. The great aim of R. L. Borden's public life is not to fill his own pocket. But why does not Mr. Borden surround himself with men who share his ideals and cherish his aims? If a leader is to be judged by the company he keeps, what will be the judgments recorded in the case of R. L. Borden by the company he kept on his historic tour of the west? The appeal of R. L. Borden to the west was that of a patriot statesman, and why were the patriots and missionaries he took with him to help regenerate the country so busy looking for hand-outs from Sir Thomas Shaughnessy and Mr. Donald D. Mann?

Winnipeg Free Press

The Manufacturers' Association has a perfect right, of course to advocate the erection of a tariff wall of prohibitive height. But when they try to pretend that while doing this they are at the same time upholders of the preference system, they are only making a mockery of the word.

Unless the Manufacturers' Association is prepared to announce its consent to such reductions in the present actual duties on

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY

DIED SUDDENLY OF HEART DISEASE.

How frequently does a head line similar to the above greet us in the newspapers. The rush, push and strenuousness of the American people has a strong tendency to lead up to valvular and other affections of the heart, attended by irregular action, palpitation, dizziness, smothered sensations and other distressing symptoms.

Three of the prominent ingredients of which Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is made are recommended by some of the leading writers on *Materia Medica* for the cure of just such cases. Golden Seal root, for instance, is said by the UNITED STATES DISPENSATORY, a standard authority, "to impart tone and increased power to the heart's action." Numerous other leading authorities represent Golden Seal as an unsurpassed tonic for the muscular system in general, and as the heart is almost wholly composed of muscular tissue, it naturally follows that it must be greatly strengthened by this superb, general tonic. But probably the most important ingredient of "Golden Medical Discovery," so far as its marvelous cures of valvular and other affections of the heart are concerned, is Stone root, or *Collinsonia Can.*, Prof. Wm. Paine, author of Paine's Epitomy of Medicine, says of it:

"I not long since had a patient who was so much oppressed with valvular disease of the heart that his friends were obliged to carry him up stairs. He, however, gradually recovered under the influence of Collinsonia (medicinal principle extracted from Stone root), and is now attending to his business. Heretofore physicians knew of no remedy for the removal of so distressing and so dangerous a malady. With them it was all guess-work, and it fearfully warned the afflicted that death was near at hand. Collinsonia unquestionably affords relief in such cases, and in most instances effects a cure."

Stone root is also recommended by Drs. Hale and Ellingwood, of Chicago, for valvular and other diseases of the heart. The latter says: "It is a heart tonic of

HANDLING THE APPLE CROP

In commercial orcharding, the business end of the enterprise, that of marketing the crop to the best advantage, is second only in importance to that of producing fruit of the best quality.

It is in this particular that there is the greatest need for improvement at the present time. There are hundreds of apple growers who can grow first class fruit to every one who can place it on the market when and where it will bring the best price. The growers who make the most out of their apples are those who keep in touch with the best markets at home and abroad. During the shipping season these men watch the market reports daily and unless prices are satisfactory they hold their fruit until good prices prevail. The great majority, however, of those who have apples to sell wait for some buyer to come along and sell for whatever he chooses to offer, usually from fifty cents to a dollar a barrel, or a lump sum for the crop on the tree. The latter plan is nothing less than gambling in apples, and in either case the grower seldom gets one-half what his fruit is really worth, if it were properly handled.

The remedy for this state of affairs and what is going to put the apple trade on a better business basis, is for the growers in each apple growing section to unite and form a co-operative association through which the grading, packing and marketing of the fruit may be accomplished.

During the past year a number of these associations have been formed in

at 10.30, connecting with G.T.R. noon train
going East and West.
RETURNING—will leave Napanee at
p.m., connecting at Deseronto with Steamer
"Varuna" for Belleville and Trenton. Leave
Deseronto at 2.30 p.m., Pictou at 4.30 p.m. for
down the bay.
This boat can be chartered for excursions on
very reasonable terms.
For further information apply to
JAMES COLLIER, Captain.

T. B. GERMAN,
Barrister and Solicitor,
MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES.
OFFICE: Grange Block, 60 John Street
26m Napanee

DEROCHE & DEROCHE.
H. M. Deroche, K. C., C. C. A.
H. M. P. Deroche, B. A.
Barristers Etc.
MONEY TO LOAN
Mr. H. M. P. Deroche will be in Tam-
worth every Wednesday.

HERRINGTON, WARNER & GRANGE.
Barristers, etc.
MONEY TO LOAN AT LOW RATES
Office—Warner Block, Opposite Post Office. 5

A. S. ASHLEY,
.....DENTIST.....
34 YEARS EXPERIENCE
—21 YEARS IN NAPANEE
Rooms above Mowat's Dry Goods
Store, Napanee.

R. A. LEONARD, M.D., C.P.S.
Physician Surgeon, etc.
Late House Surgeon of the Kingston General
Hospital.
Office—North side of Dundas Street, between
West and Robert Streets, Napanee. 51y

W. G. WILSON,
BARRISTER.
Solicitor, Notary Public, Conveyancer, Etc
P. O. Box 620. Telephone No. 63.
OFFICE—North Side Dundas Street,
Napanee, Ont.

D. C. H. WARTMAN
DENTIST.
It will be impossible for me to continue the
out of town visits, but if our friends at Yarker
and Tamworth will do me the favor of coming
to my office in Napanee, I will do my best
to please them. All work guaranteed first
class. 4
The C. P. R. have given additional
orders for \$7,000,000 or \$8,000,000 worth
of rollingstock to be built at Montreal.
Reports to the Provincial Board of
Health show that there is considerable
typhoid fever in northern Ontario.
King Edward Toilet Paper, is not
only the highest grade, but the cheap-
est Toilet Paper, more sheets in the
roll.
BOYLE & SON

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE
PATENTS
TRADE MARK DESIGNS COPYRIGHTS & C.
Anyone sending a sketch and description may
quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an
invention is probably patentable. Communications
strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents
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Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive
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Scientific American.
A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest cir-
culation of any scientific journal. Terms, \$3 a
year; 4 months, \$1. Sold by all newsdealers.
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Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

such cases, and in most instances effects a
cure." Stone root is also recommended by Drs.
Hale and Ellingwood, of Chicago, for
valvular and other diseases of the heart.
The latter says: "It is a heart tonic of
direct and permanent influence."
"Golden Medical Discovery," not only
cures serious heart affections, but is a
most efficient general tonic and invigor-
ator, strengthening the stomach, invigor-
ating the liver, regulating the bowels
and curing catarrhal affections in all
parts of the system.
Dr. Pierce's Pellets cure Constipation.

\$100 Reward \$100
The readers of this paper will be pleased to
learn that there is at least one dreaded disease
that science has been able to cure in all its
stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh
Cure is the only positive cure now known to
the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitu-
tional disease, requires constitutional treat-
ment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally,
acting directly upon the blood and mucous
surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the
foundation of the disease, and giving the
patient strength by building up the constitution
and assisting nature in doing its work. The
proprietors have so much faith in its curative
powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars
for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list
of testimonials.
Address F. J. CHENEY & CO. Toledo, O.
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Stung to the Quick.
"Henry, you look very pale. What's
the trouble?"
"I was stung to the quick by an
adder this afternoon."
"How did it happen?"
"Why, I dropped in at the bank, and
the bookkeeper told me my account
was overdrawn."

Diamond Cut Diamond.
Question for debating societies:
When a life insurance agent tackles a
book canvasser, will the canvasser get
his life insured, or will he sell a
book?

Its Only Use.
First Small Boy—I wish I had that 5
cents back I spent for candy. Second
Small Boy—What would you do with
it? First Small Boy—Buy more candy.
Baldness.
Dot—Father, why do men get bald
sooner than women? Father—Because
they don't wear their hair so long.

One Cold and Another
The season's first cold
may be slight—may yield
to early treatment, but the
next cold will hang on
longer; it will be more
troublesome, too. Un-
necessary to take chances
on that second one. Scott's
Emulsion is a preventive
as well as a cure. Take
SCOTT'S EMULSION
when colds abound and
you'll have no cold. Take it
when the cold is contracted
and it checks inflamma-
tion, heals the membranes
of the throat and lungs
and drives the cold out.
Send for free sample.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists
Toronto, Ont.
50c. and \$1.00 . . . All druggists

BARRET
A terrific wind and rain storm pass-
ed through this vicinity on Monday
and Tuesday of this week.

Farmers are now able to resume
their fall ploughing, owing to the
recent rains.

Mr. Herbert Armstrong had a husk-
ing day on Wednesday eve.

Mr. Gordon Storrington is confined to
the house with rheumatism.

Mr. Joseph Lasher is erecting a
building in Napanee for our popular
Merchant, Mr. C. H. Spencer, of Roblin.

The Stock-holders meeting on Thurs-
day evening, was fairly well attended.
The Government Inspector from King-
ston being present, but little business
was transacted, the meeting being ad-
journed until the 18th Oct.

Rev. C. W. DeMill preached to quite
a large congregation on Sunday last.

Our Sunday school closes the 28th
of this month, we hope every person
will be present until that date.

Mr. Anderson, the Inspector of
Public Schools, visited our section last
week.

To Mr. and Mrs. N. W. Smith a son.
Mrs. Ezra Thompson, of Dauphin,
Man., is visiting friends here.

Miss Eleanor West, of Utica N. Y.,
is spending a few weeks under the
Parental roof.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Winters are at
Mr. L. Fox's.

The Speed of Light.
Just think of it! Eleven times
around this globe of ours in the space
of sixty seconds! Can you imagine
anything that moves with such remark-
able speed? Sound travels only twelve
and a half miles per minute and a
rifle ball (if its speed were not dimi-
nished by resistance) sixteen and a half
miles. Light passes through a dis-
tance equal to seven and a half rev-
olutions of the earth in one minute, but
electricity travels so astonishingly fast
that it is able to complete the circuit
of the earth eleven and a half times in
sixty seconds.

Oratory in the Commons.
One of the London weeklies laments
the decay of oratory in the house of
commons. An observer has classified
the styles of parliamentary speaking
thus: "Haw haw" style, the "hum and
haw" style and the "he haw" style.
The first, he says, is used by the
haughty gentlemen who loiter in triumph
on the treasury bench, the second dis-
tinguishes the utterances of the keen
and watchful gentlemen on the front
opposition bench, while the third sort
fairly describes the effort of the pri-
vate member.

She Suspected It.
"Why, Mrs. Parvenu, this is unmis-
takably an old master," said the enthu-
siastic caller.
"That's just what I told John. I'll
send it back to have it repainted and a
new frame put on."

Time and Trouble.
Ten minutes would get rid of lots
of trouble that it takes hours to tell.—
New York Times.

CASTORIA.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the
Signature of
Wm. D. Little

packing and marketing of the fruit
may be accomplished.

During the past year a number of
these associations have been formed in
various parts of the Province and the
prices obtained by some of them for
last year's apples have made the grow-
ers enthusiastic over this method of
handling the crop.

An effective co-operative association
for this purpose involves the selection
of an honest, wide-awake business man-
ager, and the erection of a central
packing and storage house at the most
convenient point for shipment.
Through such an organization, boxes
and barrels can be purchased whole-
sale to better advantage than they can
be obtained by single individuals; the
grower can devote his whole attention
to gathering the crop at the proper
season and delivering it in good con-
dition at the central packing house; the
association relieves him of all care
and responsibility in grading, packing
and marketing; and with this work in
hands of expert packers, the grade of
fruit can be made uniform, and the
packing can be done properly, which,
in time, inspires confidence in the pur-
chasing public. In short, the co-op-
erative system of handling the apple
crop, under proper management, assures
the consumer of a better product, and
realizes to the grower a greater profit.

Happy Days.
Fred—Mamma, our principal says his
school days were the happiest days of
his life. Do you believe that? Mam-
ma—Certainly. He wouldn't say so if
it were not true. Fred—Well, I sup-
pose he played hooky and didn't get
caught.

Unsuspected Art.
"Did you know that forestry is real-
ly a branch of art?"
"No. How so?"
"In its wood cuts, you know."

If a person determines early in life
that a cheerful disposition is worth
having and strives to obtain it and
does so that person is a success in a
fine sense of the word.

Many housewives think
it cheaper to buy than to
bake. That is because their
baking isn't successful every
time. Their failures run
the cost up. Get
**Royal Household
Flour**
and follow directions. The
result will be light, whole-
some bread or pastry every
time. You pay a few cents
more for Royal Household,
but those few cents buy
certainty and purity. Your
grocer can supply you.
Ogilvie Flour Mills Co., Ltd.
155 Montreal.



Was From a Thumb Bite.

Perhaps the most portentous if innocent incident in the proceedings leading up to England's war with King Theodore of Abyssinia was—a thumb bite. The British consul was practically a prisoner at his court when Mr. Stern, a British missionary, called upon the "king of kings." The first mistake of the Englishman was to seek an audience immediately after the king had dined too liberally with his court. The second was his choosing as interpreters two utterly incompetent men. The inefficiency of this pair so angered the dusky monarch that then and there he ordered them to be beaten. Mr. Stern, "unable to bear the sight, turned around and bit his thumb." Now, he was not aware of it, but to bite the thumb is in Abyssinia a defiance and a threat of vengeance. The quick eye of the king caught the innocent menace, and he had the missionary also beaten. From that sprang the war, the defeat of the forces of the king and his death by his own hand in his ruined city of Magdala.—London Standard.

The Eternal Wilderness.

We still have our "unmansified" places. And there shall come to us a wilderness here and another there where now there is none, for everything moves in circles, which is not at all a new discovery, and the man who today laments a dearth of the wilderness may live long enough to find himself one day wielding an ax as dull as the pen he now beavals with—and forty miles from a grindstone. We shall not remonstrate with the writers who are picturing us going to eternal smash for want of tall timber. Their work is not without its good effect in staying the denudation of our nearby recreation grounds, and we are content to watch the wily old wilderness creeping in from the rear of the advancing army of invasion, reaching out with sure, silent fingers and reclaiming her own, building anew her razed stockades and unfurling to the winds her defiant banners.—Recreation.

The Ears of Insects.

Simply because a bee has no ears on the sides of its head it is no sign whatever that it is wholly without some sort of an auditory nerve. This is proved by the fact that grasshoppers, crickets, locusts and flies all have their ears situated in queer places—under the wings, on the middle of the body and even on the sides of their legs. The common house fly does its hearing by means of some little rows of corpuscles which are situated on the knobbed threads which occupy the place which are taken up by the hind wings of other species of insects. The garden slug or shellless snail has its organs of hearing situated on each side of its neck, and the common grasshopper has them on each of its broad, flat thighs. In some of the smaller insects they are at the bases of the wings and in others on the bottom of the feet.

Way of One Man.

He was romantic, but bashful for his age. At twenty-five it is expected nowadays that a man should be matter of fact. She was his equal in romance, but a trifle older, old enough indeed to be a widow. The conversation had turned on the ever important subject of mothers-in-law. There was a lull in the argument. Gazing far, she sighed and said:

"Ah, me! I shall never have another mother-in-law!"

He looked at her with interest for a moment and then suddenly blurted out:

A FAMOUS OLD HYMN.

Pathetic Origin of "Blest Be the Tie That Binds."

A pathetic and yet charming story is told of the origin of the well known hymn, "Blest Be the Tie That Binds," which was written by Rev. John Fawcett, an English Baptist, who died in 1817, having spent nearly sixty years in the ministry.

It was in 1772, after a few years spent in pastoral work, that he was called to London to succeed the Rev. Dr. Gill. His farewell sermon had been preached near Moinsgate, in Yorkshire. Six or seven wagons stood loaded with his furniture and books, and all was ready for departure.

But his loving people were heart-broken. Men, women and children gathered and clung about him and his family with sad and tearful faces. Finally, overwhelmed with the sorrow of those they were leaving, Dr. Fawcett and his wife sat down on one of the packing cases and gave way to grief.

"Oh, John," cried Mrs. Fawcett at last, "I cannot bear this! I know not how to go."

"Nor I either," returned her husband, "and we will not go. The wagons shall be unloaded and everything put in its old place."

His people were filled with intense joy and gratitude at this determination. Dr. Fawcett at once sent a letter to London explaining the case and then resolutely returned to his work on a salary of less than \$200 a year.

This hymn was written by Dr. Fawcett to commemorate the event.

FASTING FADS.

They Should Find No Favor With Nervous, Anaemic People.

It is said by some physicians that a good deal of the insomnia, extreme thinness and general debility from which Americans suffer is due to the various fasting fads. Here a man goes without breakfast, there a woman makes a point of going hungry to bed. Another systematically omits a meal at noonday, and so it goes. Where people are constitutionally below par and in a position where they can only hope to maintain a fair degree of efficiency by keeping up their vitality such "stunts" are of questionable virtue. Sturdy, full blooded people, with iron nerves and digestions that can negotiate nalls, may try starving themselves with impunity perhaps. Thin, anemic, nervous people, on the other hand, generally need all the food they can eat and all the blood they can make. If such people would eat before going to bed they would generally see an increase in vigor, for the reason that while the wear and tear of the body were suspended digestion and assimilation would still be going on. In other words, the body would be making more tissue than it destroyed; hence an increase in blood, in weight and in health. At least that's the way one physician explained things to a woman of the pale, thin type who applied to him "all run down."

A Humming Bird's Umbrella.

In front of a window where I worked one summer was a butternut tree. A humming bird built her nest on a limb that grew near the window, and we had an opportunity to watch her closely—in fact, we could look right into the nest. One day when there was a heavy shower coming up we thought we would see if she covered her young during the rain. Well, when the first drops fell, she came and took in her bill one of two or three large

Red Rose Tea

"is good tea"

It has that "Rich Fruity Flavor" which belongs to Red Rose Tea alone.

Prices—25, 30, 35, 40, 50 and 60 cts. per lb. in lead packets

T. H. ESTABROOKS, ST. JOHN, N. B. WINNIPEG.
TORONTO, 2 WELLINGTON ST., E.

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DRS. KENNEDY & KERGAN

The Leading Specialists of America. 25 Years in Detroit. Bank Security.

Nine out of every ten men have been guilty of transgression against nature in their youth. Nature never excuses, no matter how young, thoughtless or ignorant he may be. The punishment and suffering corresponds with the crime. The only escape from its ruinous results is proper scientific treatment to counteract its effects.

The DRAINS, either by nightly losses, or secretly through the urine, must be stopped—the NERVES must be built up and invigorated, the BRAIN must be the SEXUAL ORGANS must be vitalized and developed, the blood must be purified, its influence the brain becomes active; the blood purified so that all pimples, blotches and ulcers disappear; the nerves become strong as steel, so that nervousness, bashfulness and dependency disappear; the eyes become bright, the face full and clear, energy returns to the body, and the moral, physical and sexual systems are invigorated; all drains cease—no more vital waste from the system. The various organs become natural and manly. We invite all the afflicted to call. Pay. We treat and cure: Varicocele, Blood Diseases, Stricture, Gleet, Emissions, Urinary Drains, Spermatorrhoea, Unnatural Discharges, Kidney and Bladder Diseases.

CONSULTATION FREE. BOOKS FREE.

If unable to call, write for a QUESTION BLANK for Home Treatment.

DRS. KENNEDY & KERGAN,

148 SHELBY ST., DETROIT, MICH.

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HEART DISEASE

RELIEVED IN 30 MINUTES

AND THAT IS NO IDLE STATEMENT TO CATCH THE UNWARY, BUT A THOUSANDS OF TIMES OVER PROVEN AND VOUCHER FOR FACT—AND THE MYSTERIOUS POWER OVER THIS DREADED DISEASE LIES IN THE FORMULA OF

Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart

A cure that has stepped to the bedside of a sufferer in the clutch of death. A cure that has unloosed the grip and stopped the pain in 30 minutes and gently led the heart-wracked soul out from the darkness and despair to the brightness and happiness that comes to one whose heart beats true, whose blood tingles with life and vigor. Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart is not heralded as a miracle worker, but it has many miraculous cures to its credit.

Weak heart—weak blood—weak nerves travel hand-in-hand, and you find the symptoms in such sensations as palpitation, fluttering, shortness of breath, weak and irregular pulse, smothering spells, chilly sensations, fainting spells, swelling of feet and ankles, weariness, tired feeling; all these presage heart disorder and you cannot afford to neglect them. Dr. Agnew's Cure for the heart is a tried remedy—the sure remedy—the quick acting remedy—a real life saver.

ALL DRUGGISTS AND MEDICINE DEALERS SELL IT.
DR. AGNEW'S OINTMENT relieves Itching and Protruding Piles with one application
DR. AGNEW'S CATARRHAL POWDER cures Catarrh, Hay Fever, Cold in the Head

Sold by Fred L. Hooper.

Removed the Growth

He looked at her with interest for a moment and then suddenly blurted out "My mother died when I was very young!"

It was an inadvertence, but he could not draw back. She threw herself into his arms, and they have lived happily—up to now.—New York Press.

The Sheep Drives the Wolf.

The wolf will perish, eaten up by the sheep. The sheep is not what a vainglorious folk have imagined. The sheep presses forward, irresistible driving before him lions and tigers driving before him man.

Man?

Yes, man. Ask those thousands of English, those thousands of Scotch, those thousands of Irish, who have been driven back into the sea by flocks of sheep, urged forward by certain noble lords and large proprietors.—

Amputation Avoided.

ZAM-BUK CURES EXTRAORDINARY CASE OF CHRONIC ULCER.

KINGSTON LADY CURED AFTER HAVING BAD LEG FOR FIVE YEARS.

A powerful example of the healing virtue of Zam-Buk is provided by the case of Mrs. Lizzie Gilmore, who resides with Mrs. Wathen in Princess street, Kingston, (Ont): "Five years ago," she says. "I bruised my left leg just above the ankle causing an ulcer which developed into a very serious wound. There was soon an ulcerated sore around my limb like a bracelet. The foot and ankle were swollen to nearly three times the normal size, and I had to give up wearing a shoe. The pain was terrible. I had medical attendance, and was also treated by a New York doctor, but I got no ease. Then I went into a hospital and was there for nine long months. While there it was at one time thought advisable to amputate the limb, but this was not done, and at the end of nine months I left the hospital. Soon afterwards the ulcer was as bad as ever, and as I thought of all the pain and suffering I had gone through I felt absolutely discouraged.

At this stage I read in the newspaper about Zam-Buk. I determined to make one more attempt to get a cure. The first few applications brought me the only relief from agony I had had for a long time. The swelling went down as I preserved with the Zam-Buk treatment and the ulcer took on a cleaner and more healthy appearance. All the poisonous matter was cleaned out by the balm, and the ulcer then began to heal. New pink flesh has now grown where before was a raw and inflamed sore. Eight boxes of Zam-Buk have done the work, I can now walk about and go up and down stairs and I cannot feel too grateful for what Zam-Buk has done for me. I deem it my duty to let others who suffer as I have suffered know of this excellent preparation."

Zam-Buk cures eczema, abscesses, ringworm, scalp sores, and all skin diseases by a process of clearing out the poisonous secretions and building up new healthy tissue. It is also a cure for cuts, burns, bruises, sore feet, chafing sores, chapped hands, etc. It stops bleeding, eases the itching and smarting of piles, and in a hundred ways is the handiest and household balm. All druggists sell at 50c a box or direct from the Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, on receipt of price (6 boxes for \$2.50). Send one-cent stamp and full name and address and a free sample box will be mailed to you.

the first drops fell, she came and took in her bill one of two or three large leaves growing close by and laid this leaf over the nest so as to completely cover it. Then she flew away. On examining the leaf we found a hole in it, and in the side of the nest was a small stick that the leaf was fastened to or hooked upon. After the storm was over the old bird came back and unhooked the leaf, and the nest was perfectly dry.—Exchange.

The Lost Golf Ball.

"Once in Scotland," said a professional golf player, "I saw a lost ball cause a great commotion. Over there, you know, a lost ball means a lost hole. Two professionals were playing, and one of them lost a ball in the tall grass. He searched for it a long time. Nearly half an hour passed. His opponent kept urging him to admit that the ball was lost and to forego a hole, but this the other refused to do. And finally, with a triumphant laugh, he pounced down, fumbled in the weeds and rose with a ball in his hand.

"Here's my ball. I've found my ball," he shouted.

"'Yer a liar,' said the other professional, 'for I've got it here in my pocket.'"

Rather Rough.

Above the stairway there flickered a candle, and then a deep voice called from the shadows:

"Katherine, Katherine, who is that sandpapering the wall this hour of the night?"

A long stillness and then:

"No one down here, father, dear. I guess it must be next door."

The candle vanished and then from the gloom of the parlor:

"George, you big goose, I told you never to call on me unless you had been shaved!"

After the Fall.

"I always pitied Adam and Eve for being driven out of Eden in such insufficient clothing, just as winter was beginning."

"How do you know it was winter?"

"Why, it was just after the fall, wasn't it?"

The best education in the world is that got by struggling to make a living.—Phillips.

Beit's Generosity.

One of the many persons whom Alfred Beit, the diamond multimillionaire, had befriended repaid him with ingratitude and abuse. Later the ingrate fell on evil times. Though down in the gutter, he still had a little shame left and would not ask Mr. Beit for help. The South African diamond magnate sent for one of the unlucky one's friends and said: "Go and see So-and-so. Ask if he wants any help and give it to him, but don't let him think it is from me. I have had a difference with him, and perhaps it would annoy him."

Politics.

"Mornin', congressman. I"—
"Well, it's old Jim Smith. Jim, how are you? Have a cigar, Jim."

"Thought I'd come around to tell you that I'd moved out of your district, but"—

"Indeed, Mr. Smith."

"You see, I wanted to find out if"—

"Yes, Smith."

"If you could use your influence to"—

"Sorry, my man, but I can't stop. Good morning."

Builders Hardware of every conceivable kind. Rathbun's Star Brand of Portland Cement, it pays to buy the best.

MADOLE & WILSON

Removed the Growth.

DOUGLAS & CO., NAPANEE, ONT.

DEAR 'SIRS,—During year 1890-91 I was troubled with a large lump growing on the right side of my neck near the ear. Had consulted several physicians and used everything I could hear of, all to no use. Was told to use,

Douglas' Egyptian Liniment.

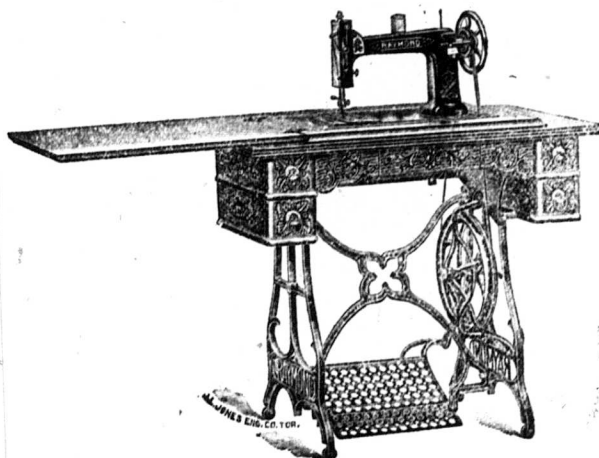
I did, and before I had used half a twenty-five cent bottle was permanently cured. Since then I have used it for everything where outward application is required; am yet to learn of anything in reason that I cannot cure with it. No man has any idea of its value until he has used it; would not be without it under any circumstance

Respectfully yours,

NATHANIEL W. REID.

Enterprise P. O.]

TAKING THE LEAD



THE NEW RAYMOND

JOHN DALTON, Agent.

Napanee, and Deseronto.

An Unprecedented Offer!

THE
NAPANEE EXPRESS

—AND—
The FAMILY HERALD

Till the End of
1906 for

50c.

The Family Herald from now till the End of the Year 40c
THE NAPANEE EXPRESS from now till end of the Year 35c

Fruit-a-tives

OR "FRUIT LIVER TABLETS"

Fruit-a-tives will cure the worst case of Chronic Constipation and Biliousness.

Because Fruit-a-tives are the true liver tonic. They strengthen and invigorate the liver—make the liver give up enough bile to move the bowels regularly. The bile is nature's laxative.

Fruit-a-tives are the finest Kidney and Bladder Remedy in the world.

Fruit-a-tives reduce inflammation and congestion—relieve the over-supply of blood—enable the kidneys to rid the system of waste—and thus prevent the formation of uric acid. Fruit-a-tives take away that pain in the back—and quickly cure irritated Bladder.

Fruit-a-tives completely cure Headaches and Rheumatism.

Headaches and Rheumatism both mean poisoned blood. Either the skin, kidneys or bowels are not ridding the system of waste matter. Fruit-a-tives invigorate and strengthen these organs—start up healthy, normal action—rid the system of poisons—and purify and enrich the blood. That means away with Headaches and Rheumatism.

Fruit-a-tives are the ideal tonic for everyone.

Fruit-a-tives build up, strengthen, invigorate. They sharpen the appetite—steady the nerves—enable one to sleep well—and keep the whole system in perfect health. They are fruit juices, concentrated and combined with tonics and internal antiseptics.

50c. a box or 6 boxes for \$2.50. Sent on receipt of price if your druggist does not handle them.

FRUIT-A-TIVES LIMITED - OTTAWA.

The earliest known mention of shaving is in the Bible (Genesis xiv, 14), "And he (Joseph) shaved himself and came before Pharaoh." Shaving the beard was introduced by the Romans about 300 B. C.

The Plausible Lie.

We resent calumny, hypocrisy and treachery because they harm us, not because they are untrue. Take the detraction and the mischief from the untruth, and we are little offended by it. Turn it into praise, and we may be pleased with it. And yet it is not calumny and treachery that do the largest sum of mischief in the world. They are continually crushed and are felt only in being conquered. But it is the glistering and softly spoken lie, the amiable fallacy, the patriotic lie of the historian, the provident lie of the politician, the zealous lie of the partisan, the merciful lie of the friend and the careless lie of each man to himself that cast that black mystery over humanity through which we thank any man who pierces it as we would thank one who dug a well in a desert. Happy that the thirst for truth remains with us even when we have willfully left the fountains of it.—John Ruskin.

Trade's Sensitiveness.

German goods go where British goods might, but do not. Here is a case. The Russian joiner, not being a meat eater, has not much muscle and cannot use a heavy hammer. So he buys and uses the German light hammer made for him, while he has no use for the heavier one of English make.—London Post.

Inns in Hungary.

Wayside inns in Hungary generally rejoice in very quaint titles. This one was called the Dropperin and had the usual sign outside—viz, a long pole with a wooden ring and a gigantic wine bottle suspended from it. The system of keeping the scores is primitive, but practical. The regular customers and the innkeeper each have a bit of wood called rovas, with the name of the person written on it, and every liter of wine consumed is marked by each making a notch on his respective bit of wood. When the score is paid off, both the rovas are burned. Consequently you hear the peasants inviting each other to ingyonroviasmorra, literally drink on my "knotch stick," which sounds most comical.—"Wanderings in Hungary."

Cruel.

A cashier in the financial district of New York, on being advised by his physician to take a vacation not long ago, wrote the agent of a South American steamship line as follows: "As I am thinking of taking a trip to South America, please advise me immediately with particulars relative to rates, accommodations, and so on, to and from the various ports usually visited by tourists at this season of the year." The answer came by special delivery, marked private and confidential, "One of our steamers will sail for Valparaiso next Wednesday; shortest and quickest way out of the country."

A Test For Seasickness.

Many people have a genuine curiosity to know if they would be sea sick in case they should take an ocean voyage. An easy way to put the matter to a test is to stand before the ordinary mirror that turns in its frame and let some one move it slowly and slightly at first, gradually growing faster, while you look fixedly at your own reflection. If you feel no effect whatever from it the chances are that you can stand an ordinary sea voyage without any qualm.

Her Wisdom.

"Girls!" quietly called old but eminently astute Aunt Broadhead.

"Ma'am?" they replied as they flattered obediently to her.

"Always remember, girls, that when a man professes to have a 'fatherly interest' in you his own daughters need it, that your own father can sufficiently supply you with it and that is the oldest of all stories save one in the world."—Puck.

An Experiment.

"Where are you going, Michael, so early?"

"Apothecary's; wife got sick last night."

"Doctor been there yet?"

"No. I found a prescription in the street when I was in town, and I'm going to have that made up and try it." —Fliegende Blätter.

Conflicting.

Actor—I can't play all three of the parts you have assigned to me in this melodrama. Manager—Why not? Actor—Because in the first act two of them engage in a fight, and the third rushes in and separates them.

FITS CURED

Tired, Nervous Mothers

Make Unhappy Homes—Their Condition Irritates Both Husband and Children—How Thousands of Mothers Have Been Saved From Nervous Prostration and Made Strong and Well.



Mrs. Albert Mann

Mrs. Chester Curry

A nervous, irritable mother, often on the verge of hysterics, is unfit to care for children; it ruins a child's disposition and reacts upon herself. The trouble between children and their mothers too often is due to the fact that the mother has some female weakness, and she is entirely unfit to bear the strain upon her nerves that governing children involves; it is impossible for her to do anything calmly.

The ills of women act like a firebrand upon the nerves, consequently nine-tenths of the nervous prostration, nervous despondency, "the blues," sleeplessness, and nervous irritability of women arise from some derangement of the female organism.

Do you experience fits of depression with restlessness, alternating with extreme irritability? Are your spirits easily affected, so that one minute you laugh, and the next minute you feel like crying?

Do you feel something like a ball rising in your throat and threatening to choke you; all the senses perverted, morbidly sensitive to light and sound; pain in the abdominal region, and between the shoulders; bearing-down pains; nervous dyspepsia and almost continually cross and snappy?

If so, your nerves are in a shattered condition, and you are threatened with nervous prostration.

Proof is monumental that nothing in the world is better for nervous prostration than Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound; thousands and thousands of women can testify to this fact.

Ask Mrs. Pinkham's Advice—A Woman Best Understands a Woman's Ills.

The Average Man.

"The average man when he is a boy, a trifle involuntarily ruminated the old adage, 'Decides that when he grows up he will be a drum major or a bandit, triumphantly survive battles, shipwrecks and holocausts and gallantly protect innocence and beauty in distress. But the average boy when he becomes a man finds himself so busy satisfying the appetite of the always hungry mortgage, endeavoring to achieve but never attaining the eminence of being the head of his own household, chasing at the earnest solicitation of his many friends the political prominence which forever eludes him, selecting the particular brand of health fodder that will injure him the least, running after or away from something or other, getting off a few well chosen words, trying to collect or

Mrs. Chester Curry, Leader of the Ladies' Symphony Orchestra, 42 Saratoga St., East Boston, Mass., writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"For eight years I was troubled with extreme nervousness and hysteria brought on by irregularities. I could neither enjoy life nor sleep nights. I was very irritable, nervous and despondent.

"Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was recommended and proved to be the only remedy that helped me. I have daily improved in health until I am now strong and well and all nervousness has disappeared."

The following letter is from Mrs. Albert Mann, 154 Gore Vale Ave., Toronto, Ont.:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"I suffered a long time with serious female trouble having intense pains in the back and abdomen and very sick headaches every month. I was tired and nervous all the time and life looked very dreary to me and I had no desire to live until I began to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and to get some relief. My recovery was slow but it was sure and I have never regretted the money spent for the Compound as it brought back my good health."

Women should remember that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the medicine that holds the record for the greatest number of actual cures of female ills, and take no substitute.

Free Advice to Women.

Mrs. Pinkham, daughter-in-law of Lydia E. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., invites all sick women to write to her for advice. Mrs. Pinkham's vast experience with female troubles enables her to advise you wisely, and she will charge you nothing for her advice.

nearer equivalent than the English six pence, which is worth 2 cents more. It is one of the handiest of coins, being about as small as a silver piece can conveniently be. Being less in size and weight than the nickel, which is worth only half as much, it is vastly more convenient to keep and hoard, and that is one reason why it is becoming extraordinarily scarce in spite of the fact that more dimes are now turned out of the mints than ever before in the country's history. There is a rage for "dime banks," and some of these mechanical contrivances are so pretty so ingenious and so alluring that they force people to save dimes who have no earthly occasion to do so.—New York Mail.

ODESSA FAIR.

Continued from page 1

CLASS XVI—VEGETABLES, FRUITS AND ROOTS.

Half bushel potatoes—D Boyce, J Valentine
 Half bushel turnips—D Boyce
 Half bushel carrots—D Boyce, P E R Miller
 Half bushel Table beets—D Boyce
 Half bushel onions—L Hartman, P E R Miller
 2 Heads cabbage—W M Clark, R W Aylsworth
 Plate of 5 Northern Spy—W M Clark, S D Hartman
 Plate of 5 Talman Sweets—W M Clark, P E R Miller
 Plate of 6 pears—P E R Miller
 Collection Plums—J C Johnston, R W Aylsworth
 Collection Grapes—R W Aylsworth, P E R Miller
 Dozen Red peppers—No number, J C Johnston
 Variety Tomatoes—J C Johnston, R W Aylsworth
 Three heads Celery—J C Johnston, D Boice
 Collection of vegetables and roots—D Boice
 Collection of fruit—G W Lucas
 Plate of 5 Russet—W M Clark, J C Johnston
 Plate of 5 Snow apples—P E R Miller, J C Johnston
 Plate of 5 Bell Flower apples—J C Johnston, P E R Miller
 Plate of 5 St Lawrence apples—W M Clark, J C Johnston
 Squash—D Boyce, L Hartman
 Pumpkin—D Boyce, R W Aylsworth

CLASS XVII—WAGONS, CARRIAGES, AND HARNESS.

Judge—D W McDonald.
 Market Spring Wagon—L Hartman
 Lumber wagon—Jas Dawson
 Top buggy—W M Clark, Jas Dawson
 Family carriage, with or without top—J Valentine
 Cutter—Harry Jones, 1st and 2nd.
 Single Carriage harness—Harry Jones
 Single Carriage harness hand made—J Valentine, R H Peters
 Double Carriage harness, hand made—L Hartman.
 Double Carriage harness—Harry Jones
 Lumber harness—Jas Dawson, S G Hogle

CLASS XVIII—GENERAL MANUFACTURES

Judge—Mrs Jas Miller
 Wool shawl—R W Aylsworth, L Hartman
 Kilt Bedspread—P E R Miller, R W Aylsworth
 Crochet Bedspread—R W Aylsworth, L Hartman
 Pieced Bedspread—R W Aylsworth, P E R Miller
 Pair Mitts—L Hartman, R W Aylsworth
 Pair Socks—L Hartman, R W Aylsworth
 Coverlet, homemade—R W Aylsworth
 Quilt—P E R Miller, R W Aylsworth
 Floor Mat—R W Aylsworth, Harry Jones
 CLASS XIX—LADIES' WORK, ETC
 Sofa Pillow, embroidered in silk—L Hartman, P E R Miller
 Sofa Pillow, embroidered in cotton—L Hartman, R W Aylsworth
 Sofa Pillow, Battered—R W Aylsworth, L Hartman
 Sofa Pillow, any other kind—L Hartman, R W Aylsworth
 Centre Piece, Embroidery—R W Aylsworth
 Centre Piece, Lace—R W Aylsworth, P E R Miller
 Centre Piece, any other kind—L Hartman, P E R Miller
 Collection of doilies, any kind—P E R Miller, L Hartman
 Toilet mats—L Hartman, H Jones
 Table mats—P E R Miller, R W Aylsworth
 Tea Caddy—R W Aylsworth, H Jones
 Sideboard Cover—R W Aylsworth
 Pillow Cushion—R W Aylsworth, L Hartman
 Tray or Carving Cloth—R W Aylsworth, P E R Miller
 Tatting—R W Aylsworth, P E R Miller

SUFFERED FOR YEARS WITH A COMPLICATION OF PELVIC DISEASES.

Robust Women Who Owe Their Restored Health and Usefulness to Pe-ru-na.

Read the Letters of Gratitude From Women Who Have Been Benefited By Dr. Hartman's Advice.

A Multitude of Such Letters Are Received Every Year.

A TYPICAL LETTER.

Mrs. Carry Peduzzi, Linstad, N. Dak., writes:
"I take pleasure in telling you that through your wonderful medicine I am entirely cured of catarrh of the stomach and pelvic organs."
"I was so rundown on account of my illness that I could no longer attend to my housework. I could not eat or sleep and had terrible pain in my back."
"I took Peruna and in five months I was well. I have not felt so well for a long time."
"I wish everyone who is sick would take Peruna and thus recover their health."
"I have Peruna in the house continually. I thank you for all that you have done for me."

A Medicine of Merit.

Miss Katie A. Washer, 1706 Prentice street, Louisville, Ky., writes:
"As my experience has been so favorable from the use of Peruna, I unhesitatingly state that I believe that it is a medicine of unquestioned merit for all the ills that we women suffer from."
"I find that it strengthens and infuses new life into the system, and whenever I feel rundown or over-tired, a few doses of Peruna will strengthen me again."

Found a Friend in Need—Pe-ru-na.

Mrs. Florence Aitkens, 1104 Front St., Toledo, Ohio, writes:
"Peruna cured me of catarrh of the uterus. I took about four bottles when I noticed an improvement and five bottles cured me."
"I do not know what I would have been like to-day had I not obtained Peruna, for I was in a terrible state."
"I had pains all over and was cross and irritable. I was losing hope of ever being well again."
"I am to-day a well woman after suffering for nine months. I cannot tell you how happy I feel, but you will know."
"Peruna is the best medicine on earth."
"My husband is now taking it and I will always keep Peruna in my house."
"Peruna is the best friend I ever had. It cured me."

Waist decorations—P E R Miller, R W Aylsworth
 Collection 3 collars, fancy, needle work—P E R Miller, R W Aylsworth
 Fancy Handkerchief—P E R Miller, L Hartman
 Roman Embroidery—L Hartman, R W Aylsworth
 Towel or Brazilian Point—L Hartman, Lillian Aylsworth
 Display House Plants—J C Johnston, G D Simpkins
 Bouquet flowers—J C Johnston, R W Aylsworth
 Five O'clock Table cover—L Hartman, R W Aylsworth
 Hand painted table cover—P E R Miller, R W Aylsworth



MRS. CARRY PEDUZZI, LINSTAD, N. DAK.



MRS. FLORENCE AITKENS, TOLEDO, O.



MISS KATIE WASHER, LOUISVILLE, KY.

America is the Land of Nervous Women.

The majority of women are nervous because they suffer from some form of pelvic catarrh.
 The greatest obstacle in the way of recovery is that they do not understand that catarrh is the main source of their illness.
 Women who are in doubt as to their ailments should write to Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio, who will give their letters prompt attention, without charge.

Miss Anna McGinn, 161 Plain street, Providence, R. I., writes:
"I wish to let you know of the good your medicine has done for me."
"I had what the doctors called heart trouble. I had been doctoring for a year before I tried your Peruna."
"I got a bottle of your Peruna and after a week's use of it I began to feel better. I could not eat, sleep, or work, but I have at last found that the medicine that will cure me is Peruna."

Wm Templeton. The Beaver for one year for largest pumpkin—D Boyce
 Boyle & Son, Hardware Merchants, Napanee—Lamp Stand, value \$1.50, for best pair dressed chickens—D Boyce
 W J Normile, Bicycles, Napanee, bicycle bell, value \$1.50 half bushel potatoes—S G Hogle.

Sporting Goods.
 Guns, Rifles, Loaded Shells, Cartridges, Wads, Reloading tools, Fishing Tackle, Trunks, &c.
 MADOLE & WILSON

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

PERIL IN PAINLESS FACES.

Victims of Dread Malady May Be Hurt Without Knowing It.

"The redhot wire," said the electrician, "burned the man's cheek till it sizzled and smoked. Yet he never moved out of the way. He continued to laugh and joke and pull on his clay pipe, and a smell of burning rose into the air."
"I pulled him to one side."
"Would you stand there," I said, "and be burned to death?"
"Was I burning?" he said, with a

Aylsworth, L. Hartman
Tray or Carving Cloth—R W Aylsworth, P E R Miller
Tattooing—R W Aylsworth, P E R Miller
Outline Work—R W Aylsworth, L Hartman
Berlin Wo' Wo k—R W Aylsworth, L Hartman
Crochet Slipper wool—P E R Miller, R W Aylsworth
Crochet Lace, wool—R W Aylsworth
Crochet Lace, cotton—L Hartman, R W Aylsworth
Knitted Lace—R W Aylsworth, L Hartman

Aylsworth, L. Hartman
Five O'clock Table cover—L Hartman, R W Aylsworth
Hand painted table cover—P E R Miller, R W Aylsworth
Painting in Water colors—L Hartman, R W Aylsworth
Fascination Crochet—P E R Miller, 1st and 2nd
Crochet tidy—R W Aylsworth, Lillian Aylsworth
Painting on China—R W Aylsworth, L Hartman
Painting in oil—R W Aylsworth, 1st and 2nd
Collection three pictures—L Hartman, P E R Miller
Hair Pin Work—W M Clark
Recommended for Special Embroidery—P E R Miller

MADOLE & WILSON

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

The only way some people know is their way.
Hospitality is often nothing more than loneliness.
A secret is never safe after some one knows you have it.
If you are naturally rude it's pretty hard to disguise the fact.
Are you so conceited that you believe people never talk behind your back?
The trouble is some pushers are as liable to push on the wrong side as on the right.
Watch your side issues. Don't give them so much attention as to ruin your main issue, which makes you a living.
Don't be mad if you are interrupted when you are talking. It may have prevented you from saying something foolish.

Why They Got No Mail.

An official of the postoffice department at Washington tells of a new postoffice that was established in a certain small town. A native of the place, the proprietor of a grocery, was installed as postmaster. It was not very long before complaints were filed with the department that no mail was being forwarded from the new office, so an inspector was detailed to investigate the matter. When he called upon the postmaster and asked why no mail had been sent out, the former pointed to a large mail bag hanging up in a corner and said:
"The mail's in that bag. I ain't sent it out yet because the bag ain't nowhere nigh full."

Clearing Sale.
In order to clear out the following lines at the close of the season, we will offer at cost for cash during August and September, our entire stock of gas stoves, gasoline stoves.
MADOLE & WILSON

"I pulled him to one side.
"Would you stand there," I said, "and be burned to death?"
"Was I burning?" he said, with a scared look. And he put his hand to the side of his face—the wrong side. Was it possible that he couldn't feel that horrible hurt?
"Gentlemen, that man had no feeling in his face whatever. He told me that he had been operated on for the delou-reux, and the operation, while it had cured the tic, had left his face dead to all sensation.
"I had often read of the delou-reux in English novels, but I thought it was a trifling disease. This chap said it was a facial neuralgia so painful that in the past 90 per cent of its victims either went crazy or killed themselves, but now there is an operation that gives relief.
"Every victim of tic undergoes the operation; hence there are a lot of people walking the earth with no feeling in their faces. The condition is a dangerous one, because you are likely to get hurt without knowing it."


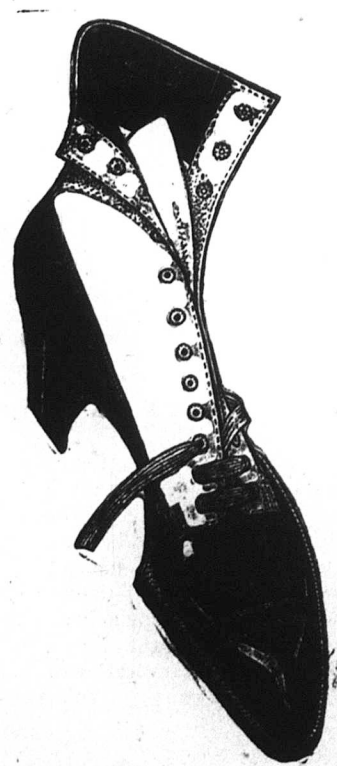
Sir Chas. Clifton Browne
CURED OF BILIOUS HEADACHE BY BILEANS.

Sir Chas. Clifton Brown, who has toured considerably in Canada, interviewed at his Deal (Kent) residence, admitted that he had reaped very great benefit from Bileans.
He said: "I have no objection to you stating that I found Bileans a very fine medicine for biliousness, headache and digestive troubles generally. I suffered frequently from bilious headache, and nothing that I have ever yet tried did me as much good as Bileans. I believe they are a good thing and worthy of success."
In those last few words Sir Charles aptly summarizes Bileans: "A good thing." They are compounded from purely vegetable essences, and are the best possible remedy obtainable for headache, debility, dizziness, indigestion, etc. They also operate gently on the bowels, curing constipation, piles, etc. They correct female irregularities and ailments, pains in the lions and bearing down pains. They tone up the whole system and enable it to throw off colds, chills, rheumatism, etc. Anaemic and pale-faced women and girls will find them a veritable boon. Of all druggists at 50c a box, or post free upon receipt of price from the Bilean Co., Toronto; 6 boxes for \$2.50. Send one cent stamp for sample box.

SPECIAL PRIZES.
S J Sprule, Proprietor Dominion Hotel Odessa, roadster stallion—Robt Smith
Alex. Tyo, mare and colt in roadster class, on halter—J C Johnston
James McPharland, single horse in harness—Robt Smith
Robt Stevenson, roadster team in harness—A W Frazer
Geo Thompson, general purpose mare and colt on halter—N O'Neill
Wm Wycott, saddle horse—J Hagerman, J A Carroll
Crown Bank, a silver cup for the best draft horse—G D Simpkins
J L Boyce, Gents' Furnisher, Napanee—J Valentine
G A McGowan, pair dressed ducks and turkey—T M Caton
T B Wallace, Druggist, Napanee, pair dressed ducks—T M Caton
Chinneck & Son, Jewellers, Napanee—\$2.00 value out of store for the best two loaves of home-made bread—J C Johnston
Robert Bennett, \$2.00 for best pair of live ducks—D Boyce, S Denyes.
Urban Snider, Glass water set for best Watermelon—J C Johnston
J Y Parkhill, \$2.00 for the best bag of white potatoes—W M Clark
Remion Bros, General Merchants, Odessa—1st, 100 lb. sack Redpath's granulated sugar; 2nd, 100 lbs. Nonesuch flour; 3rd, \$1.50 worth of Tea, for the three best crocks butter—Lillian Aylsworth, R W Aylsworth, 3rd, no number.

CASTORIA.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of
Jas. H. Fitch

Vapo-Cresolene
Established 1879
Whooping Cough, Croup, Bronchitis
Cough, Grip, Asthma, Diphtheria
Cresolene is a boon to Asthmatics
Does it not seem more effective to breathe in a remedy to cure disease of the breathing organs than to take the remedy into the stomach?
It cures because the air rendered strongly antiseptic is carried over the diseased surface with every breath, giving prolonged and constant treatment. It is invaluable to mothers with small children.
Those of a consumptive tendency find immediate relief from coughs or inflamed conditions of the throat.
Sold by druggists.
Send post for booklet.
LAWRENCE, MILLS CO., Limited, Agents, Montreal, Canada. 307

The 14 New Features
OF THE DOLLY VARDEN SHOE

We propose to place on the North American Market a new woman's boot to be known as the Dolly Varden shoe. We propose to put into that shoe 14 absolutely new features. Here are the fourteen:

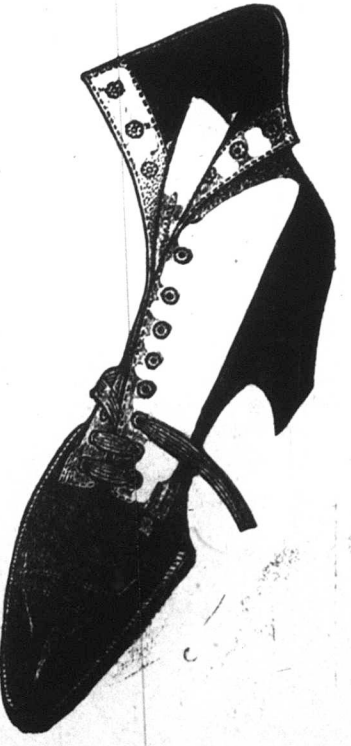
FEMININE FOOT COPIES
HARMLESS HIGH HEELS
BAREFOOT COMFORT
A CORSET SHOE
"VELVETTE KID"
FREE FLAT TREAD
ATHLETIC ERECTNESS

ARISTOCRATIC ARCH
HIGH ARCH AND HIGH INSTEP
DEFORMED FOOT PREVENTION
A PLEASING STRIDE
A RESTFUL SHOE
ANKLE REDUCING
SHAPE GIVING

If you care to make the acquaintance of "The Fourteen" you can do so by following the Ads, which follow this. Every pair Goodyear Welled. (To be continued). Our Agent in your city will take pleasure in showing you the Dolly Varden Shoe.

THE
DOLLY VARDEN
SHOE

THE SHOE OF 14 NEW FEATURES
BOSTON Copyright, 1905, by the Dolly Varden Shoe Company MONTREAL



Exclusive Agency

FRED CURRY

Napanee's Leading Boot Shop.

THROAT SORE? CATCH GOLD EASILY?

Procure from your druggist

DR. SLOCUM'S COLTSEOTE EXPECTORANT

Clears the Throat and Lungs, heals and allays Inflammation, cures Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Whooping Cough, Croup, by removing the cause.

Nothing better for Children.

Price 10c. and 25c. a bottle. Dr. T. A. Slocum, Limited, Toronto.

Necessities

Alike on the farm and in the town these four Ryrie articles come nearer to being necessities than luxuries:

THERMOMETERS—Our full and reliable line ranges in price from 50c. to \$2.50.

FIELD GLASSES—Our high-power "Ryrie Special," with 12 Lenses in Aluminum Mountings will be delivered to you for \$12.50, charges prepaid.

BAROMETERS—These may be had at from \$5.00 to \$50.00. Our Barometer Book is yours for the asking.

POCKET COMPASSES—Tested ones—\$1.00 to \$3.50.

Drop us a postal card and we will send you free of charge our large illustrated catalogue.

Ryrie Bros Limited
Toronto, Ont.

ARTHUR GOODRICH. AUTHOR OF "THE BALANCE OF POWER."

Arthur Goodrich, author of "The Balance of Power," comes from Connecticut. He was educated in New Britain schools and entered Wesleyan University in 1895. Like many of the younger writers of this generation, he edited his college "Lit." He also sang on the Wesleyan Glee Club, and managed it during one of its most successful years. He also led the men of his class in scholarship and took special honors in English. On his graduation from Wesleyan he was appointed University Scholar in English at Columbia University, where he spent a year in graduate study. He joined the staff of the World's Work at that magazine's beginning and was its Managing Editor for three years. Two years ago he went abroad as foreign editorial representative of The American Magazine and The Outlook Magazine. He has meanwhile contributed to many of the leading monthlies here and abroad. He is twenty-eight years old. At present he holds an important editorial position with The Outlook Publishing Company; he is a church-soloist in a well-known New York choir; and

KAI WANG;

A TALE OF SOUTHERN CHINA.

CHAPTER XXXIX.—(Continued).

Much as he hated to fire, the necessities of the case demanded it, and Dr. Jack knew enough of those with whom he was in conflict to believe they would meet with little or no mercy should they fall into their hands.

There was small choice when it came to making a selection—all Chinese looked alike to Evans at that particular moment.

Still, he knew there were always certain elements in a mob that serve as leaders, and could such be individualized and shot down, the chances of a break in the assault would be made considerably brighter.

Hence his practiced eye at once roved along the vanguard, searching for a shining mark.

There was a grim satisfaction in the thought that at least the guard of the palace would offer splendid chances for advancement on the morrow, if their lead sped true to the mark.

Having discovered one fellow who gave evidence by his dress and manner of being in authority among the advancing host, the doctor gave him the benefit of the suspicion.

Probably the said patriot never realized the extent of the honor conferred upon him by this distinctive preference, but that was no concern of Dr. Jack's, whose conscience rested easy under the conviction of having done his duty.

Plympton was a modest man. He had been waiting for Jack to take the initiative, and no sooner had the doctor's weapon spoken than he hastened to get in.

Nor was Larry willing to be left in the lurch.

His weapon could sound just as loudly as those wielded by his larger companions, and, if well handled, would serve out medicine just as bitter to those who took the dose.

It was only a question of aiming straight.

The sudden rattle of firearms put quite a new phase upon matters. It was a sound for which these Chinese fighters had the greatest respect, and, besides, the execution accomplished in their midst served to further arouse both their fears and their anger.

Unfortunately, their forward rush was not in the least hindered by the leaden rain that had begun to rattle among them, much as nuls fall upon the dead leaves when a fierce gust of autumnal wind shakes the chestnut trees.

Thus, the gaps were being rapidly closed, and our friends had no means of preventing it.

There are occasions in some lives when time can only be measured in heartbeats, when eternity looms up so close at hand that even mortal eyes may almost look beyond the black river Styx to the immortal shores that await their coming.

Such a moment was upon this little company now, as, breathlessly, they stood their ground and awaited the inevitable shock of battle.

The deadly bullets continued to go forward, and none could fail to find its mark in the mass of onrushing human beings; but they did not stay the advance one iota, and Dr. Jack knew the worst was upon them.

particular as the man at the mint who weighs gold dust.

As he fired, the tall soldier pitched forward just as Jack calculated, and the coveted sword was cast at his very feet.

Eagerly he snatched it up. To him it meant another frail bulwark between Avis and death.

Lord Rackett saw the performance of this act, and in his heart applauded, being not unwilling to profit by the example set if fortune allowed him the opportunity.

Perhaps the blade might have done yeoman service in the hand of the big Briton, for he was really in better physical condition to wield it than Evans, who had suffered keenly from wounds and imprisonment; but the doctor's nerve would carry him a good way, and any who came in contact with the edge of the weapon he now firmly grasped would have cause to regret the fact.

This little incident might not have much of a bearing upon the result, save that it might possibly delay the inevitable end for a brief space of time.

Even seconds were worth something, with Kai Wang hastening to the scene of carnage as fast as his legs could carry him—Kai Wang, who had succeeded in his astonishingly bold feat of interviewing the powerful Dowager Empress in her royal apartments, and presenting such strong arguments for her imperial consideration that when he left again he bore with him her signet ring, together with a document officially signed and sealed by her own hand, whereby Dr. Jack Evans and his little company of friends were to be granted the utmost consideration upon condition that they quitted Peking within twenty-four hours—and woe to the wretched retainer of Her Majesty who would dare to raise a finger against them after his ears had heard this august proclamation and his servile eyes had been gladdened by a sight of her own magic signet ring, which she had been pleased to temporarily trust in the keeping of her faithful and devoted subject, Kai Wang, mandarin of the first degree, wearer of the yellow jacket, and henceforth proud owner of the peacock feather, that signified his being held in high esteem at court.

No one could ever know what magic he used to overcome the scruples of the Empress, who had hitherto looked upon Kai Wang, just as she did Li Hung Chang, as one to be feared and yet worthy of honor.

Secrets of state are not to be lightly declared abroad, and Kai Wang never revealed what transpired during that period he spent in earnest consultation with the august ruler.

Perhaps she gladly welcomed the chance to win him to her side as an ally; perhaps she had begun to see the folly of endeavoring to fight against the fates that decreed China's open-door policy to the civilized world. However that may be, Kai Wang won all he asked, and was even now on the way to carry the glorious news to his friends, when the sounds of strife filled him with a dread lest he should after all arrive too late with his precious news.

Of course, he did not—that is a foregone conclusion in the mind of the observing reader; but it was a very close shave, and had Kai Wang been in any

point. Even Chinese railway trains will not stand in the way of Russian vengeance, it seems.

So the delectable and wise Kai Wang arranged a little excursion of his own, and in disguise the party was secretly conveyed to Tien-Tsin by road vehicles, instead of train. Here a vessel was secured to undertake the passage of the Grand Canal, and, under Kai Wang's guidance, they scoured the hundreds of miles of fertile territory through the provinces of Chili, Shan-tung and Kiangsu, until at length their destination on the great Yang-tse-Kiang was reached, where they boarded an English steamer for Hong Kong.

It was a journey never to be forgotten, and the peace and glorious rest did much to build up Dr. Jack after the severe strain that had begun to sap even his iron constitution.

Once at Hong Kong, and the danger was all in the past. Evans had played for high stakes, and, as in other like circumstances, had won his game through a rare combination of boldness and the special favor of Providence.

He solemnly promised his adoring spouse that it was the last time he meant to take any chances in the name of fortune; he had enough and to spare, and life should really be too precious to a man who was blessed with such a charming and devoted wife, to be so lightly risked.

In the new possessions of his native country, the sunny Philippines, he planned to invest great sums in coffee plantations, and, following the calm pursuits of peace, hoped to finish his days in an atmosphere quite at variance with the hurly-burly scenes that had marked so much of his career.

Kai Wang is still in Canton, and his power among the mandarins seems to grow. Some say he will soon be a viceroy; but politics in China no European understands, so that his future is beyond prophecy.

Lord Rackett has endeared himself to Jack and his wife, nor will Larry ever forget how the big-hearted Englishman risked his life to make the amende honorable when Dr. Jack's widow appealed to his manhood.

The End.

SOME STRANGE CLOTHES

WOODEN COATS, GLASS DRESSSES, AND PAPER WAISTCOATS.

Peter Gruber Possesses an Entire Suit Made of Rattlesnake Skins.

Herr Schaet, a native of Baale, Switzerland, has just taken out a patent for paper waistcoats, which he will be able to place upon the market at four cents each. These garments, which can be folded into a sufficiently small compass to enable them to be put into an ordinary waistcoat pocket, are, it is said, much warmer than the everyday article, in place of which they can be worn.

Glass has on more than one occasion been employed in dressmaking. Miss Elene Jaqua, of Brooklyn, N.Y., possesses a dress made of spun glass, while some years back a M. Pierre Buse might have been seen walking the streets of the Belgian capital wearing a green coat woven from the finest threads of glass. His hat, too, was made of green glass, and he wore earthenware sabots. The other portions of his costume were of green silk.

Many kinds of skin are common enough for purposes of dress, but that of the rattlesnake is alone effected by Peter Gruber, of Rochester, New York, who possesses an entire suit made of this material. In its manufacture 125 skins were used, and the effect is heightened by the skillful blending of the skins of the four kinds of snake—black, brown, yellow and grey. The buttons consist of rattlesnake heads. Mr.

the reading mountains here and abroad. He is twenty-eight years old. At present he holds an important editorial position with The Outing Publishing Company; he is a church soloist in a well-known New York choir; and he is vice-president of a Connecticut manufacturing concern which he helped to reorganize a few years ago. "The Balance of Power" is his first novel.

Mother (to little daughter)—"I am surprised Ethel, that you should talk so impertinently to your father. I'm sure you never heard me talk that way to him." Ethel—"Well, you choosed him, and I didn't."

A Sure Cure for Headache.—Bilious headache, to which women are more subject than men, becomes so acute in some subjects that they are utterly prostrated. The stomach refuses food, and there is a constant and distressing effort to free the stomach from bile which has become unduly secreted there. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are a speedy alternative, and in neutralizing the effects of the intruding bile relieves the pressure of the nerves which cause the headache. Try them.

He offered to act as her escort, but she declined the offer. "You are as full of airs as a hand-organ," he spitefully declared. "Possibly," she retorted; "but all the same, I don't go with a crank."

Father—"Ah, Tommy, you don't know when you're well off. I wish I were a boy again." Tommy (who has recently been chastised)—"So do I. Little than me, too."

No one need fear cholera or any summer complaint if they have a bottle of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial ready for use. It corrects all looseness of the bowels promptly and causes a healthy and natural action. This is a medicine adapted for the young and old, rich and poor and is rapidly becoming the most popular medicine for cholera, dysentery, etc., in the market.

EDWARD VII'S ROYAL RELATIONS.

The German Emperor is his nephew, Princess Ena, Queen of Spain, is his niece. Four other nieces of his are the Crown Princess of Rumania, the Tsarina of Russia, the Crown Princess of Greece, and the Crown Princess of Sweden. The Queen of Norway is his daughter. His Majesty is also closely related by marriage to the Kings of Greece and Denmark, who are his brothers-in-law, and to the Tsar of Russia and King of Norway, who are nephews of Queen Alexandra.

IN EVIDENCE.

"Yes, sir," the barler prattled, as he shaved the patron. "Iv'n it might, high these days. All kinds o' prices ha-gone up so it's hard for us workin' men to even git enough to eat."

"Yes!" groaned the victim: "I judge, however, that you find onions cheap enough."

Some men couldn't hear the voice of conscience through a megaphone.

George—"The ring doesn't seem to fit very well, Clara. Hadn't I better take

the deadly bullets hurled at me forward, and none could fail to find its mark in the mass of onrushing human beings; but they did not stay the advance one iota, and Dr. Jack knew the worst was upon them.

Armed with some decent sort of weapon in the shape of swords, he and Lord Rackett could still have put up a good fight against the Chinese rabble.

Without such accessories, however, they would be able to make a lame resistance at best, and very shortly one of the steel blades wielded by their enemies must do its work.

Desperate men never give up until the last breath is gone from their bodies.

This does not apply to civilized nations only. When Kitchener scattered the legions of the Khalifa, around Khartoum and Omdurman, some of the badly-wounded dervishes, feigning death, would sacrifice their last atom of strength in a vicious endeavor to stab some Egyptian or British soldier who chanced to draw near, knowing at the same time they would be hacked to pieces immediately after.

This cannot be called true bravery, but is simply an exhibition of vindictive desperation, a desire to die in a blaze of glory, a spirit of slaughter such as animates the jungle tiger.

Animus more lofty than this animated those who shielded Avis Evans with their bodies.

They had not sought this conflict and would have avoided it, if possible, by every honorable means in their power.

When forced reluctantly into the fight, nothing was left to them but to take up the gage of battle and accept the dreadful consequences.

The rush of the assailants carried them over the intervening space so rapidly that they swung up against cur friends about the time the firearms of the latter were two-thirds empty.

The scene that ensued almost baffles description.

Certain it is that never could it fade from the memories of those who participated in the desperate hand-to-hand struggle, should favoring fortune allow them to live through it.

Avis, brave girl, crouching there, white-faced but heroic to the last, believed she lived years in those brief seconds of time.

She had passed from the depths of profound woe to sudden joy at finding her Jack in the land of the living; and now came still another kaleidoscopic change, whereby it seemed fated she should be a witness of his bloody death.

At least, thank Heaven, she would not be far behind him when he crossed the dark river. There was consolation to her loving heart in the knowledge that together they would pass into the unknown world, loyal companions in death, even as they had been in life. His arm had been a tower of strength to her here; perhaps it might also help her over difficulties in the Beyond.

CHAPTER XL.

The confusion had, if anything, grown more intense by this time.

Still, the shouting was all on one side, not a sound breaking from the lips of the three who battled for their lives with the desperation of despair.

They had nothing to shout for, and thought best to save their breath for the finishing struggle.

It appeared to be at hand.

Dr. Jack had one ambition. This was to possess himself of a sword which one of the onrushing Black Flags swung valerosly about his head—a sword that was certainly not of Chinese manufacture, and had evidently seen a German or Russian forge.

He laid his plans accordingly.

It may have been a little matter, but in his eyes just then it assumed a certain magnitude.

Accordingly, he singled this fellow out for a display of his warmest affection, nor did he mean to shoot too soon, and thus baffle his own hopes.

Well did he time his effort, nor was he the least out of the way. Even in such matters Dr. Jack was seen to be as

arrive too late with his precious news.

Of course, he did not—that is a foregone conclusion in the mind of the observing reader; but it was a very close shave, and had Kai Wang been in any way delayed even for a minute he might have found a different welcome.

His coming was dramatic enough to please even a Frenchman. While the melee was at its height, a shrill voice sounded above the cries of the combatants. What it said Dr. Jack did not quite know, but there must have been a royal mandate in the demand, for those in the immediate vicinity of the newcomer ceased their noise and shrank away from the man who wore the yellow jacket of authority and who brandished a document which bore the revered seal of the Dowager Empress.

Almost like magic Kai Wang crushed the riot, and then, facing the sullen crowd that reminded Lord Rackett of tigers cheated of their prey, he read the orders of the Empress.

That document and that ring were insignias of life and death to those present. The man who dared to defy their power in the least had better make his peace with the gods, for as sure as the sun arose in the east his head would be minus a body ere the same glowing orb set.

And our friends, hardly able to realize what a blessed deliverance had overtaken them just in the nick of time—how they squeezed the honest hand of Kai Wang—oh, that was a proud moment for the progressive wizard. He could not have felt better had he received an order for a thousand gross of the most costly family gods, payment on delivery.

At least there was no discounting the wonderful authority contained in the document, and in the signal ring fashioned like a dragon of gold with diamond eyes.

The janizaries of the palace knew it too well to doubt the evidence of their eyes.

It is perhaps human to desire a connection with a winning house.

These leaders had but a brief time before been hotly panting for the blood of the intruders, yet no sooner were these parties placed under the protection of the great female ruler of China than they were one and all as equally desirous of constituting the especial guard of honor that was to see them out of the royal palace and beyond the encircling walls of the mysterious Forbidden City.

It was a real pleasure to Dr. Jack to grant them this privilege, and with one arm around his devoted and now happy wife, and the other holding the captured sword trophy, he traversed the passages, crossed the grand palaver chamber, amid the stares of astonishment on the part of mandarins and others still gathered there, and finally breathed the fresh outside air.

It was the grandest night in his whole life, and never had the pure atmosphere seemed so utterly delicious as when inhaled after his weeks of dungeon life.

Larry clung tenaciously to the unwieldy lantern, which he swore should follow him through life, since it must be the good genii that brought about such a glorious ending of what had threatened to be a calamity.

It may be safely assumed that our friends were rejoiced to see the outside of those forbidding walls again.

They issued forth through the ordinary channel, a gate that was heavily guarded, and went at once to the hotel.

Here in the morning a consultation was held, where the advice of British and American officials was sought, and it was finally concluded to leave Peking at once, since the papers bearing upon the great railway concession, for which London bankers were to pay Dr. Jack a million pounds sterling, were already at Hong Kong in safety.

The wonderful Kai Wang did not cease his vigilance, and, through him, our friends learned of a subtle plot, engineered, of course, by the baffled Russian, Petoskey, as a last resource, whereby they were to be attacked and overwhelmed by a great force of Tartars while on the way to the shipping

this material. In its manufacture 25 skins were used, and the effect is heightened by the skilful blending of the skins of the four kinds of snake—black, brown, yellow and grey. The buttons consist of rattlesnakes' heads. Mr. Gruber's hat and stick are also covered with the same material.

BOOKS BOUND WITH HUMAN SKIN

are rare, but the possession of Signor Goffredo is surely unique. It consists of a coat made from the tanned hides of criminals and others, which this eccentric gentleman has been at no inconsiderable trouble and expense to collect. No fewer than fifty-seven bodies have contributed to this gruesome garment, whereof, that the whole may be in keeping, the buttons, carved to represent death's heads, are cut from human bones.

Madagascar can boast of a factory where the experiment of making spiders' silk is being tried, so that ere long dresses of that material may be common. They are not that yet, but one at least is in existence. This, which is owned by the daughter of a New York millionaire, employed thirty-six skilful silk-workers in its manufacture from many thousand webs. Its somewhat sombre hue is relieved by a quantity of jewels, gems to the value of \$12,000 scintillating on the bodice alone.

A FRENCH COLLECTOR

possesses a small square made from the hair of Margaret, Countess of Lennox, mother of Lord Darnley, which is valued at \$6,000. The dress owned by Frau Weisse, of Berlin, though, of course, not so valuable, is composed of like material, being made entirely of women's hair, which, at no little cost, was purchased from peasants who, for a consideration, were ready to part with their luxuriant locks to gratify the eccentricity of an open-handed lady.

Mrs. Edwards, an American actress, possesses a dress valued at \$15,000, which was given to her on her marriage by an Indian Rajah. It is made of beetle-wings, whereof over 15,000 of a lovely iridescent green were employed ere the gown was ready for its fair wearer. Many wealthy women have, it is said, endeavored to procure a duplicate, with, however, no success, as the rarity of the beetle has hitherto precluded the accomplishment of their desire.

Among the effects of Herr Binder.

The Better Way

The tissues of the throat are inflamed and irritated; you cough, and there is more irritation—more coughing. You take a cough mixture and it eases the irritation—for a while. You take

SCOTT'S EMULSION

and it cures the cold. That's what is necessary. It soothes the throat because it reduces the irritation; cures the cold because it drives out the inflammation; builds up the weakened tissues because it nourishes them back to their natural strength. That's how Scott's Emulsion deals with a sore throat, a cough, a cold, or bronchitis.

WE'LL SEND YOU A SAMPLE FREE.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, Toronto, Ont.



who died some years back at Munich, was a curious coat made of

SMALL PIECES OF WOOD,

none above an inch in diameter, fastened together by gold and silver wire. Not only is the garment curious, but it is a veritable work of art, for cuttings from almost every known tree were used in its construction, and the variously-colored woods have been made to blend with no little taste.

Very stiff and uncomfortable must this coat have been to wear, but less so, perhaps—being of a lighter material—than a similar garment made in the early eighties to the order of a Brazilian, who had such a liking for gold that he, on special occasions, wore a coat made of plaques of this precious metal. Naturally, he only appeared thus bedizen in the privacy of his family, by whom he was at length persuaded to convert his sartorial eccentricity into coin of the realm.

BLOOD TROUBLES.

**Cured Through the Rich, Red Blood
Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Actually
Make.**

Thousands of women suffer from headaches, backaches, dizziness, languor and nervousness. Few realize that their misery all comes from the bad state of their blood. They take one thing for their head, and another for their stomach, a third for their nerves. And yet all the while it is simply their blood that is the cause of all their trouble. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure all these and other blood troubles because they actually make new rich, red blood. Mrs. J. H. McArthur, St. Thomas, Ont., says: "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have done me a world of good. For about eighteen months I was a constant sufferer. I was terribly run down and the least exertion left me fagged out. I slept badly at night and this further weakened me, and finally I had to give up housekeeping and go boarding as I was quite unable to do any housework. I took doctor's medicine but it was of little or no benefit. One day a neighbor told me how much benefit she had derived from Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and advised me to try them. I sent and got three boxes, and by the time I had used them I could feel a change for the better. Then I got four boxes more, and before they were all gone my health was fully restored. To see me now one would not think I had ever been sick for a day, and I can honestly say I owe my renewed health to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are the greatest cure there is for the weakness and backaches and sideaches of anaemia; all the distress of indigestion; all the pains and aches of rheumatism, sciatica and neuralgia, and the weakness and ill health that follows any disturbance of regularity in the blood supply. Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 50c a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

TURKISH GRAFT TRAGEDY

THE SULTAN HIMSELF IS FINALLY INVOLVED.

**Beating, Imprisonment and Death in
Struggle for Private
Advantages.**

Bit by bit there has been revealed at Constantinople one of the most absorbing, dramatic and impossible stories of true life that ever stepped out of the pages of the Arabian Nights and wandered by some mischance into the present day and hour. The principal char-

acter. Those entrusted with the enforcement of the law in Constantinople never think of troubling important officials for such a trifle as the death—accidental or otherwise—of a rival's serving man.

The fray had been fought almost beneath the walls of the imperial palace itself and the yells of the combatants had reached the Sultan's ears. He demanded a report. It then became a question who had the biggest pull with the Sultan. Abdurrezzak's proved the stronger. It is said that Redvan was saved from banishment only through the influence of his mother, who held an important position in

THE IMPERIAL HAREM.

He lost the favor of his royal master, which meant, of course, that it would not be long before he would be deprived of his job, too.

This did not satisfy Abdurrezzak. He summoned a family council of the Bedr Khans to determine what further steps should be taken to punish the man who had slain a member of the clan and insulted its dignity by attacking the house of its leader with a mob of the lowest menials in Constantinople—scavengers. In the deliberations the leading part was taken by Abdurrezzak's uncle, Ali Shamil Pasha, military governor of Scutari, a man infamous even in Constantinople for his brutality and unscrupulousness.

Ali Shamil demanded a life for a life. Nothing less than the death of the prefect, he declared, could atone for the loss of the Kurd and the insult done the Bedr Khans. By his vehemence he carried the more timorous members of the council with him. The vote for Redvan's death was unanimous.

Abdurrezzak, the suave and polished master of ceremonies, the adept in all the intricacies of Oriental etiquette, lost no time in carrying the sentence into effect. He ordered one of his servants, who had taken part in the fight against the scavengers, to make the necessary preparations for the murder of Redvan. This man engaged three other Kurds to help him, and they were taken into Abdurrezzak's service at fifteen mid-jidies (\$12.50) a month. Assassins are cheap in Turkey.

Redvan had a country villa at Guez Tepe, a village in the Scutari district, with a station on the Anatolian Railway, and it was decided to kill him on his way from the train to his villa rather than in Constantinople.

THE SPARSE POPULATION

and the fact that the local troops were under the command of Ali Shamil would, it was thought, render the commission of the murder easier. The four Kurds were dispatched to Guez Tepe after Abdurrezzak had provided revolvers, cartridges and money, and had personally pointed out Redvan to them and given them their instructions.

It was no secret that the Behr Khans had sworn vengeance to the death against Redvan. It is probable that through his police spies he obtained something more than an inkling of the precise nature of the plot against him. He appealed to the palace for protection, but the Sultan still frowned upon him. Then, Turk like, he resigned himself to his fate, after making his will and disposing of most of his property.

One evening, just after he had left the train at Guez Tepe and was on the way to his villa, he was set upon by the four Kurds. To make sure of his death, they fired nine bullets into him before they took to their heels. Apparently he had made no special plans for their escape, depending on the influence of the heads of the Bedr Khans to get them off scot free. They were arrested after a short chase and lodged in one of the local guardhouses.

Ali Shamil tried to induce the police officer in charge to release them. Failing in this, he exercised his authority as military commander of the district to get them lodged in the barracks. Then he provided them with good fare and cigarettes and told them they needn't worry a bit, he would see them through.

Of course, the Sultan heard of the murder. He sent for Abdurrezzak. Re-

**NO ADULTERATION OR COLORING MATTER
IMPURITIES OF ANY KIND IN**

"SALADA"

CEYLON NATURAL GREEN TEA.

**Put up in sealed lead packets to preserve
its many excellent qualities**

40c, 50c and 60c per lb.

At all Grocers

HIGHEST AWARD ST. LOUIS, 1904.

"OSHAWA" Steel Shingles.

Wind,
Water,
Storm
and
Fire
Proof



Looked
on
All
Four
Sides

Made from Painted or Galvanized Steel, at prices varying from \$2.85 to \$5.10 per hundred square feet covering measure. This is the most durable covering on the market, and is an ideal covering for Houses, Barns, Stores, Elevators, Churches, etc. Any handy man can lay the "OSHAWA" shingles. A hammer and snips are the only tools required.

We are the largest and oldest company of the kind under the British flag, and have covered thousands of the best buildings throughout Canada, making them

FIRE, WATER AND LIGHTNING-PROOF.

We also manufacture Corrugated Iron in long sheets, Conductor Pipe and EAVESTROUGH, Etc.

METAL SIDING, in imitation of brick or stone.

METAL CEILINGS, in 2,000 designs.

Write for Catalogue No. 14R and free samples of "OSHAWA" Shingles. Write to-day.

THE PEDLAR PEOPLE,

Montreal, Que.	Ottawa, Ont.	Toronto, Ont.	London, Ont.	Winnipeg, Man.	Vancouver, B.C.
321-2 W Craig St.	423 Sussex st.	11 Colborne st	69 Dundas st.	76 Lombard st.	615 Pender st.

Write your Nearest Office.—HEAD OFFICE AND WORKS—OSHAWA, Ont

640 ACRES PRAIRIE WHEATLAND..... FOR SALE

Near Neudorf, Saskatchewan. A great bargain. \$12 per acre. Close to two railroads. Branch line of Grand Trunk Pacific surveyed almost through the property.

BOX 21, 73 WEST ADELAIDE STREET, TORONTO.

POOR WEAPONS.

Mr. Lafferty had asked the druggist for something to kill moths, and the druggist sold him ten cents' worth of moth balls.

The next day Mr. Lafferty returned, and holding out the crumpled remains of some of the moth balls, he said, "Are yez the young man that sold them things to me yesterday?"

"I am. What's the matter with them?"

"Th' idea of a decent store selling them things to kill moths or anything else! If yez can show me a man that can hit a moth wid wan o' them, I'll say naughting about the pitchers and the looking-glass me an' the ould woman broke."

AFTER TEN YEARS.

Mr. G. L. Stephenson, of Peterborough, says: "For over ten years I suffered constantly with Piles, first itching then Bleeding; pain almost unbearable;

FEATHER DYEING

Cleaning and Curling and Kid Gloves cleaned. Them can be sent by post, 10 per cent. the best place is

**BRITISH AMERICAN DYEING CO.
MONTREAL.**

Fruit Growers, Attention

Having no commission to pay, and selling for cash, The Eastern Townships Nurseries are thus able to offer you Standard Apple Trees 4 to 6 feet high, grow here, hardy and thrifty stock for Fall and Spring delivery, for \$15.00 per hundred.

LOUIS GERVAIL, Prop.,
Laurencville, Que.

FOR SALE.

Over two thousand farms in Ontario. Send for our List.

**Western Real Estate Exchange
Limited, London, Ont."**

Advantages.

Bit by bit there has been revealed at Constantinople one of the most absorbing, dramatic and impossible stories of true life that ever stepped out of the pages of the Arabian Nights and wandered by some mischance into the present day and hour. The principal characters in the drama were, on the surface, polished, cultivated men who might have been received in society anywhere—Constantinople, London or Washington. Underneath the surface they proved to have been contemporaries of Othello and Iago.

The drama, of which probably we have not seen the last act, has already resulted in the murder of the prefect of Constantinople, the execution of the master of ceremonies at the palace, and of his uncle, the military governor of Scutari, and in the practical extinction of one of the great princely houses of Turkey.

It all began in a trivial fashion a few months ago, when Ahmed Aga, factor for the rich and powerful Redvan Pasha, prefect of Constantinople went to live in Shishli, a suburb of the city, not far from the Yildiz Kiosk, and as his luck would have it, in the same street with Abdurrezzak Pasha, master of ceremonies at the imperial palace. Redvan used his office to

FEATHER HIS OWN NEST,

by methods not altogether unknown in this country. The bakers' guild, for instance, paid him 250 Turkish liras a day to be "protected" when they violated the law against the selling of bread under weight. Ahmed was the man who ran the graft department for him. Naturally, he saw to it that he got a good rakeoff for himself. And thus came about that he could afford to live in style in a big house in a swell street near the palace.

But despite the fact that the neighborhood was a fashionable one, the street, like most of the streets in the capital, was wretchedly paved. Ahmed used his pull to get that part of the street in front of his house repaved at the city's expense. Abdurrezzak sent him a message requesting that the pavement be extended to his own house. Ahmed wanted to know what there was in it for him. The response was not satisfactory. Then Ahmed discovered that the funds apportioned for street improvement had been exhausted, and the master of ceremonies would have to wait until an additional appropriation had been obtained, or pay for the extension of the pavement out of his own pocket.

Ahmed was a Turk of humble origin, while Abdurrezzak Pasha was head of the great and powerful Kurdish family of the Badr Khans, which, 50 years back, under the leadership of Abdurrezzak's grandfather, had organized such a formidable revolt against the government that the Sultan of that day had found it expedient to obtain peace by bestowing some of the best billets at his disposal on the chiefs of the Badr Khan. BY THE BEARD OF THE PROPHET, Abdurrezzak swore, he would teach Redvan's insolent upstart underling a lesson. On some pretext he decoyed Ahmed into his house, had him unmercifully bastinadoed, and placed him in ignominious confinement.

Ahmed managed to get word of his sorry plight to his chief. Redvan was not the man to leave one of his staunchest followers in the lurch. He did his best to induce Abdurrezzak to set Ahmed free. He even offered to pay a big sum (C. O. D.) for Ahmed's release. But Abdurrezzak's desire for revenge was stronger than his cupidity. He refused to let Ahmed go. Then Redvan took the law into his own hands. He armed a number of the city scavengers with clubs and revolvers and set them to effect Ahmed's deliverance. A lively fight took place between the scavengers and Abdurrezzak's servants. One of the Kurds was killed and several of Redvan's men were wounded, but Ahmed contrived to escape in the confusion.

No public inquiry was held into the matter, though everybody knew of the

officer in charge to release them. Failing in this, he exercised his authority as military commander of the district to get them lodged in the barracks. Then he provided them with good fare and cigarettes and told them they needn't worry a bit, he would see them through.

Of course, the Sultan heard of the murder. He sent for Abdurrezzak. Relying on the strength and influence of the Badr Khans to secure his immunity, the master of ceremonies boldly avowed his responsibility for the murder. He acknowledged that it had been committed by his servants at his orders, and his only regret was that his official duties at the palace had prevented him from

AVENGING IN PERSON

the insult that the prefect had put upon him.

There followed a severe struggle between the Badr Khan faction at the palace and the rest of the imperial entourage, as to how the matter should be dealt with. Abdul Hamid has enemies enough in his domain, and he did not want to add to their number by taking any decisive steps against a house so powerful as that of the Badr Khans. He summoned a council of his principal ministers. With one accord they urged the necessity of taking vigorous action to vindicate the supremacy of his own authority. Otherwise, they pointed out, his own prestige would suffer irremediably, and the Badr Khans would be regarded as the real rulers of the empire.

This decided the wavering Abdul Hamid. Convinced that relentless severity was his best policy, he acted with promptitude. Three days after Redvan Pasha met his death Abdurrezzak, Ali Shamil and all the leading members of the Badr Khans were arrested one night and lodged on board a ship. The four actual assassins were tried and hanged. Their defense throws an illuminating light on the state of society in Turkey. "We were ordered to kill Redvan Pasha, and if we had not killed him our master would have killed us."

Meanwhile, the leaders of the Badr Khans were conveyed to the fortress of Tripoli, where they were tried in secret on the double charge of high treason and murder, and all save one were condemned. But before Ali Shamil was executed he gave a sensational exhibition of the savage that lurked beneath the veneer of twentieth-century civilization. While undergoing examination in the presence of his judges he sprang at the procurator-general and killed him like a weasel by biting him in the throat.

And all these tragic happenings resulted from Ahmed Aga's refusal to use his pull to lay a stretch of new pavement in front of Abdurrezzak's house!

it back and have it made smaller?" Clara—"No, George; an engagement ring is an engagement ring, even if I had to wear it round my neck."

Better Underwear

Keeps your body warm, yet lets your skin breathe—knit, not woven.—It fits, does **PEN-ANGLE** Underwear. Guaranteed Against Shrinkage.

Trade-marked in red. In a variety of styles, fabrics and prices, for women, men and children, and guaranteed.

the morning glass on his face, the woman broke."

AFTER TEN YEARS.

Mr. G. L. Stephenson, of Peterborough, says: "For over ten years I suffered constantly with Piles, first itching then bleeding; pain almost unbearable; life a burden. Tried everything in vain till I used Dr. Leonhardt's Hem-Roid.

I had taken but a few doses when I began to notice an improvement. Now I am completely cured."

A \$1,000 guarantee with every box of Hem-Roid. \$1. All dealers, or The Wilson-Fyle Co., Limited, Niagara Falls, Ont.

THE HUNT OF BIG GAME.

The northern part of the Province of Ontario is the mecca for the sportsman and hunter. Deer and moose abound in the several districts that are reached by the Grand Trunk Railway System including "Aluskoka," "Lake of Bays," "Maganetawan River," "Lake Nipissing," "French River," "Temagami," "Georgian Bay," and several points on the Ottawa Division between Scottia Jet and Algonquin Park. Last year nearly 12,000 deer and 300 moose were taken out of this territory and from reports received this year, the supply is as great as ever. All hunting districts easy of access. Full particulars in "Haunts of Fish and Game," an illustrated publication giving all information, game laws, etc., sent free, on application to G. T. Bell, General Passenger Agent, Montreal.

ENOUGH SAID.

Citiman—Do you know Sharpe? Subbuss—Oh! he's a real-estate agent. Citiman—Yes, but do you know anything about his character? Is he honest? Subbuss—Haven't I just told you what he was?

The superiority of Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is shown by its good effects on the children. Purchase a bottle and give it a trial.

"I wish I was half as beautiful as Miss Brown," remarked the fair Edith to Mr. Green. "Well, you are, you know," replied Green thoughtlessly. Then he wondered why she suddenly rose and left him.

Death Comes to All.—But it need not come prematurely if proper precautions are taken. "An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure," and to have prevention at hand and allow a disease to work its will is wickedness. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil not only allays pains when applied externally, but will prevent lung troubles resulting from colds and coughs. Try it and be convinced.

DID NOT IMPRESS HIM.

A practical joker recently made his first trip to Niagara Falls, and a guide that he hired was trying to impress him with their magnitude.

"Grand!" suggested the guide. "Grand," acquiesced the tourist stolidly.

He seemed to be interested, but not at all impressed.

"Millions of gallons a minute," explained the guide.

"How many a day?" asked the tourist. "Oh, billions and billions," said the guide.

The other looked across and down and up, as if gauging the flow, and then turned away disinterestedly.

"Runs all night, too, I suppose," he remarked nonchalantly.

The guide never recovered.

FLUENT, BUT NOT CONVINCING.

Wiggles—Did you have any difficulty in speaking French while you were in Paris?

Waggles—Oh, no; I didn't have any difficulty at all in speaking it. The difficulty was in getting people to understand it.

Over two thousand farms in Ontario. Send for our List.

Western Real Estate Exchange Limited, London, Ont.

REMARKABLE PRINTING PRESS.

The University Press at Oxford, England, is the most remarkable printing establishment in the world, as well as one of the oldest. It is what you might call self-contained, and if everything else pertaining to printing were blotted off the face of the earth tomorrow the University Press would go right ahead as if nothing had happened. It makes its own type and its own ink; burns its own charcoal for making the ink, makes its own paper, and so on. The workmen in the Press are as interesting as the establishment itself. In many instances son has succeeded father down the centuries in his employ, as naturally as if the son was his lordship and the father an earl and the position an entailed estate.

Corns cause intolerable pain. Hollo-way's Corn Cure removes the trouble. Try it, and see what amount of pain is saved.

"But," said the merchant to the applicant, "you don't furnish any reference from your last place." "You needn't worry about that," replied the man with the close-cropped head and prison pallor, "I wouldn't be here now if it hadn't been for my good behavior in my last place."

Office Boy—"Want to see the guv'nor? What name shall I say?" Visitor—"Herr Schweitzsalsburghausen." Office Boy—"Oh, I shan't have time to pronounce all that. I'm leaving at the end of the week."

To Those of Sedentary Occupation.—Men who follow sedentary occupations, which deprive them of fresh air and exercise, are more prone to disorders of the liver and kidneys than those who lead active, outdoor lives. The former will find in Parmelee's Vegetable Pills a restorative without question the most efficacious on the market. They are easily procurable, easily taken, act expeditiously, and they are surprisingly cheap considering their excellence.

"Tobacco smoking," said the traveler, "is so common in Holland, that it is impossible to distinguish one person from another in a room full of smokers." "But supposing you want to speak to someone present, how are you to find it out?" "Ah, in such cases a waiter is sent round with a pair of bellows, with which he blows away the smoke from the face of every person until the right one is found."

For Family Colds

A reliable cough and cold cure should be always in the house ready for use the moment the first symptoms appear.

It is always easier, cheaper and better to check a cold in the very beginning. It is safer, too.

Shiloh's Consumption Cure, the Lung Tonic, has been tested for thirty-three years, and tens of thousands of homes in Canada and the United States to-day are never without it.

A dealer writes: "Shiloh's Consumption Cure is without doubt the best remedy for Coughs and Colds on the market. Once used, my customers will buy no other."—L. Easley, Nanawauqua, Ont.

If it were anything but the best would this be so? Try it in your own family. If it does not cure, you get back all it cost you. We take all the chances. Neither you nor your dealer can lose. Isn't that fair? 25c. is the price. All dealers in medicine sell.

SHILOH

TWO STRIKERS SHOT DEAD

MacLaren Mills, Buckingham, Quebec Scene of Murderous Affray.

THE DEAD.

THOS. BELANGER, labor leader.
XAVIER THERRIEU, striker, Buckingham.

FATALLY WOUNDED.

Detective Peter Pecard, Montreal.
Detective Herbert Verner, Montreal.

SERIOUSLY WOUNDED.

James Kiernan, policeman, Buckingham.
Albert Leyotte, detective, Montreal.
Frank Kiernan, Chief of Police, Buckingham.
Isidore Renaud, striker, Buckingham.
Edward Miner, striker, Buckingham.
Baptiste Clemow, striker, Buckingham.
Felix Fauvalle, striker, Buckingham.
Xavier Tremblay, striker, Buckingham.
Adelard Hamelin, striker, Buckingham.
Louis Gervais, striker, Buckingham.
Felix Lacelle, striker, Buckingham.

THE OUTBREAK.

Buckingham, Que., Oct. 8.—One of the most disastrous affrays in connection with a labor dispute occurred this afternoon in this town, 20 miles down the river from Ottawa. A pistol battle took place between the strikers of the Jas. McLaren Company, Limited, lumbermen, and a detachment of police, and as a result two of the strike leaders are dead in the morgue, two special constables are at the point of death in St. Michael's Hospital, nine men are seriously wounded, and a score are slightly injured.

About a month ago the men employed in the lumber and pulp mills of the James McLaren Company, Limited, demanded an increase of 25 cents per day each. The firm replied that, having carried on its business enterprises the greater part of the summer under great difficulty and largely increased expense by reason of the lowness of the water in the Lievre River, they did not feel warranted in entertaining the demand. Accordingly, on Sept. 15 the employees of all the mills refused to work any longer, whereupon the mills were closed down and the men paid off.

This morning it was decided to move an accumulation of logs which were obstructing navigation in the river. A few of the men who had stood loyal to the firm were engaged for this purpose. They were accompanied by about 40 constables, who had been specially

engaged as watchmen of the McLaren property.

ATTACK WAS PLANNED.

The attack upon the police had been planned in the morning. When the non-union men commenced to move the logs the strikers assembled in force. Thomas Belanger, president of the union, and another of the officers, named Charette, went forward and asked to be allowed to speak on behalf of the men. Mayor Verequillee, who is superintendent of the works, shouted back, giving consent. Belanger made a violent harangue on behalf of the strikers, and declared that they would resort to violence unless the moving of the logs was stopped. Mayor Verequillee, in reply, said the company would not recognize the union and that hereafter the mill would be an open shop.

Belanger and Charette then returned to their fellows, and, after a conference, the strikers dashed down the hill yelling at the top of their voices and hurling stones. Belanger and Hamelin were in the lead, and as soon as the rush began Belanger waved a revolver and shouted "Come on, men, show them what we are made of." The strikers had advanced about fifty yards when a shot grazed the head of Constable Kiernan. The specials fired their revolvers in the air over the heads of the advancing mob, but when the bullets from the revolvers of the strikers began to fly around them they took steady aim.

TWO LEADERS FELL.

Belanger was one of the first to fall, and a few seconds later Theriet dropped. For 20 minutes the sanguinary feud continued. Men had dropped on both sides. Seeing how serious had been the struggle, the strikers pulled off.

The townspeople had in the meantime commenced to gather, and the work of removing the dead and injured was speedily carried out. Fearing a possible renewal of the trouble, requisition was made upon Col. Hodgins, D.O.C. of No. 4 District, for the services of the military, and shortly after 8 o'clock to-night 66 men of the G.G.F.C. and 35 men of the 43 Rifles left Ottawa by special train. Col. Hodgins was in command of the force, the officers with him being Major D. Cameron, Major Morrison, and Capt. Cunningham.

form such work most satisfactorily after one or two experiments.

A very pleasing way to serve the salad is as follows: Cut good-sized boiled beets into symmetrical cups and let stand in seasoned vinegar over night. With a pair of sharp scissors (reserved for such purposes) cut the lettuce into shreds, just before the dinner is to be served. Allow a tablespoonful of chopped walnut meats for each cup and mix with lettuce, toss lightly in a French dressing, and fill into the beet cups. Garnish with a star of golden mayonnaise. The red, green and yellow combination looks very pretty and is as palatable as it is handsome.

ENGINE CRASHED INTO VAN.

Fatal Collision on a Railway in Nova Scotia.

A despatch from Halifax, N. S., says: The worst collision in the history of the

BIG AGRICULTURAL AREA.

What Government Surveyors Found in Clay Belt.

A despatch from Toronto says: Mr. Alex. Niven of Haliburton, who has had a long experience in Government surveys, has returned from a survey of the outlines of ten large townships in the northern clay belt between the Mississauga River and the Mattagami River, in the district of Algoma, reports the location of a remarkable area of good agricultural land. The country he passed through in his work is, he says, the finest he has met with in northern Ontario, nearly every acre being agricultural land of good quality. The country, generally, is rolling, with an occasional muskeg, and the soil a rich clay loam, with some areas of sandy loam. The timber is the largest Mr. Niven has yet encountered in his surveys in northern Ontario. It is chiefly black and white spruce, the latter averaging from sixteen to thirty inches in diameter, and being suitable for lumbering. Considerable poplar as large in size almost as the spruce was also met with. Balm of Gilead, white birch and occasional small areas of black birch were the other woods found.

The survey for the main line of the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway passes through these townships, which are also crossed by the following rivers, all large streams: Mississauga, Opazatika, Kapuskasing, Groundhog and Mattagami. A lake of beautifully clear water, three to four miles in width and six to eight miles long, well stocked with trout, pike and pickerel, was found in one of the townships.

CROP OF APPLES WILL BE FAIR.

Nova Scotia Expects to Export About Same as Last Year.

A despatch from Halifax, N. S., says: The Nova Scotia apple crop this season will, in quantity, be about the same as last year, when 325,000 barrels were exported to foreign markets. In quality the crop is fair, gravensteins are a failure. In regard to price it is not expected that they will be quite as high as last year, when an average of \$2.75 per barrel was noted, but the returns will be good.

Advices from England are that the crop, which at one time promised to be very abundant, has been materially diminished through drought and gales, while the recent hot weather has caused it to mature quickly so that it will not keep well, and the fruit will be off the market earlier than usual. Prices in New York will be higher than at the corresponding time last year. In Nova Scotia they are advancing. Buyers are again paying \$1.50 per barrel and are now offering \$2 in some cases for run of orchard.

WINNIPEG SUFFERS BY FIRE.

Over \$40,000 Damage Done in Immense Lumber Yard.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: A disastrous fire occurred in the immense lumber yard in Fort Rouge of ex-Mayor Arbutnot on Saturday night, when damage to the extent of \$40,000 was done. The fire started in the boiler-room with a strong north-west breeze and was quickly beyond the control of the brigade. The heaviest loss was occasioned in the destruction of the mill and ten cars of expensive mouldings standing on a siding nearby. The loss is fully covered by insurance.

HIGHEST ON RECORD.

Fire Losses From January to September Total \$400,587.750.

A despatch from New York says: The loss by fire in the United States and Canada during the month of September as compiled by the Journal of Commerce and Commercial Bulletin aggregates \$10,852,550, or about \$3,000,000 below

THE WORLD'S MARKETS

REPORTS FROM THE LEADING TRADE CENTRES.

Prices of Cattle, Grain, Cheese and Other Dairy Products at Home and Abroad.

Toronto, Oct. 9.—Flour—Ontario wheat 90 per cent. patents are quoted at \$2.75 in buyers' sacks outside for export. Manitoba first patents, \$4.10; second patents, \$3.90; and strong bakers', \$3.80, Toronto.

Bran—The market is firm at \$15 to \$15.50 in bulk, outside. Shorts are quoted at \$18 to \$18.50 outside.

Corn—No. 2 American is quoted at 56c on track, Toronto.

Wheat—No. 2 white offered at 72½c outside, and at 72c at 70 per cent. points, with 71½c bid. No. 2 red Winter offered at 72c outside, without bids. No. 2 mixed offered at 71c at 70 per cent. points, with 70½c bid, while 71c was bid east of Toronto. No. 1 Manitoba hard was 80½c bid on track, Point Edward, and No. 1 Northern offered at 80c, Point Edward, without bids.

Barley—No. 3 offered at 46c at 78 per cent. points, with 45c bid.

Oats—No. 2 white offered at 35½c on a 6c rate to Toronto, with 35c bid. Two cars sold at 35½c on a 5c rate to Toronto.

Rye—No. 2 wanted at 66c outside, without sellers.

Buckwheat—No. 2 offered at 52c outside, without bids.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Beans—Hand-picked selling at \$1.75 to \$1.80, and primes at \$1.60 to \$1.70.

Honey—Strained honey quoted at 10 to 11c per lb. and combs at \$2 per dozen.

Hops—New quoted at 20 to 25c.

Hay—Car lots of No. 1 timothy are quoted at \$9.50 to \$10 on track, Toronto, and No. 2 at \$8.

Poultry—Turkeys, fresh killed, 12 to 14c; chickens, 9 to 11c per lb. alive; ducks, alive, 10 to 11c per lb.

Straw—\$5.50 to \$6 per ton.

THE DAIRY MARKETS.

Butter—Pound rolls are quoted at 21 to 22c; tubs, 18 to 20c; large rolls, 18 to 20c. Creamery prints sell at 24 to 25c; and solids at 22½ to 26c.

Eggs—Good stock brings 19c per dozen, and splits 13c.

Cheese—Prices rule at 13½ to 14½c, the latter for twins.

HOG PRODUCTS.

Dressed hogs in car lots nominal. Bacon, long clear, 12½c per lb. in case lots; mess pork, \$22 to \$22.50; short cut \$24.50.

Hams—Light to medium, 16c; do, heavy, 15c; rolls, 12½c; shoulders, 11½ to 12c; backs, 17½ to 18c; breakfast bacon, 15 to 16c.

Lard—Tierces, 11½c; tubs, 11½c; pails, 12c.

BUSINESS AT MONTREAL.

Montreal, Oct. 9.—Grain—There was some enquiry for Manitoba wheat from over the cable, but bids showed little or no improvement, and business was quiet. The local market for oats is firm in tone though the demand is rather quiet. Flour—Manitoba Spring wheat, \$4.50; strong bakers', \$4; Winter wheat patents, \$4 to \$4.10; straight rollers, \$3.80 to \$3.90; do., in bags, \$1.75 to \$1.80, extras, \$1.50 to \$1.60. Feed—Manitoba bran, in bags, \$20; shorts, \$23 per ton; Ontario bran, in bags, \$19 to \$19.50; shorts, \$22 to \$22.50; milled mouille, \$21 to \$25 per ton, and straight rollers, \$23 to \$29. Provisions—Barrels short cut mess, \$22 to \$24; half-barrels, \$11.75 to \$12.50; clear fat backs, \$23.50; long cut heavy mess, \$20.50; half-barrels do., \$10.75; dry salt long clear bacon, 12½ to 12¾c; barrels plate beef,

Thanksgiving Dinner

A very pleasing menu containing the favorite dishes of Thanksgivings, both "ancient and modern," is the following:—

Raw Oysters.
Brownbread Sandwiches.
Roast Turkey Stuffed with Chestnuts.
Cranberry Sauce. Pickled Peaches.
Celery. Baked Ham. Cider Sauce.
Chicken Pastry.
Mashed Potatoes. Creamed Onions.
Browned Sweet Potatoes.
Scalloped Squash. Ginger Sherbet.
Lettuce and Walnut Salad.

Cranberry Sauce. Pickled Peaches.
Celery. Baked Ham. Cider Sauce.
Chicken Pastry.
Mashed Potatoes. Creamed Onions.
Brown Sweet Potatoes.
Scalloped Squash. Ginger Sherbet.
Lettuce and Walnut Salad.
Wafers. Cheese.
Pumpkin Pie. Mince Pie.
Cranberry Tart.
Baked Indian Pudding. with Cream.
Ice Cream. Sponge Cake.
Coffee.

This may seem rather a formidable menu to the woman without superior help, yet so many of the dishes may be prepared beforehand, that it need necessitate very little more cooking when the day arrives than that required for the usual Sunday dinner. The day before, the turkey may be made ready for roasting, the chestnuts cooked and mashed for the stuffing, and all the dry ingredients for the making it mixed together, the chickens cooked for the pastry, the crust made and set away in a cool place, the cranberry sauce made, and jellies, pickles and other foods may even be placed in readiness on dishes for serving, if kept in a cold place and carefully covered. If more convenient the pies may be made two days before, and cakes at the same time, if kept where they will not dry out. Nuts may be cracked, mixed with raisins and bonbons, and placed in the dishes ready for serving. Even the vegetables may be almost ready for the table the day before, and if carefully cooked no one need ever discover that they have been warmed over. The onions may be boiled in readiness for the cream sauce, the squash boiled and mashed ready to scallop, and the sweet potatoes par-boiled for browning. Mashed potatoes must of course be prepared just before time to serve. Sauces may also be made on the previous day, and all baking done except the pudding.

Every bit of china, glass and linen should be put in readiness beforehand and the house all swept, dusted and decorated, so that when thanks giving morning arrives the least possible work and time will be required to put it in perfect order.

Autumn leaves, golden grain and rich-hued chrysanthemums are seasonable and beautiful for Thanksgiving decorations, and a charming centerpiece for the table may be arranged with different varieties of fruit or vegetables, carefully cleaned and artistically placed.

If children are to be in the gathering small cakes and wholesome sweetmeats will be in great demand. Cookies are always popular, and a very nice way to "dress" them is the following: After they have been baked spread some of them with a wash made by beating the yolk of an egg very light with two tablespoonfuls of powdered sugar and two tablespoonfuls of blanched and coarsely chopped almonds. Return these to a slow oven until slightly browned. The white of the egg may be used if preferred, but should only be beaten enough to free it from stringiness.

A very nice and wholesome sweet is made by mixing equal quantities of fresh popcorn and shelled, blanched, and coarsely chopped peanuts; heat as much molasses as will be required with one-half of its bulk in sugar, and when very hot pour just enough over the popcorn and peanuts to stick all nicely together, and form into small bars, cakes and balls. If the mixture is sticky too much molasses has been added, but this mistake is easily rectified by working in more of the popcorn.

Stuffed dates are another delicious bonbon. Stone the dates and fill the hollows with an almond or walnut meat which has been dipped in a syrup that will candy. If the hollow will hold a raisin as well, so much more delightful for the palate. When stuffed give each date a thick coating of the same syrup, roll in blanched, chopped almonds, or walnuts, and lay on buttered plates to harden. These are rather tedious to prepare, but are worth the trouble. It is a form of cooking, too, which delights the children of the household, and they may be quite safely be trusted to per-

ENGINE CRASHED INTO VAN.

Fatal Collision on a Railway in Nova Scotia.

A despatch from Halifax, N. S., says: The worst collision in the history of the Sydney and Louisburg Railway, owned by the Dominion Coal Company, happened near Glace Bay on Monday night, and one man is dead and another dying and nine others injured. The accident was caused by a collision in a deep cut of the road between a construction train and a train of empties coming from Louisburg. The construction train was reversed, and had all the cars ahead of her, the farthest in advance being the van in which workmen were standing. As they entered a deep cut just the other side of the cut near the town reservoir the roar of another was heard. Conductor McLeod, who had charge of the construction train, was standing on the steps, and, seeing the coming collision, jumped and escaped. With a crash and a roar the big engine crashed through the construction van, and of the 11 men inside not one escaped injuries of a more or less serious kind. The van was smashed to kindling wood and the unfortunate men were strewn in all directions along the track.

Norman McLennan, cousin of A. N. McLennan, of the Sydney and Glace Bay, was killed outright. His brother Dan is in a dying condition with terrible injuries on the head. The men's injuries include scalp wounds, broken legs and arms, bruises and minor wounds.

SEVENTY-FIVE MEN ENTOMBED.

Deadly Explosion in a Virginia Coal Mine.

A despatch from Bluefield, Va., says: As the result of an explosion on Wednesday afternoon at the Westfork mines of the Pocahontas Coal Collieries Company, where the explosion of 1902 occurred in which Superintendent O'Malley and sixteen others lost their lives, seventy-five men are supposed to be entombed.

The mine is reported to be on fire and the work of rescue is retarded. The cause of the explosion is not determined. Great excitement prevails in the neighborhood of the mines. Crowds of men, women and children remained around the drift mouth anxiously awaiting news of relatives and friends among the missing.

DRANK SOOTHING SYRUP.

Four-year-old Montreal Boy Drank Contents of Bottle.

A despatch from Montreal says: Hermonville Vermette, four years old, whose parents live at 1,059 St. Dominique street is dead, the result of an overdose of soothing syrup. While his mother was washing in the back of the house the little fellow spied a bottle of soothing syrup on the kitchen table. Liking the taste of the mixture, he drank the whole contents. Thereafter he wandered out into the back yard, where not long after his mother found him, apparently asleep. All efforts on her part to awake him proved futile, and, although medical assistance was procured, he passed away without regaining consciousness.

KICKED TO DEATH.

Winnipeg Man's Fate at Hands of Two Bartenders.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: Fatally kicked in the bar-room of the Stock Exchange Hotel, Logan Avenue, on Saturday night, Thomas Humphreys, an employe at Gordon, Ironsides and Fare's abattoir, died within 15 minutes of his removal to his home. Humphreys was drunk and quarrelsome and in the course of a fight in the bar two of the bartenders, Montgomery and Savage, attempted to put him out of the building. While being ejected he was kicked over the heart. Both bartenders were arrested.

A despatch from New York says: The loss by fire in the United States and Canada during the month of September as compiled by the Journal of Commerce and Commercial Bulletin aggregates \$10,852,550, or about \$3,000,000 below the record of the same month in 1905. The nine months' losses by fire now reach the sum of \$400,587,750, a figure never before equalled in the history of the country.

TOUCHED A LIVE WIRE.

Young Man Instantly Killed on the Street at Belleville.

A despatch from Belleville says: Wm. Walsh, 18 years of age, was instantly killed here on Friday evening by coming in contact with a live electric wire. One of the wires which is used by the Trenton Electric Company in lighting the street, fell on St. Charles Street, and Walsh, who happened to come along at the time, struck the wire, with the result that he was thrown for some distance. When picked up he was dead, having received the full shock of the voltage which was being carried about the city.

PRAIRIE PROVINCES.

Census Will Show Population to be About 805,000.

A despatch from Ottawa says: While the returns of the census of the three prairie provinces are incomplete, enough is known to make a close approximation possible. The whole population of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, as is known, will come close to 805,000. By 'provinces it will be:—Manitoba, 362,000, with three or four sub-divisions to be heard from, which will make the total about 364,000; Saskatchewan about 260,000, the returns from this province are the least complete; Alberta, 184,000, with one sub-division to come in.

TO PRESERVE MILK.

French Physician Discovers New Method of Sterilizing.

A despatch from Paris says: The *Matin* announces that Prof. Behring has discovered a new method of sterilizing milk without boiling it or destroying any of its essential principles. The method is based on the qualities of perhydrol, simply oxygenated. One gramme per litre destroys all noxious germs. Milk thus sterilized can be kept for a long time, while it is not injured by travelling. Prof. Behring says he has proved that light has a very harmful effect on milk, whether it is sterilized or not. He recommends that it be kept in the dark, or in red or green bottles.

MISSING GIRL IS LOCATED.

Miss Robertson, of Goderich, Found Employed in a Buffalo Store.

A despatch from Stratford says: The news has reached here that Miss Jessie Robertson, sister of City Solicitor Robertson, who disappeared so completely at Quebec some weeks ago, has been located in Buffalo. Her state of mind had been affected by her poor health. When found she was employed with a china decorative firm. The girl will be taken back to Goderich, her home.

AGED WOMAN CUT HER THROAT.

Domestic Troubles Cause Suicide of Resident of Blenheim.

A despatch from Blenheim, Ont., says: Mrs. James Jeffrys, of this place, ended her life on Saturday evening by cutting her throat. She was about 75 years of age and leaves a husband and one son. Domestic troubles are supposed to be the cause of the deed, as she had been in good health.

\$21 to \$25 per ton, and straight rollers, \$28 to \$29. Provisions—Barrels short cut mess, \$22 to \$24; half-barrels, \$11.75 to \$12.50; clear fat backs, \$23.50; long cut heavy mess, \$20.50; half-barrels do., \$10.75; dry salt long clear bacon, 12½ to 13½c; barrels plate beef, \$12 to \$13; half-barrels do., \$6.50 to \$7; barrels heavy mess beef, \$11; half-barrels do., \$6; compound lard, 8 to 9½c; pure lard, 11½ to 12c; kettle rendered, 12½ to 13c; hams, 14½ to 16c; breakfast bacon, 15½ to 16½c; Windsor bacon, 16½c; fresh killed abattoir dressed hogs, \$9.50; alive, \$6.75 to \$6.90 per 100 lbs. Eggs—Selects, 22c; No. 1 candled, 18 to 19c. Butter—Choice creamery, salted and unsalted, 24 to 24½c; medium grades, 23 to 23½c. Cheese—Ontario, 13 to 13½c; Quebec, 12½ to 13c.

UNITED STATES MARKETS.

Milwaukee, Oct. 9.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 79 to 80½c; No. 2 Northern, 76 to 78½c; December, 75½c. Rye—No. 1, 63½ to 64c. Barley—No. 2, 55c; sample, 38 to 54c. Corn—No. 3 cash, 46½ to 47c; December, 43.

Duluth, Oct. 9.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 76½c; No. 2 Northern, 75c; October, 76c; December, 75c; May, 78½c. Minneapolis, Oct.—Wheat—December, 74½ to 74¾c; May, 78½c; cash, 76½c; No. 1 Northern, 76c; No. 2 Northern, 74c; No. 3 Northern, 72½c. Flour—First patents, \$4.20 to \$4.30; second patents, \$4.05 to \$4.15; first clears, \$3.25 to \$3.35; second clears, \$2.40 to \$2.60.

LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Toronto, Oct. 9.—Trade was active in good cattle at the Western Market today, and prices held pretty steady on moderate offerings thereof.

Little business was transacted in exporters' cattle. The quotations ranged in general from \$4.25 to \$4.75 per cwt. For good animals a little more than the above would be paid.

Best butchers', \$4.25 to \$4.50; good butchers', loads of, \$4 to \$4.25; fair and medium butchers', \$3.40 to \$3.90; rough to good cows, \$2.25 to \$3.45; heavy cows, \$3.35 to \$3.60; canners, \$1.25 per cwt. up.

Trade in feeders is somewhat hurt by the low prices which are offered. Short-keeps, \$3.60 to \$4; feeders, \$3.25 to \$3.50; stockers, \$2.50 to \$3 per cwt.

Export Ewes, \$4 to \$4.50; export bucks, \$3 to \$3.50; lambs, \$6.10 to \$6.25; calves, \$3.50 to \$6 each.

The offerings of milch cows were large and the demand was strong. Prices were firm at \$25 to \$50 each.

Hogs were unchanged at \$6.65 for selects, and \$6.40 for lights and fats.

FIFTY-NINE NEW ENGINES.

Ordered by the Grand Trunk Railway—Will be Richmond Type.

A despatch from Montreal says: The Grand Trunk Railway, after a very satisfactory test of some new engines, have placed an order for fifty-five new Richmond compound consolidation engines with the Locomotive and Machine Company of Montreal. The contract calls for the delivery of the engines before January 1st, 1908. They are a powerful machine and are nearly as big as those used in mountain service, and are 40,000 pounds heavier than the compound freight engines.

INCREASING THEIR ARMIES.

Germany and Austria Are Adding New Regiments.

A despatch from London says: According to the Express, Germany and Austria are considerably increasing their armies. A scheme for augmenting the German engineers and heavy artillery will be submitted to the Reichstag shortly, while Austria will add to her forces fifteen new artillery and fourteen howitzer regiments. The Express describes this as the continent's reply to the British Government's overtures for a reduction of armaments.

Thanksgiving Dainties

Thanksgiving Cake: Mix 3 teaspoons of baking powder in $2\frac{1}{2}$ lbs. of flour. Cream 2 lbs butter and 3 lbs of sugar together. Beat 18 eggs thoroughly and mix with them $\frac{1}{2}$ lb of pounded almonds, a wineglass of red currant jelly, a teacup of marmalade, and a teaspoon of extract of cinnamon. Mix well with the butter and sugar and stir in the flour. Pour into a large cake mould lined with buttered paper, and bake in a very moderate oven $2\frac{1}{2}$ hours. When cold spread with a thick coat of frosting and ornament with walnut meats.

Raised Doughnuts: Scald a quart of sweet milk, and add a generous cup each of butter and sugar. Set away until cool, then add three-fourths of a cup of soft yeast, $1\frac{1}{2}$ teaspoons of cinnamon and enough flour to make a soft dough. Knead well, cover, and set in a warm place to rise. When light, roll out the doughnuts, and let rise again. Fry in a kettle of deep, hot fat. Drain for a minute on unglazed paper, sift well with powdered sugar and set away until cold.

Sweet Potatoes Candied: Boil the potatoes until tender but not mealy. Peel, slice, and place in layers in a shallow buttered dish, sprinkling each layer with sugar and little bits of butter. Pour a little maple syrup over the top, and bake just long enough to melt the sugar and brown the top.

Cheese and Tomato Salad: If fresh tomatoes are not at hand use those which have been canned whole; they may be purchased for very little more than the cut ones. Scoop out a portion of the centre, and fill the cavity with a mixture of grated cheese and finely chopped celery, seasoned with salt, pepper and cayenne, and moistened with olive oil and vinegar. Serve each tomato on a lettuce leaf, with or without French dressing, as preferred.

Quickly Made Mince Meat: One cup each of finely-chopped beef suet and tart apples, 1 cup of seeded raisins, 1 cup each of minced citron and cold beef, 1 cup of cleaned currants, 1 cup of sugar, spices to suit the taste. Mix all well together, and add unfermented grape wine to thin sufficiently. Add the juice of one lemon, and bake between two crusts.

Oyster Cocktails: Select small, perfectly fresh oysters. Look them over carefully and remove all bits of shell. Sprinkle lightly with salt and place on ice until time to serve. For the sauce mix together one gill of tomato catsup, the juice of a lemon, two tablespoons of grated horse-radish thinned with vinegar, a few drops of tabasco sauce, and just before serving add two tablespoons of powdered ice. Serve in small glasses, and pour the sauce over them just before sending to the table. Allow six oysters to each person. The plate underneath the glass should be very small. Pass thin brown bread sandwiches with them.

Chicken Croquettes: Chop cold boiled chicken very fine, season to taste, add a little minced parsley and moisten with cream sauce sufficient to make a paste. Form into croquettes, dip in beaten egg, then in bread crumbs, and fry in hot fat to a pale brown.

THE THANKSGIVING TURKEY.

A Few Hints How to Prepare It for the Table.

In cooking a turkey or fowl it is much more delicate and juicy if placed in the roasting pan breast downward. Support it with skewers if necessary, and baste at least every ten minutes after it starts to roast. To make the skin an especially dainty lid-bit, rub it well all over with soft butter, sprinkle with salt and white pepper, and dust lightly with flour. The oven for roasting should be very hot

MOSLEMS HAVE AMBITIONS.

But Lord Minto Says British Ideas Must Always Prevail in India.

A despatch from Simla, India, says: An address was presented on Tuesday to the Viceroy of India, Lord Minto, by the most influential body of Mohammedans that has ever approached the Indian Government. Headed by his Highness, Agra Khan, thirty-six delegates, representing every province and every branch of the educated Moslem community, set forth the grievances and aspirations of the Mohammedans of India, and especially their claim for a fair share in any modified system of representation that might be contemplated.

Lord Minto, in reply, said that he recognized the aspirations of the younger generation and sympathized with sincere Bengali sentiment. He understood that their hopes and ambitions were not due to disaffection, but to their educational growth, the seed of which had been sown by British rule. The educational harvest would go on increasing, but British ideas must prevail. He promised all reasonable aid to the desires of the deputation; and promised them that in any attempted modification of their religious beliefs the national traditions would be respected.

MURDER OF ENGLISH GIRL.

Distantly Related to the British Royal Family.

A despatch from Essen, Prussia, says: A great sensation has been caused here by the murder of Miss Madeline Lake, daughter of an English army officer, whose body, terribly mutilated, was found Monday evening in the city park. The police have been unable to throw any light in the mystery surrounding her death. Both temples were beaten in, her throat was lacerated by the hands of her murderer, who, evidently strangled her in addition to beating her terribly about the head, and her arms and body were severely bruised.

The excitement caused by this horrible crime in a public park, almost in daylight, apparently, has been increased by the fact that the inquiries of the authorities have resulted in seemingly establishing the fact that Miss Lake was related, distantly, to the British Royal family, the brother of her grandmother. It is stated, having married a daughter of Caroline Amelia Elizabeth of Brunswick, the divorced wife of George IV. of England.

RIOT AT BULL FIGHT.

Audience Climb Into Arena and Are Gored by Bulls.

A despatch from Bordeaux, France, says: Riot prevailed at a bull fight here on Tuesday, and the police had finally to be called on to clear the arena. After attacking the employees the spectators tried to set the amphitheatre on fire. It was when a matador fell dead from excitement during the fight that the management announced the performance was over. The spectators protested, and when the management ordered the performance to continue the performers refused. Several of the audience jumped into the arena and the bulls attacked them. Five of them were gored, one fatally.

TO MEET EARLY IN NOVEMBER.

Government Hopes to Call Parliament for Session on Eighth.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The Government is straining every effort to get its business in shape in order to call Parliament together on Nov. 8th. The object of meeting so early in the month is to get in five weeks' useful work and to dispose of the tariff if possible before the Christmas holidays. Sir Wilfrid Laurier and some of his colleagues are of necessity to be in England by the 26th of April to attend the

FLEET ROTTEN WITH SEDITION

Disclosures at Court Martial at Russian Ports.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says. The court-martial at Cronstadt on Wednesday began the trial of the three ringleaders of the mutiny on board the torpedo gunboat Kazanatz, Aug. 2. Next week the court will begin trying 295 members of the crew of the battleship Alexander II., who refused to obey Capt. Petroff's orders to enter the ship's boats and assist in suppressing the mutiny at Cronstadt.

A court-martial at Libau, in Courland, has found 23 sailors of the transport Riga guilty of mutiny in August last and has sentenced them to various terms of imprisonment at hard labor.

The seriousness of the August mutiny was revealed at the court-martials held at Cronstadt, Helsingfors, Reval, Riga, Libau, and practically every Baltic port, showing that the whole fleet was honey-combed with sedition.

An unreported mutiny of the 21st East Siberian Regiment, which distinguished itself in several battles in Manchuria, has been disclosed by the verdict of a court-martial held at Blagovieshchensk, Asiatic Russia, which has sentenced six of the ringleaders to death, three others to hard labor, and 19 to serve various terms in the disciplinary battalions.

Tuesday's record of executions, as the result of the sentences of drum-head court-martials, includes four Anarchists put to death at Kiev and seven bandits executed at Bakhtul. The latter were shot owing to the inability of the authorities to procure a hangman.

TERRORISTS AS BANDITS.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says: Twenty-five robbers recently boarded a Russian steamship as passengers, seized the vessel after they had overpowered the crew, and took 12,000 roubles and the valuables of the passengers.

The police on Wednesday afternoon captured several of a party of revolutionists who had planned an attack on the cashier of the Customs House. Many shots were fired and one man is said to have been killed.

CAPT DZIANHOWSKY KILLED.

A despatch from Moscow says. Capt. Dzhianhowsky, who was shot and killed in a street here on Wednesday, was assassinated in pursuance of a sentence of the revolutionists. He was the com-

mander of a company of the 1st Cavalry Regiment, which on Aug. 16 killed two political prisoners during an outbreak among the political offenders confined in the Central Prison of Moscow. Several members of drum-head court-martials have also been sentenced to death by the revolutionists.

WITTE IS HOPEFUL.

A despatch from Paris says: Count and Countess Witte arrived here on Wednesday from Germany. The Count, who has considerably improved in health, attended the theatre at night, his presence attracting much attention. He says he has absolutely no connection with the direction of affairs in Russia, but is following the developments with the keenest interest. Continuing, the former Premier said:

"The Empire is passing through a great crisis, but although I am a pessimist at present I have not abandoned hope of seeing eventually evolved a Parliamentary and monarchical regime suited to the needs of the country."

THREW BOMB AT GOVERNOR.

A despatch from Simbirsk, Province of Simbirsk, Russia, says: Gen. Starynkewitch, Governor of Simbirsk, had a narrow escape from assassination on Thursday. A bomb was thrown at him, wounding him in the hand and leg. His injuries are not fatal.

DEADLY POISON IN BOMBS.

The London Telegraph's correspondent at St. Petersburg says that bombs seized by the police in their recent raid on the Engineers' Institute contained a bar barous device for destroying life by prussic acid. When such a bomb burst even the smallest fragment that was in contact with the acid would cause speedy death if it scratched the flesh. Many injured by bombs in the past have been cured, but nobody hurt by these bombs could be cured.

FINANCIAL OUTLOOK BETTER.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says: The official telegraph agency has circulated a calming explanation of Minister Kokovtzeff's report, winding up with the declaration that the financial outlook in Russia is decidedly favorable. Forty Terrorists stopped a railroad train near Ufa on Friday and seized \$1,300.

CONDENSED NEWS ITEMS

HAPPENINGS FROM ALL OVER THE GLOBE.

Telegraphic Briefs From Our Own and Other Countries of Recent Occurrence.

CANADA.

Nearly one thousand students are registered at the University of Toronto.

According to the assessor Peterboro' has 14,962 population.

Building permits issued in Toronto to the end of September totalled \$9,566,328.

A Chinaman at London, Ont., was fined \$20 and costs for kissing a little white girl.

Woonsocket, R. I., died on Wednesday of hydrophobia. Two other persons who were bitten by the same animal twenty-one days ago, had taken no precaution up to the time of young Trudeau's death.

Mrs. Mary Guthrie, a dressmaker, of Norfolk, Neb., sold nearly everything she owned to search for her little girl and has found the child at Erie, Pa. Mrs. Guthrie procured a divorce, she was given custody of the child, but during an interview the father seized it.

Literally cooked alive in a boiler into which steam was turned on by mistake a boiler-maker, Gustave F. Friend, 3 years old, of Vinconnes, Ind., lived four hours. He remained conscious and arranged all his worldly affairs, bade his people good-bye and then prayed with his pastor till death came.

GENERAL.

roasting meat downward. Support it with skewers if necessary, and baste at least every ten minutes after it starts to roast. To make the skin an especially dainty lid-lift, rub it well all over with soft butter, sprinkle with salt and white pepper, and dust lightly with flour. The oven for roasting should be very hot at first to sear the juices, then gradually moderated. Melt half a cupful of butter in the same quantity of hot water and baste the turkey with this. An even more delectable flavor may be imparted by basting with oyster liquor and butter. The stuffings used for roast turkey are many and varied, the plain old-fashioned bread dressing still being a prime favorite, and deservedly so, as if properly made and delicately seasoned it is a most savory and delightful addition to any roast.

Rice stuffing is not so well known but is worth trying if something a little newer is desired. To make it boil two cupfuls of rice in three quarts of boiling water until the grains are tender, but not broken. Drain, pour cold water over, drain again, and toss it before the fire on a napkin until dry. This treatment will make the grains remain separate. Mix with it one cupful of chopped oysters or sausage, and season with salt and white pepper to taste. Stir in half a cupful of melted butter, and bind the mixture together with two beaten eggs. Stuff it lightly into the turkey. If any is left, form it into little cakes, spread with soft butter, dust with fine crumbs, and brown delicately in the oven. Use as a garnish around the turkey.

Chestnut forcemeat makes another very delicious stuffing. The large Spanish chestnuts are usually used for this, but the small native variety may be used if more convenient. Cook one tablespoonful of minced onion in two tablespoonfuls of butter for five minutes, watching that it does not brown. Add six ounces of sausage meat, twelve finely chopped mushrooms and one pint of boiled, mashed chestnuts. Stir all well together and let cook a few minutes longer; remove the pan from the fire, season the mixture with one teaspoonful of salt, half a teaspoon of white pepper, one cup of whole, peeled, boiled chestnuts, and three tablespoonfuls of dry breadcrumbs. Mix all well together, and stuff lightly into the turkey. Any left over will make dainty little cakes prepared as directed for the rice stuffing.

Fried hominy cakes make another pleasing addition. Hollow the cakes in the centre, before frying, to form little nests, place them as a garnish around the turkey and put a spoonful of cranberry jelly in each. Another garnish even more dainty is made with little cups of transparent cranberry jelly with finely chopped celery.

Brown gravy is usually served with the Thanksgiving turkey, but the spiced gravy is not so well known; it is very pleasing and no more trouble to prepare than the ordinary variety. Boil the giblets in three pints of water for an hour with a few cloves and allspice, one tablespoon of grated lemon peel, and onion chopped small, two red peppers, three blades of mace and one-half teaspoon of salt. When the giblets are perfectly tender take them out, mince, and season with a saltspoon of salt and six dashes of pepper. Put in the gravy boats, keeping them hot over hot water. Add one tablespoon of butter and two of hot browned flour to the gravy, stir and cook until smooth and thickened, then strain. Let simmer a few minutes; if too thick add a little hot water. Pour into the gravy boats over the giblets.

2,000 BABIES SUFFOCATED.

Yearly Fatalities in England Through Sleeping With Parents.

A despatch from London says: At an inquest in the case of an infant who had been suffocated in its parents' bed the coroner said that 2,000 infants were so suffocated annually in England. There were 600 cases in London alone. He pointed out that in Germany the law made it illegal to have a baby under a year old in the same bed with its parents.

The object of meeting so early in the month is to get in five weeks' useful work and to dispose of the tariff if possible before the Christmas holidays. Sir Wilfrid Laurier and some of his colleagues are of necessity to be in England by the 26th of April to attend the Imperial Conference, and, therefore, it will be necessary to put forth every effort to conclude the business of Parliament before they leave. Under the circumstances, the Christmas recess will be short, certainly not exceeding two weeks.

ROBT. SIMPSON DROWNED.

Stepped Backwards Off a Yacht at Owen Sound.

A despatch from Owen Sound says: Mr. Robert Simpson, assistant foreman in the Canadian Pacific through freight sheds, was drowned here at an early hour on Thursday morning. He was one of a party composed largely of members of the C.P.R. office staff which left by the cruiser yacht Venetia for a run to White Cloud Island and Wiar-ton. On the return trip Mr. Simpson, who was sleeping on the deck, was aroused, and on getting to his feet stepped backward and fell into the water, which at the point is over twenty feet deep. The body was found the same afternoon. His wife left three weeks ago on a visit to her sister in Vancouver. His mother and three sisters reside in Toronto. He was thirty-five years of age, and a member of the Order of Independent Foresters.

JAPAN WARNS RUSSIA.

Action of the Government in the Manchurian Expulsion Case.

A despatch from Tokio says: With regard to the expulsion of a party of Japanese from North Manchuria on Sunday by the Russian authorities, which was in violation of the convention signed Sept. 28, abrogating the Szing-chieh treaty, which excluded Japanese and Russians from North and South Manchuria respectively, the Government announces that it is willing to regard the incident as due to the carelessness of the Russian officials. Nevertheless the Government has instructed Dr. Montono, the Japanese Minister at St. Petersburg, to warn the Russian Government and to demand that immediate telegraphic instructions be sent to the authorities at Harbin and Vladivostok.

DREADNOUGHT TRIAL TRIPS.

Admiralty Reports the Results Satisfactory in Every Respect.

A despatch from London says: The Admiralty has issued a report on the preliminary trials of the Dreadnought, the largest warship in the world, which commenced Monday and were finished the next day. The results were most satisfactory. Her manoeuvring power proved to be exceptionally good. The ease with which she steered and handled, even at low speed, was very noticeable. She proved herself a good sea boat, although the water was not sufficiently severe to make a thorough test of her qualities in this direction. There was a complete absence of vibration of the structure at all speeds. After the preliminary trials, the Dreadnought proceeded Wednesday on her first official 30-hour trial, at one-sixth her full power, in the English Channel. This was finished successfully. The next series of trials at various powers with her cruising turbines were then completed satisfactorily.

Stratford's population, according to the assessment returns, is 13,209. The assessment is \$6,023.700.

John Macdonald, mate on the schooner Pilot, was run over by a railway train at Kingston and killed on Saturday.

According to the assessor Peterson has 14,962 population.

Building permits issued in Toronto to the end of September totalled \$9,566,328.

A Chinaman at London, Ont., was fined \$20 and costs for kissing a little white girl.

Kent county fruit-growers asked the Government's assistance in fighting the San Jose Scale.

Mr. James S. Beek, Auditor-General of New Brunswick, has resigned after 39 years' service.

The financial statement of the Dominion for the last three months shows a surplus of over \$8,000,000.

Fire almost wiped out Heap's sawmill at Cedar Cove, B.C., on Saturday, causing a loss of \$200,000.

Lieut.-Col. White is authority for the statement that the Mounted Police force in the Yukon will be reduced from 300 to 150.

The trustees of the Durham Natural Gas & Oil Co. have disposed of the assets of the company, and will pay three cents on the dollar.

A log famine is reported by British Columbia saw mills. The price is now \$8 to \$10 per thousand feet, and a sharp advance is looked for.

Barrie Council has passed the bylaw to abolish the Public and Collegiate Institute Boards, and for the formation of a Board of Education.

Mr. Cecil B. Smith has resigned the Chairmanship of the Temiskaming Railway Commission, but will be retained in an advisory capacity.

Edmonton's September building operations aggregated \$143,515, making the total for the year to date \$1,369,105, which is \$666,381 better than the whole of 1905.

Peter Wilson was ordered detained for three years with the Children's Aid Society at Guelph by Justice Magee for the manslaughter of the little Swackhammer girl.

The new G. T. R. freight sheds at Wingham are not large enough to meet the demand for storing freight and an addition of 60 feet to the present shed is in the course of erection.

Kingston's population has remained stationary during the past year, one reason being that the railways check trade and enable country storekeepers to compete successfully with the city store.

As a result of the brisk demand for lumber on the upper British Columbia coast dismantled mills are being re-equipped and sites for new ones are being sought after by both local and foreign companies.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Clyde shipyard strikers have received offers of help from Canada, Germany and United States.

Dr. Forbes Winslow predicts that before long there will be more insane than sane people in the world.

The extraordinary story that Mr. Carnegie would give \$25,000,000 to humanity is denied from Skibo Castle.

This year 955 Barnardo children have been sent to Canada, and since the work began, 18,429. Ninety-eight per cent. are doing well.

UNITED STATES.

President Roosevelt dedicated the new State Capitol at Harrisburg, Pa., on Thursday.

The number of dead in the Virginia mine disaster is estimated at sixty.

President Roosevelt will withdraw all coal lands in the United States not already taken up for entry.

T. P. O'Connor predicted self-government for Ireland at an early date in his speech at Philadelphia.

Two negroes were lynched at Mobile Ala., one in Argenta, Ark., and one in the State of Michigan, on Saturday.

The trouble in Cuba may cause the postponement of President Roosevelt's trip to Panama until March, after the adjournment of Congress.

The United States Steel Corporation has leased in perpetuity the Hill iron ore properties at \$1.65 per ton delivered at the northern lake docks.

William Trudeau, aged nine years of

hours. He remained conscious and arranged all his worldly affairs, bade his people good-bye and then prayed with his pastor till death came.

GENERAL.

United States forces are being distributed in Cuba as a precautionary measure.

The South Manchurian Railway will be as thoroughly Japanese as it was formerly Russian.

NO WIRELESS TO THE YUKON.

Government Not Likely to Adopt System—First Offer Modified.

A despatch from Ottawa says: There does not seem to be any great likelihood of the Government adopting wireless telegraphy to Dawson. The Marconi people have modified their original offer to the Public Works Department to put in their system, and will only do so now under a Government guarantee. It is hardly likely, therefore, that the Government will make any change in existing conditions except to improve the telegraph line where it is needed.

URGE RECRUITS TO DESERT.

Inflammatory Posters Appear on Rouen Walls.

A despatch from Rouen, France, says: A large number of posters were placarded on the walls here during Wednesday night, signed by the anti-military association, summoning the new recruits to desert from the army if they believed they were "unable to endure the insults, punishments and vexations of barrack life," and concluding with an invitation to the women of Rouen to form an "international society of mothers to resist the despots of the Government, which is still thirsting for human blood." The police tore down the proclamations.

CHARGED WITH ARSON.

Arrest of Lieut. Durand, an Emerson, Man., Hotelkeeper.

A despatch from Emerson, Man., says: Lieut. George Durand, lessee of the Stratheona Hotel here, which was burned recently, has been arrested charged with arson. He appeared on Thursday morning for preliminary hearing, and the case was adjourned until tomorrow. Durand is an officer in the 90th Regiment, Winnipeg, and has always been very highly thought of.

CAVALRY IN BAD WRECK.

Five Killed in a Rear-End Collision Near Troy.

A despatch from Troy, N.Y., says: in a rear-end collision between a regular passenger train and a heavy train of Pullman cars containing the fifteenth United States Cavalry from Fort Ethan Allen, five passengers were killed and a score or more injured on the Boston & Maine Railroad, just outside Troy late on Thursday. The cavalry were on the way to Cuba.

PERFORMANCE BEFORE KING.

Dutto, Anarchist, Posed as Entertainer—Was Generously Rewarded.

A despatch from Milan, Italy, says: Posing as a professional entertainer, Dutto, a notorious anarchist, was given permission to give a biograph show in the palace. After the performance King Victor Emanuel shook hands with Dutto, who was generously rewarded. It was not till some time afterwards that the police found out that the entertainer was Dutto, the anarchist. Great excitement prevailed when it was known that the King was placed at the mercy of this man. The police are su-

BANKRUPT STOCK Still Continues.

**Ladies' Fur Lined and Fur
Capes at one third the
regular price.**

All remaining Stoles, Fur Collars, Fur Caps, Gauntlets, Etc, have been further reduced, as they must all be sold at once.

Lots of Men's Suits and Winter Overcoats to select from. These Coats are being sold at less than wholesale prices.

4 or 5 CUTTER ROBES LEFT

Regular prices \$9 and \$10.

Sale prices \$6 and \$7.

Rubber Collars 15c
Linen Collars, 3 for 25c
25c String Ties, 2 for 25c
75c Winter Caps 50c
50c Caps 35c

J. L. BOYES.

at Graham's Old Stand.

THE BEST FLOUR. DAFOE'S NONESUCH DAFOE'S MANITOBA PATENT

By numerous tests by the best Bakers the above mentioned grades have been proven to be the best Flours in the market.

When buying Flour ask for Dafeo's, and patronize your home mill, thereby producing Bran and Shorts that you can purchase cheaper than the product of the Western mills, which has to be transported thousands of miles at great expense, and usually, when it reaches you, of inferior quality.

The grocer complains if the farmer or the mechanic sends to Toronto or to outside points for an article he can get at the home store just as good, but he does not hesitate to buy Flour from mills hundreds of miles away, and sell you an inferior Flour for more money than you can purchase the home product for, every bag of which is guaranteed.

CHOICE CORN MEAL and BUCK-WHEAT FLOUR always on hand.

FEED GRINDING a specialty, with the best feed mills known to the trade.

A full stock of the best ANTHRACITE COAL. Also in the market for the purchase of all kinds of Grain.

Ask for prices at the big Mill before purchasing your Flour, Feed or Coal.

NAPANEE,
16th January, 1906.

PAUL

has made preparation for the long autumn evenings by putting in a supply of

LAMPS

which will be sold reason-

RUBBER. TIME.

Can't very well do without them now. We've all kinds, Men's, Women's and Children's.

Something special in Children's School Rubbers, with heavy rolled soles. Cost a little more than the cheap kinds. But you save in the long run.

LONG BOOTS.

Men we want you to see our big showing of Long Boots, the best values yet notwithstanding the recent high price of leather.

PRICES—\$2.00, 2.50, 2.75, 3.00 and 3.50.

THE J. J. HAINES SHOE HOUSES, Napanee, Belleville, and Trenton.

Largest Dealers in this Section of Ontario.

Trunks and Travelling Goods on 2nd Floor.

Just arrived
Another car of
LIVERPOOL SALT
Large Sacks of Coarse Salt.
Sacks of Fine Salt, and
Lumps of Rock Salt.
FRANK H. PERRY.

Wallpaper

Do not wait for the spring rush. Buy your Wallpaper now. Save time and money.

We are Giving 10% Off all Wallpapers.

All kinds of Seasonable Fruits.
PRICES RIGHT.

F. C. LLOYD'S
East Side Market.

Royal Hotel Block.

F. S. Scott's shop strictly up-to-date in every respect. A call solicited.

Gerald White Conservative, was elected to the Commons in North Renfrew by over 800 majority.

All kinds of heating apparatus, properly installed, and satisfaction guaranteed.

MADOLE & WILSON.

Nationals defeated Americans in the second baseball game at Chicago in the world's championship series by 7 to 1.

The inquest inquiring into the cause

Johnny Get Your Hair Cut.

J. N. OSBORNE will cut it right, or give you a nice shave.

Grand Concert.

In the Opera House on the evening of Oct. 16th. The Parlovitz-Bateman Co. Hear them, you will enjoy it. Popular Prices.

Found.

At the Fair Ground, on Wednesday last, a wool laprug. Owner may have same by calling at this Office and paying charges.

Lamps Lamps

Our lamps are arriving. Full car load of Lamp Goods direct from factory. The finest lamps yet imported, from 25c to \$30.00.

BOYLE & SON

HORSE INSPECTION.

Everybody was surprised at the number of horses rejected at the recent inspection—it could have been avoided by feeding "Hugh Milling's Compound Iron Powders," the best powders made for putting horses in condition—Sold in 2 lb. packages for 25 cents at Wallace's Red Cross Drug Store.

Parish of Ernesttown.

Services for Sunday, Oct. 14th, Harvest Eucharist at Hawley, at 11 a. m., Evensong at Odessa at 7 p. m. Offertory at Hawley for Northwest Missions. Rev. F. E. Roy will preach at both services.

Old Stove Pipes made new

Sherwin-Williams new stove pipe enamel—both black and aluminum will make your old pipes look new. No smoke—no smell—no burning off—It simply shines. The Medical Hall—FRED L. HOOPER, Sole Agent for Napanee.

Coal Facts.

Now is the time to get in your stock of Coal for the winter before your lawn gets soft. If you want the best grade of Anthracite, Steam or Cannel Coal you can get it by calling up VanLoven's Office, Phone 92. All coal kept under cover and well screened before delivering.

Notice.

The Executors of the Estate of the late Robert Denison are desirous of closing up the affairs of the said estate as soon as possible and request all persons indebted to said estate to pay the

TOWN COUNCIL.

Council Chamber

Oct. 5th, 1906.

Council met in adjourned session on Thursday evening.

The reading of the report of the Provincial Auditor on the finances of the town was continued.

On motion the matter of the approach to the swing bridge was left in the hands of the Street committee with power to act.

On motion the council agreed to go down to the covered bridge and see what repairs are necessary and that the street committee be authorized to complete repairs decided on.

Mr. A. P. Bell, of Salem, applied to the Street committee for material to build a walk four feet wide and fifty feet long. Request granted.

On motion the clerk was instructed to notify Mr. Bell that his rent \$5.00 was due.

On motion the Street committee were instructed to obtain the advice of the town solicitor re the continuance of the Canningfactory sewer and act on his advice.

A by-law to amend the by-law appointing a collector of taxes was read a first time, appointing Wm. Rankin, collector of taxes, at a salary of \$200 and postage, and stipulating that the collector pay all moneys collected by him into the Merchants' Bank to the credit of the corporation. The by-law was put through its various stages and finally passed.

On motion the clerk was instructed to prepare a by-law for the appointing of a treasurer of the Town of Napanee.

Petition of J. T. Grange and others for a light was referred to the Fire, Water and Light committee to report.

On motion no action was taken on the petition of C. W. Guess and others for a cement walk on Bridge street.

On motion the clerk was instructed to forward all accounts to the chairmen of the various committees as soon as they are presented to him.

On motion the matter of registering the Electric Light Plant was left in the hands of the Fire, Water and Light committee.

King Sol's Departure.

For the winter means a greater amount of indoor life, and naturally an increased amount of reading, sewing &c. by artificial light. Under such circumstances there is a tremendous strain on the eyes. We want to preserve your eyesight. Impaired vision scientifically corrected at The Medical Hall—FRED L. HOOPER.

A TUG OF WAR

One of those delightful and interesting pictures that brings sunshine to one's home is entitled "A Tug of War," and has been selected by the Family Herald and Weekly Star of Montreal as their annual gift to subscribers this season. It is a beautiful gravure, 22 x 29 inches, on the best plate paper. It certainly is a gem "worthy of the best place on the walls of any home. When one sees the picture and learns that it is given absolutely free to all who subscribe to that great family weekly there is no longer cause to wonder why the Family Herald and Weekly Star has five times the number of readers of any other weekly in the country. Any person remitting one dollar for a year's subscription to the Family Herald and Weekly Star of Montreal will get the picture free, and from the demand we learn you cannot get your dollar in too quickly. "The Tug of War" is a high class production and would command a high price if sold in the stores, but it is reserved for Family Herald subscribers.

E. J. POLLARD, Agent.

The hilarious musical farce comedy, "A Bell Boy," was presented at the opera house Wednesday evening. The show is all that is claimed for it, and is full of funny situations from beginning to end. Johnny Galvin, as Patey, and Ella Galvin, as Kitty, took their parts to perfection, while Ned Nelson, as Denis Dugan, and Jas Grady, as MacCowan, kept the audience in roars of laughter. The songs were all good and the scenery, with electrical

LAMPS

which will be sold reasonably.

Step in and inspect our fine line of China and Glassware before calling elsewhere.

A. E. PAUL'S,
The Japanese Store.

COAL!

OUR CELEBRATED

PLYMOUTH COAL!

All sizes for prompt delivery.

We also carry in stock
Steam Coal,
Blacksmithing Coal
—and—
Blue Grass Cannel Coal
for a bright grate fire.

All at close prices FOR CASH.

Office, West Side Market Square, Phone 104
Yard: Foot of West Street. 1-t

CHAS. STEVENS,

The Wedding Ring

Gift for Bride and Bridesmaid.

All the other little necessary articles of Jewellery suitable for the occasion, and last but not least this

Marriage License

—at—

Smith's Jewellery Store

The secret system we have of supplying your wants in matrimonial lines will satisfy you.

Remember, mum's the word, at

SMITH'S.

Frontenac is rejoicing over free roads, as inaugurated on the Kingston and Napanee road but if the end be like that of the Lennox on this thoroughfare, it will be an evil change for the traveller. The Kingstonians who drove to Odessa fair had an object lesson. The same profuse rain had fallen on the Frontenac end, to Westbrooke, as on the Lennox end westward. To Westbrooke, they drove along an almost dry roadbed, smooth and well-dressed. Beyond that was a continuation of mud, ruts, and attempts at that. This was the climax of thirty years of free roads in Lennox. And it is not a poor county in any way.—Whig.

teed.

MADOLE & WILSON.

Nationals defeated Americans in the second baseball game at Chicago in the world's championship series by 7 to 1.

The inquest inquiring into the cause of the death of Engineer Blain of the G. T. R., met on Wednesday evening and again adjourned until this evening.

Jas. Wilson, the remanded pick-pocket, appeared before Judge Price at the Court House, on Tuesday, and was remanded to come up for sentence on Oct. 30th.

Miss Laura Mitchell, lately of the Bell Telephone company, Napanee, was married on September 21st, at Hillyard, Wash., to R. E. Thompson, a former resident of Camden East.

At Picton Fair, Mr. Wesley Dawson secured 35 prizes in sheep and poultry, \$51.00; Mr. J. F. Dawson, 12 prizes on sheep \$23.00 and Mr. C. W. Neville, 23 prizes on sheep, fruit and vegetables \$30.05.

Pocket Knives, Scissors, over one hundred patterns to choose from and guaranteed to cut wire nails.

BOYLE & SON

Goderich was visited by a blizzard Wednesday. Eight inches of snow fell and the undermined trestlework of the Guelph & Goderich Railway was badly damaged. Part of it overhangs the Grand Trunk track and threatens to fall.

W. M. Cotter, late of London, has been promoted to the office of accountant at the Merchants bank, and Mr. MacLeod has been transferred to Kingston. W. H. Barker has been appointed teller at Napanee, Mr. Dunlevie, the late teller, retiring.

The conference of Provincial Premiers adopted two resolutions, the effect of which is to revive the resolutions of the former conference in favor of increased subsidy and to make an allowance for special cases presented by any of the Provinces.

ENGLISH SPAVIN LINIMENT removes all hard, soft or calloused lumps and blemishes from horses, blood spavin, curbs, splints, ringbone, sweeteney, stifles, sprains, sore and swollen throat, coughs, etc. Save \$50 by use of one bottle. Warranted the most wonderful Blemish Cure ever known. Sold by F. L. HOOPER.

A. S. KIMMERLY pays highest price for choice Timothy Seed. Plenty of Bran and Shorts in stock, Liverpool Sax Salt, and fine barrel salt on hand. Cheap Sugars bought before advance. Five Roses Flour has no equal. Try our celebrated 25c Tea.

Mr. Dennis Lake had a slight stroke of paralysis on Monday. He had procured some Prussic acid in order to poison a dog and while trying to pour the acid down the animal's throat, he became dizzy and on walking a few steps he fell. He is progressing very favorably.

The teachers of the Picton public school visited our public and high schools here on Thursday. The school board entertained them to lunch at the Campbell house. They were highly delighted with the schools visited and the equipment in the various departments.

CRESOLENE ANTISEPTIC TABLETS

A simple and effective remedy for

SORE THROATS AND COUGHS

They combine the germicidal value of Cresolene with the soothing properties of slippery elm and licorice. Your druggist or from us, 10c in stamps. LEZIMO, MISS CO., Limited, Agents, Montreal, 401

Kingston, Oct. 7.—John MacDonald, first mate on the schooner Pilot, was instantly killed yesterday by being crushed under the wheels of a freight train on the suburban line of the Grand Trunk. Coronor Ross was summoned and thinks an inquest will be unnecessary. The deceased, who was aged about 30 years, was unmarried, and comes from Gananoque.

E. LOYST has large stock of flour, Royal Household and all other grades, all kinds of feed, large quantities at the lowest prices. He wishes to sell out in the next month. Salt, Coal Oil Groceries. Highest price for eggs cash or trade. A call solicited,

cover and well screened before delivering.

Notice.

The Executors of the Estate of the late Robert Denison are desirous of closing up the affairs of the said estate as soon as possible and request all persons indebted to said estate to pay the amount of their indebtedness to said estate to M. S. Madole, Esq., one of the Executors, at once. 15 d

Concert and Social.

Thanksgiving Day in the Town Hall Sunday, October 18th, 1903, under the auspices of St. John's church. A good programme consisting of dialogues, vocal and instrumental music and recitations, will be furnished. Refreshments will be served after concert. Tickets, adults, 25c, children, 15c.

CHANGE OF TIME.

St. C. Reindeer will leave Napanee after October 1st at 1 o'clock for Picton and Bay Ports.

CAPT. COLLIER.

Rummage Sale.

The W. C. T. U. purpose holding their Annual Rummage Sale, the second week in November. This early notice is given with the hope that housekeepers will hold in reserve any second hand clothing or furniture that they may be disposed to donate. A committee of ladies will shortly canvas the town for such contributions. Proceeds of sale in aid of Deaconess work.

Paints Oil and Glass.

Our import order of glass is now here and we are ready for the fall trade. Do not overlook the fact that we are the largest dealers in these lines and are gratified to know that the quality of the goods we have been enabled to furnish the public within the past has brought us this large and growing trade. Elephant Brand of white Lead and ready mixed paints are guaranteed for quality.

MA DOLE & WILSON

Parish of Camden

Services (D. V.) thanksgiving Day, Thursday October 18th, at St. Luke's church, Camden East, at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. The Venerable Archdeacon Macmorine, (D. D.) Rector of St. James' church, Kingston, beloved throughout the Diocese for his ability and piety will be the special preacher. The congregation intend to make a supreme effort to pay off the debt on their handsome Parish church, so that free from debt it may early in the spring be consecrated and set apart for the worship of God Almighty, by the Bishop of Ontario. All are welcome.

Poultry Show.

The Napanee Poultry Association will hold their second annual Poultry Show, January 9, 10, 11, 12, 1907. Every effort is being put forth, by the members of the association, to have a much larger show than the last. Mr. L. G. Jarvis, the competent poultry judge of Montreal, whose judging, at our first annual show was most satisfactory to all, has been re-engaged as Judge. The officers for the coming year will be elected at the next meeting of the Association to be held in their rooms, Cartwright Block, Wednesday, Oct. 17th, at 7.30 p. m. Everyone interested is requested to attend.

From Norway to Napanee.

It is not generally known that the highest grade of Cod Liver Oil is extracted from the fresh and healthy livers of the cod-fish native to the waters of the Lofoten Islands, off the coast of Norway. Having received this week a consignment of this superior oil, we are pleased to be in a position to supply our customers with any quantity they may desire at the right price. The Medical Hall—FRED L. HOOPER.

Cord wood and Block wood for sale. Robt. Light

21-t-f

all that is claimed for it, and is full of funny situations from beginning to end. Johnny Galvin, as Patey, and Ella Galvin, as Kitty, took their parts to perfection, while Ned Nelson, as Denis Dugan, and Jas Grady, as MacCowan, kept the audience in roars of laughter. The songs were all good and the scenes, with electrical effects, were very pretty indeed.

The Executive of Lennox and Addington S. S. Association will meet in the Western Methodist church, Napanee, on Saturday, Oct. 13th, at 2.00 p. m. sharp. Object of meeting to arrange for County and Township Conventions, elect delegates to Provincial Convention to be held in Kingston on Oct. 23, 24, 25, 1903, also to transact general business. All S. S. Superintendents and Pastors in the county, with the following officers of the county association compose the executive. President, Mr. M. S. Madole; Vice-pres. Mrs. T. Symington; Mrs. D. E. Rose, Mr. G. A. Dunwoody and S. Gilmore; Treasurer, Mr. C. H. Neville, Newburgh; Sec. Rev. W. Down, Napanee. All of the above are most urgently requested to attend this very important meeting. All S. Schools in the united counties are requested to send collections to Provincial Fund at once.

M. S. MADOLE, Pres.

W. DOWN, Sec.

NO FLICKERING LIGHT.

Or smoky lamp chimneys if you buy the highest grade of American Coal Oil. Sold at Wallace's Red Cross Drug Store. This oil is as clear as crystal—Get your demijohn filled at Wallace's.

The Twelfth Annual Convention of the Woman's Missionary Society for the Napanee District was held at Napanee Oct. 4th. Mrs. Rose, organizer for the Tamworth District presided, in the absence of Mrs. Gibson, who was detained at home because of illness in her family. A large number of visitors and delegates were present, nearly every auxiliary in the District was represented. Morning session was opened by Mrs. Downs, of Hay Bay auxiliary. Reports were most encouraging, showing a large membership both Annual and Life, as well as finances. A paper on "Best Methods of promoting systematic and proportionate giving" brought out many points worthy of notice. An impressive memorial service was conducted by Mrs. Grange and loving tributes were paid to departed members. A study of W. M. S. Constitution and By-laws was both stimulating and instructive. Another paper "The relation of Auxiliaries to Mission Bands" was much appreciated for its practical worth and a talk on the study of the Christus Books was also very helpful. The spirit of the Convention was Missionary throughout, and the outlook for the future bright and prosperous.

Studio Manners Bad.

"Why do you dip your own spoon into the general sugar bowl?" asked the particular woman of the bachelor girl.

"I don't know," replied the bachelor girl plaintively, "unless it is because my studio life is corrupting my good manners. When you eat your breakfast all by yourself and there's nobody else to dip a spoon into the sugar bowl and it's all your own spoon and all your own sugar bowl and there's nobody to see or to care, why, you are almost bound to get careless and forget and dip it into other sugar bowls, aren't you?"

Sculptors' Potboilers.

They were walking past a beautiful pink and white house in New York whose door cap was most exquisitely carved. The sculptor pointed to it. "My work," he said. "That's the pot-bolling I do while I work on my masterpiece. It is nothing unusual with sculptors to do such work. Two of the finest pieces that were sold to the Metropolitan museum last winter were done by a man whose regular business it is to make door caps."

**Good
Pant Maker
Wanted
at Once.**

JAMES WALTERS,

Merchant Tailor, Napanee.

The Great Pandora Range, is meeting with bounding success. It is the range for Wear and Economy, nothing equal at

BOYLE & SON

A meeting of the Napanee Yacht Club is called for Monday evening, October 15th, at 8 o'clock, at J. N. Osborne's barber shop for the purpose of presenting the prizes to the winners, and other general business.

By Order of Commodore.

On Saturday morning while Messrs. Will Hicks, Johnston Wagar and some others were crossing the canal on their way to town the bridge gave way precipitating Messrs. Hicks and Wagar into the water and mud in the canal. They got very wet and the cold water and thick mud did not add any to the pleasantness of the experience.

Chief of Police Gonyou, of Deseronto after a lengthy residence in that town left last Thursday to take the position of Chief of Police at Sudbury. On Tuesday 2nd inst. a large number of his friends in Deseronto assembled in the town hall to bid him farewell and incidentally to present him with a weighty purse of gold. There is much regret at his departure.

Watertown, N. Y., Oct. 11—About three years ago a gold watch was lost on the streets in Napanee, Ont., by Miss Richardson. It was found by a young girl who turned it over to her mother. Efforts to restore it to the owner were unavailing. While Mrs. Eggleston, of Watertown, N. Y., was visiting last summer at Napanee, the watch found came into her possession through an exchange. In some manner the Napanee police learned of the trade, Chief of Police Gaylord L. Baxter recently received a letter from the chief of police at Napanee. Mrs. Eggleston turned the watch over and it was sent back. Yesterday a letter came saying that it would be restored to the owner and that Mrs. Eggleston's watch would be forwarded to her.

Hammocks a fine assortment.
MADOLE & WILSON.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Kind You Have Always Bought
Signature of *Charles H. Pritchard*

CHOO.

STREET, NAPANEE.

or Brass a special
ater Coats, French
ink, Crayons, and

Indian Framing of
Remodelling High

The Fall Suit and Overcoat Question.



**PROGRESS BRAND
CLOTHING**

Poor judgment in the selection of a suit of Clothes usually accompanies poor judgment in other things. It is as bad to be underdressed as to be overdressed.

The **PROGRESS BRAND** Sack Coat Suit we illustrate here is appropriate for solid substantial men in

Any Walk of Life.

Every detail has been studied and planned to be in keeping with the character of the man who wears it.

The style is conservative, and yet keeps pace with the trend of fashion. The length has been increased, the back made form fitting, the lapels broadened, shoulders widened and the front shaped to accord with prevailing fashion, without being extreme.

The excellent suits start in at \$7.50 and run up by easy steps to \$10, \$12 and \$14. Our \$10 and \$12 suits appear to

HAVE THE MOST FRIENDS.

See Window Display this week
of Fall Suits and Overcoats.

UP-TO-DATE COLLARS AND SHIRTS.



stamped in a Shirt or Collar is a sure guarantee of quality and style. You are always sure of getting the right size and prices are the same as inferior made goods.

WE HAVE THE EXCLUSIVE AGENCY FOR NAPANEE.

J. L. BOYES.

PERSONALS

Mrs. Jane Birdsall, of Chicago, visiting friends at Wilton, left for home Wednesday.

Mrs. I. E. Eakins and H. Warner, returned from Toronto last Saturday evening.

Mr. W. A. Rockwell, Wellington, spent a few days last week in town.

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Bruton, Toronto, have returned to Napanee and will open a fruit and confectionery store in the Wilson Block.

His Honor Judge Manden was in Kingston on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Marcus Husband and

The Surprise OF THE SEASON.

The prices at which we are selling some of our goods surprise ourselves, but we must reduce our stock.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY.

Solid Oak Bedroom Suite, British Bevelled Mirror, neatly carved and well finished.....\$ 20 00
Oak Dresser and stand.....15 00
Several Bedroom Suites, with good mirrors and trimmings.....11 00
Kippelled Oak Bedroom Suites, good value at \$18, selling at \$14 and...15 00
Beautiful line of Parlor Suites, reduced from \$38 to.....32 00
Many other bargains, including ten Parlor Chairs in the best covering, some leather, at greatly reduced prices.

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CAMPBELL'S ART SCHOOL.

41 MARKET STREET, N.A.P.

Minatures in China or Brass a special
Lessons in Oil, Water Colour, En-
Ink, Pastel, India Ink, Crayons, a
Barut Wood.

American and Canadian Framing of
all kinds; also Remodelling High
Grade Portraits.



HUGH CAMPBELL,
Artist.

Our New and Last Offer.

As we are leaving Napanee the first of
the month each subscriber of The Express
cutting this out and presenting it at
Campbell's Studio on or before Saturday,
20th October, will receive one of our \$7.00
Life Size Sepic or Pastel Portraits, size
16 x 20, for 95c, or one \$3.00 Crayon for
50c

LAZIER'S FINGERING

The Best Knitting Yarn
.....Made.....

A. E. LAZIER.

25 tf

Just Arrived!

Dolly Varden
Shoes for Women.

Foot-Rite
Shoes for Men.

The best values in Canada.
For sale only by

FRED CURRY,
Proprietor.
Opposite Royal Hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Bruton, Toronto,
have returned to Napanee and will
open a fruit and confectionery store in
the Wilson Block.

His Honor Judge Manden was in
Kingston on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Marcus Husband and
Mr. and Mrs. J. Gates, spent Sunday
with Mr. and Mrs. T. McQuinn, Greta.

Mrs. James Graham, Sydenham,
spent a few days this week the guest
of Mrs. James Graham, Dundas street.

Miss Harriet E. Clarke, of Kingston,
is spending this week with Mrs. War-
ner, John St.

Mrs. J. A. Shibley made a trip to
Kingston on Wednesday.

Mr. W. A. Grange attended Court
in Marlbank Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Wilson, of Nap-
anee, returned from New York trip
last Saturday.

Mrs. Martha Finkle, of Napanee left
Thursday for Providence to spend the
winter with son Harry Finkle.

Miss Whitfield and Miss Holmes, of
London, England, visiting Mrs. J. A.
Shibley and Mrs. Denning at the
Shibley home Napanee for the past 14
weeks, left Tuesday for Detroit via
Syracuse and Niagara Falls, and after
visiting friends in Michigan, will leave
for San Francisco and take steamer
from there to New Zealand.

Miss Beatrice Baughan is expected
home from New York this week after
spending a number of weeks with
friends in New York and New Jersey.

Mrs. W. T. Gibbard spent a few days
last week in Toronto.

Mr. David Benson leaves next week
to attend Veterinary College in Tor-
onto.

Mrs. Rev. Cairns and Miss Carrie
Cairns were in Ottawa last week at-
tending the W. M. S. Branch Meeting.

The Lennox and Addington public
school teachers ran an excursion to
Toronto on Thursday and to-day in
lieu of their annual convention. Quite
a number of teachers availed them-
selves of the opportunity of going to
Toronto.

Mr. John Wilson of Wilson Bros.
took in Teacher's excursion to Toronto
on Thursday.

Miss Gertrude Hardy is home from
her vacation at Gravenhurst.

Mr. A. R. Young spent last week at
his former home in Consecon, Prince
Edward.

Mrs. A. McDonald is the first Nap-
anee lady to take up motoring as a
pastime. Mrs. McDonald has been
learning to drive a machine under the
tuition of Mr. Mack Madden, and has
proved an apt pupil, and is now quite
proficient as a chauffeur.

Engagement Rings, Wedding Rings

QUALITY GUARANTEED

MARRIAGE LICENSES

STRICTLY PRIVATE.

F. CHINNECK'S
JEWELLRY STORE.
Near Royal Hotel.

well finished.....\$ 20 0
Oak Dresser and stand..... 15 0
Several Bedroom Suites, with good mirrors and trimmings..... 11 0
Kippelled Oak Bedroom Suites, good value at \$18, selling at \$14 and..... 15 0
Beautiful line of Parlor Suites, reduced from \$38 to..... 32 0
Many other bargains, including ten Parlor Chairs in the best covering
some leather, at greatly reduced prices.

The Gibbard Furniture Co., of Napanee, Limited.

Mr. Willis Clark, Enterprise, was a
caller at our office on Monday.

Miss Walker, the newly appointed
deaconess, assumed her duties on Mon-
day.

Mrs. E. McGurn entertained a num-
ber of her lady friends on Wednesday
eve. Cards.

Mr. W. G. Wilson spent a few days
last week at Grimsby.

Mrs. Walter Coxall is visiting her
daughter, Mrs. M. J. Getty, Toronto.

Mr. F. S. Richardson is holidaying
in New York.

Miss Maud Webster, Toronto, is
visiting her mother, Mrs. J. Webster.

Mrs. W. A. Carson spent a few days
last week with friends in Belleville.

Mr. W. B. Grieve returned home on
Tuesday evening well pleased with his
trip through the west.

Mrs. Richard Weeks and Mr. T. A.
Weeks, who have been guests of Mrs.
James, South Napanee, returned to
their home in Cour D'Alene, Idaho.

Capt. Pinkley, of Northport, spent a
few days last week calling on friends
in Napanee.

Miss Annie Bogart and Mrs. Nibloc,
of Denver, Colo., spent last week the
guests of Warden and Mrs. M. C.
Bogart.

Mr. Jack Herring, of Newark, is
visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs.
Capt. Holmes.

Mrs. King, who is the guest of Mrs.
Warner, John street, went to Toronto
with the School Teachers' Excursion.

Mrs. J. A. Fralick returned on Wed-
nesday, from a three months' visit
with friends at West Tisbury, Mass.

Miss Allie Meagher returned this
week from a visit with friends in
Lindsay.

Mrs. George Baughan was in King-
ston on Thursday.

Mrs. Robt. Webster returned on
Wednesday from Chicago, her sister,
Mrs. Walker, came with her.

Mrs. H. W. Bourne, of Toronto, is
the guest of her grandmother, Mrs.
Davy, Dundas st.

Mr. and Mrs. John Thompson are in
Toronto with the Teachers' Excursion.

DEATHS.

DENNISON—At North Fredericks-
burgh, on Friday, October 5th, 1906,
Datus Edwin Denison, aged 86 years,
4 months and 23 days.

Wait for It!
Parlovitz-Bateman Concert Co.,
Opera House, Oct. 16th.

A Long Night's Melody.

"The day is short, the night is long,
The oil in the lamps so soon is gone,
The chimneys are smoked, what
must be done,
Just bring to Hooper's your demijohn
Note—Try one gallon of our special
high grade American coal oil. The
Medical Hall—FRED L. HOOPER.

An Aged Resident Gone.

Datus Edwin Denison, an aged and
almost life-long resident of the Town-
ship of North Fredericksburgh, passed
away on Friday last, at the ripe age
of eighty-six years, four months and
twenty-six days. Deceased was well
known and much respected by a large
circle of friends and though he surviv-
ed the allotted span of life by a goodly
number of years, he will be much
missed. The funeral took place on
Sunday from his late residence.

Call at Cambridge's —FOR YOUR— Cakes, Confectionery and Ice Cream.

Try our
HOME-MADE BREAD
It leads all others.
W. M. CAMBRIDGE.

LAPUM;

A number from here attended the
world's fair at Odessa, on Friday
Allan Reid and Edward Joyner re-
mained for the dance in the evening.

The funeral occurred on Thursday o
last week of Miss Carrie Brown. The
sermon was preached by Rev. R. A.
Whittham in the Methodist church at
Wilton. The large turnout showed
the high esteem in which the deceased
was held.

Mrs. Wm. Gibens, Watertown, N. Y.
is spending a few weeks here with her
brother, Henry Bush.

Almond Brown and family were or
Sunday calling on friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. Horatio Bell, Desmont
attended the funeral of Miss Carrie
Brown.

Mrs. S. Vandewater has returned to
Parham after spending some time here
with her mother, Mrs. R. D. Brown.
Mrs. W. Gibens, Mrs. S. Bush, Mrs. C.
Joyner, and Miss Florence Joyner
were on Wednesday afternoon guests
of Mrs. F. E. Brown.

Walter Bush has returned from
Thompsonville.

Messrs. C. H. Corbett, G. E. and E.
Ashley, Kingston, recently passed
through here on a hunting expedition.

Mrs. David Sauls and Mrs. William
Lemon, Camden East, were on Thurs-
day guests of Mrs. James Huff.

Mr. and Mrs. Leri Snider, Maple
Avenue, with Mr. and Mrs. B. Rose on
Monday.

Mrs. F. E. Brown and Miss Florence
Joyner were recent callers on Mrs.
Cyrus Bush, Thompsonville.

Why He Came.

A man rushed into the barber shop
and jumped into the first waiting chair,
explaining, "Shave in a hurry." The
barber was about to apply the lather
when he noticed the customer's face.
It had been shaved in spots and looked
like a wornout hair rug. "I beg your
pardon," said the barber, "but who-
ever shaved you did not understand
his business or must have been near-
sighted." "That's all right," replied
the customer rather sharply. "Every-
man to his trade—you are a barber—
well, I am not—that's why I came
here."